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; THIS IS A PROGRAM TO EXAMINE & FORMAT CPM DISKS USING A VERSAFLOPPY II DISK
; CONTROLLER. NOTE IT IS SELF A CONTAINED PROGRAM (EXCEPT FOR CONSOLE I/O)
;
; It is a completely new Diagnostic program and utilizes a new set of core BIOS
; like functions that can easily be adapted for CPM+ etc. It does not utilize
; any of the old SD_Systems BIOS/Diagnostic code (which I found to be convoluted, difficult
; to modify and specific for a few disk formats). This program utilizes a disk parameter
; table driven approach for many common 8" & 5" formats. Others can be easily added.
; It works with both the 1791 & 1795 chips (Set the EQU's below).
;
; The program requires a Z80 CPU and utilizes the marvelous Z80 assembler (ZASMB) written
; by P.F Ridler in 1984. See (http://retrotechnology.com/herbs\_stuff/s\_sd.htm#other)
; on Herbs site. The assembler here was setup to take long label names (see the docs).
; However most common Z80 assemblers should work, with minor changes to a few lines of code.
; ZASMB allows the use uses a few more logical OP codes that Zilog left out
; (eg CP A,20H rather than CP 20H). This assembler is extremely fast and generates
; direct .com code. It does however have limited ifdef etc options.
;
;
; JOHN MONAHAN      (monahan@vitasoft.org)    27/4/2009    VERSION    1.0
;
; V0.1    Basic Sector ID field working
; V0.2    Seek test jumpy
; V0.3    Seek done, before read sector core stuff
; V0.5    Sector read OK for 8" SD
; V0.7    Sector Read blanked out menu, itself OK. Seek redone.
; V0.8    Reading 128 byte sectors with my READ_SECTOR routine OK
; V0.9    Block read for sectors
; V0.10   Start of Formatting OK
; V0.11   Filled in comments of formatting
; V0.12   Start of sector track write image display
; V0.14   Fixed abort etc. Sec formatting display working, ESC to stop display
; V0.15   Sec ID errors on display. general cleanup of abort stuff
; V0.16   Variable sec size display. Second side not working
; V0.17   Second side working before splitting UNIT into two sections (Hardware & Software)
; V0.18   New format using IO_BYTE and IX pointer to tables for disk/drive info.
; V0.19   Before simplifying moving IO_BYTE data to Disk paramater table

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; V0.20 Start of HW_BYTE in disk paramater table. No format yet.

; V0.21 8" format done with new layout.

; V0.22 Before New Format Routine & Tables

; V0.24 Before switching to my memory track build routines

; V0.25 My track image not working yet

; V0.27 Software SD Track (no sides) working. No hardware yet

; V0.28 8" format (CPM cannot read it). Cannot access 5" drives

; V0.29 Straightened our 5". (DW in table). Still CPM read problem

; V0.30 Start of track dump SD 8" Format now working

; V0.31 Cleaned up seek no verify functions to one general function

; V0.33 Seems to be working now

; V0.34 Random sector read test working (write not done yet)

; V0.35 Start or read sec & seek error returns. Have seperate flag on CMD's

; V0.37 New error routines Seek done. Modeled after VFI Bios

; V0.38 New error routines, centralized Home, Seek etc started.

; V0.39 New format for sec read with seek_V done

; V0.40 New side selