

TRSOS Commands and Utilities

APPEND Adds one disk file onto the end of another.
APPEND FTH/TXT NORTX/TXT

ATTRIB Changes protection of specified file. (I or V, ACC, UPD, PROT)
ATTRIB OLD/DAT (I+ACC+JUL14,UPD+HOUSE+PROT=READ)

AUTO command Automatically executes the specified TRSDOS command each time TRSDOS starts up. (AUTO by itself erases the automatic command.)
AUTO CLOCK AUTO BASIC AUTO

BACKUP Duplicates a system or data diskette.
BACKUP BACKUP :# +1

BUILD Creates an automatic command input file.
BUILD JOBSFILE

BASIC Loads Disk BASIC interpreter. BASIC * allows recovery of the program that was in memory before the return to TRSDOS.
BASIC BASIC *

CLEAR Clears user memory and set top memory address.
CLEAR (START=9000,END=9A00,MEH=7000)
CLEAR

CLOCK Turns real-time clock display on/off.
CLOCK (ON) CLOCK CLOCK (OFF)

CLS Clears the screen.
CLS

CONVERT Model I to Model III program/data file conversion.
CONVERT

COPY oldfile newfile Copies a file.
COPY FILE 1/BAS UPDFL/BAS
COPY FILE/A FILE/A:# COPY FILEA/BAS:# +1

CREATE filename(LRL=a, REC=b) Creates a preallocated file.
CREATE JOBSFILE (LRL=256, REC=56)

DATE newdate Sets or displays the current date.
DATE #7/18/88 DATE

DEBUG Starts debug monitor.
DEBUG (turns monitor ON) @ (turns monitor OFF)

DIR :d(INV, SYS, PRT) Lists the diskette directory (INVisible or SYStem) on drive d on the Display or Printer (PRT).
DIR :# (INV) DIR :# (PRT)

DO command-line Begin auto command input from disk file.
DO BEGIN

DUAL (switch) Duplicates output to video and printer.
DUAL (ON) DUAL DUAL (OFF)

DUMP file Dumps content of RAM into a machine-language program disk file. (START=aaaa,END=bbbb,TRA =cccc,RELO =dddd)
DUMP DATA/CIR11 (START=9000,END=B050)

ERROR number Displays an error message.
ERROR 4?

FORMS (WIDTH=a, LINES=b) Set printer parameters.
FORMS (WIDTH=82, LENGTH=58)

FORMAT Initializes a diskette into tracks and sectors.
FORMAT :# FORMAT

FREE Lists a diskette's allocation map to the Display or Printer (PRT).
FREE :# FREE :# (PRT)

HELP command Explanation of TRSDOS command.
HELP BACKUP

KILL file:EXT:d Deletes a file from directory; frees space allocated to that file.
KILL FL/BAS:# KILL /CMD:#

LIB Lists library commands.
LIB

LIST file (PRT, SLOW, ASCII) Lists contents of a file to the Display or Printer.
LIST PROG1/TXT (PRT) LIST JOBF1FILE/BLD (ASCII)

LOAD file Loads a machine-language file into memory.
LOAD GRAPHICS

LPC Special printer driver for some printers.
LPC

MASTER (DRIVE=a) Forces a drive to be the Master Read/Write drive. MASTER releases any drive defined as Master Drive.
MASTER (DRIVE:#) MASTER

MEMTEST Test memory (ROM and RAM).
MEMTEST

PATCH file (ADD = aaaa, FIND = bbb, CHG = ccc)

Change the contents of a disk file.
PATCH JOBF1FILE/BLD (ADD=5288,FIND=CDIC25,
CHG=C32C27)

PAUSE message Pauses for operator action or message.
PAUSE INSERT DISKETTE #21

PROT :d (PW, LOCK) Changes file and diskette passwords.
PROT :# (PW, LOCK)

PURGE :d (file-type) Deletes files. (SYS, DATA, ALL, INV).
PURGE :# (INV) PURGE :#

RELO file (ADD = aaaa) Changes location where program loads into memory.
RELO JOBF1FILE/BLD (ADD=8578)

RENAME file TO file Renames a file.
RENAME MRS/BAS TO MS/BAS

ROUTE (SOURCE = aa, DESTIN = bb) Routes I/O devices.
ROUTE (SOURCE=PR, DESTIN=DD)

SETCOM (OFF, WORD = a, BAUD = bbb, STOP = c, PARITY = d, mode) Sets up RS-232C communications or display status.
SETCOM (WORD=7,BAUD=300,STOP=1,
PARITY=0,WAITS) SETCOM

TAPE (S = a, D = b) Executes tape transfer operator.
TAPE (S=D,D=T)

TIME hh:mm:ss Resets or gets the time.
TIME 14:12:38 TIME

WP (DRIVE = a) Write-protects a diskette.
WP (DRIVE:#) WP

XFERSYS Transfers system files.
XFERSYS

TRSOS Error Messages

0	No Error Found
1	CRC Error During Disk I/O
2	Disk Drive Not In System
3	Lost Data During Disk I/O
4	CRC Error During Disk I/O
5	Disk Sector Not Found
6	Disk Drive Hardware Fault
7	"Undefined Error Code"
8	Disk Drive Not Ready
9	Illegal I/O Attempt
10	Required Command Parameter Not Found
11	Illegal Command Parameter
12	Time Out On Disk Drive
13	I/O Attempt To Non System Disk
14	Write Fault On Disk I/O
15	Write Protected Disk
16	Illegal Logical File Number
17	Directory Read Error
18	Directory Write Error
19	Invalid File Name
20	GAT Read Error
21	GAT Write Error
22	HIT Read Error
23	HIT Write Error
24	File Not Found
25	File Access Denied Due To Password Protection
26	Directory Space Full
27	Disk Space Full
28	Attempt To Read Past EOF
29	Attempt to Read Outside of File Limits
30	No More Extents Available
31	Program Not Found
32	Invalid Drive Number
33	Attempt To Use Non Program File As a Program
34	Memory Fault During Program Load
35	"Undefined Error Code"
36	File Access Denied Due To Password Protection
37	I/O Attempt To Unopen File
38	Invalid Command Parameter
39	File Already In Directory
40	Attempt To Open File Already Open
41	

Disk BASIC Functions

CVD(str) Converts to double-precision after GET.
A=CVD(GRS\$PAY\$)

CVI(str) Converts to integer after GET.
PRINT CVI(I\$1\$)

CVS(str) Converts to single-precision after GET.
FK=CVS(ST\$)

EOF(b) End-of-file detector for buffer b.
IF EOF(B) THEN CLOSE 3

INSTR(pos, mainstr, substr) Returns number which indicates the position of the main string where the substring begins. If substring not in main string, zero is returned. If pos is omitted, pos=1.
PRINT INSTR(\$A, "VA") K=INSTR(\$B, Q\$)
Y1=INSTR(B, \$B, Q)

LOC(n) Gets current record number.
PRINT LOC(1)

LOF(n) Determines number of last (highest-numbered) record in specified file.
Y=LOF(S)

MKD(x) Makes double-precision number ready for disk write (random access).
LSET AVG\$=MKD(3000,8000)

MKIS(n) Makes integer number ready for disk write (random access).
LSET AVG\$=MKI(13000) LSET Y\$=MKI(Y\$)

MKS\$(x) Makes single-precision number ready for disk write (random access).
LSET AVG\$=MKS(13000,1) LSET H\$=MKS(H\$)

USR(n) Calls any one of up to 10 machine-language subroutines, n=0-9. If n is omitted, zero is used. See DEFUSRn.
X=USR0(T1) F=USR7(Y)

Disk BASIC Statements

CLOSE Closes all open file-buffers or specified buffer(s).
CLOSE CLOSE 1+2+8 CLOSE N

CMD 'A' Returns to TRSDOS on error.
CMD "A"

CMD 'B' Enable/Disable (BREAK) key.
CMD "B" + "DN" **CMD "B" + "DF"**

CMD 'C' Deletes program remarks (R) or spaces (S).
CMD "C" + R **CMD "C" + S** **CMD "C"**

CMD 'D' Displays directory for specified drive.
CMD "D:!"

CMD 'E' Displays previous TRSDOS error.
CMD "E"

CMD T, command Executes a command to TRSDOS, may overwrite BASIC.
CMD "I" + "HELP"

CMD 'J' Changes calendar date from source to destination, mm/dd/yy can be changed to ddd/yy - yy/ddd can be changed to mm/dd/yy
CMD "J" + "08/12/81" + 0\$
CMD "J" + "-64/201" + 0\$

CMD 'L', routine Loads Z-80 routine or program file into RAM.
CMD "L" + JOBFILE

CMD 'O', x, array (start) Alphabetizes (sorts) contents of an array. x is the number of items to be sorted; start is where the sorting process begins.
CMD "O" + 50 + A(1)

CMD 'P', status Checks printer status. status is a string variable.
CMD "P" + X\$

CMD 'R' Turns real-time clock display ON.
CMD "R"

CMD 'S' Returns control to TRSDOS.
CMD "S"

CMD 'T' Turns real-time clock display OFF.
CMD "T"

CMD 'X', target Cross-references program lines and line numbers. target can be a reserved word, string, or string variable.
CMD "X" + GOTO **CMD "X" + "PRINT"**

CMD 'Z' Simultaneous output to Printer and Display (dual routing).
CMD "Z" + "ON" **CMD "Z" + "OFF"**

DEFIN Defines a user-created function.
DEF FN A\$(X)=STRINGS\$(X,45)

DEFUSRn Defines entry point for machine-language subroutine called by USRN. If n is omitted, zero is used.
DEFUSR=H5500 **DEFUSR4=H7D7E**

FIELD Organizes a random file buffer into fields.
FIELD 3+16 AS NM\$,25 AS AD\$

GET b, record number Gets specified or next record from a disk file (random access); stores it in buffer b.
GET 1 **GET 1+25**

INPUT #b Inputs data from buffer b (sequential access).
INPUT #1+A,B

KILL Deletes a disk file.
KILL "PRG/BAS" **KILL "FILE:1"**

LINE INPUT Line inputs from keyboard: **ENTER** ends input.
LINE INPUT A\$ **LINE INPUT "ENTER YOUR NAME?" IN\$**

LINE INPUT # Line inputs from disk into specified buffer; carriage return, end-of-file, 255th character ends input.
LINE INPUT #1+A\$

LOAD Loads program file from disk. R option causes program to run, leaving open files open.
LOAD "PRG/BAS" **LOAD "PRG:2",R**

LSET Left-justifies data into a random access field.
LSET CITY\$="DULUTH"

MERGE Merges disk program with resident program. Disk program must be in ASCII format.
MERGE "PR/BAS"

MIDS (old, pos, len)=rep1 Replaces one portion of a string with another. If length option is omitted, same number of characters in the old string will be changed as the number of characters in the replacement string.
MIDS(A\$+3+41)="USAFX" **MIDS(A\$+51)="01"**

NAME newline, startline, increment Renumbers program line numbers. newline is the new number of the first line which is to be renumbered. If omitted, 10 is used. startline is the line number where renumbering is to begin. If omitted, entire program will be renumbered. increment is the increment between successive renumbered lines. If omitted, 10 is used.
NAME 100, 10, 100 **NAME NAME + 15**

OPEN mode, b, file, n Opens file; assigns mode (I = input, O = output, R = random, E = Output to end-of-file); assigns buffer number b, file specifies filename; n specific number of files.
OPEN "R" + 1" CLIENTS/TXT"

PRINT #b Writes data to file-buffer b (sequential access).
PRINT #1+RA

PUT b, record number Moves data from file-buffer b into the specified record (random access). If record number is omitted, current record number is used.
PUT 1+25 **PUT 1** **PUT C,N**

RSET Right-justifies data into a random access field.
RSET CITY\$="SPOKANE"

RUN program Loads and executes disk program. R option leaves open files open.
RUN "PRG/BAS" **RUN "PRG:1",R**

SAVE filename Saves BASIC program on disk. A option causes file to be stored in ASCII format.
SAVE "FL1/BAS:3" **SAVE "PRT/TXT",A**

Disk BASIC Error Codes

51	Field Overflow
52	Internal Error
53	Bad File Number
54	File Not Found
55	Bad File Mode
58	Disk I/O Error
62	Disk Full
63	Input Past End
64	Bad Record Number
65	Bad File Name
67	Direct Statement in File
68	Too Many Files
69	Disk Write-Protect
70	File Access

TRS-80® MODEL III MICRO-COMPUTER SYSTEM



Start-Up

The entire system (Computer and peripherals) should be OFF and the disk drives empty.

1. Turn all peripherals ON.
2. Turn the Computer ON.
3. Insert a System diskette into Drive 0. Close the drive door.
4. Press the RESET button. Once the system is initialized, TRSDOS will load and take control.
5. To start Disk BASIC, type **BASIC** (**ENTER**)
6. When BASIC asks **HOW MANY FILES?** type in the number of concurrent files you need or press **ENTER** (three concurrent files).
7. Then BASIC will ask **MEMORY SIZE?** Answer by typing in a specific number or press **ENTER** to enter Disk BASIC.
8. The Disk BASIC start-up message will appear followed by the **READY** prompt. The Computer is now ready for use.

Disk BASIC Abbreviations & Special Characters

&H	Indicates following number is a hexadecimal constant.
&O	Indicates following number is an octal constant.
↑	Lists previous line.
↓	Lists next line.
□	Lists current line.
○	Edit current line.
SHIFT ↑	Lists first line.
SHIFT ↓	Lists last line.
Lxx	List line xx.
Exx	Edit line xx.
Dxx	Delete line xx.
Axxx, xxx	Automatic line numbering beginning at line xxx, incrementing by xxx.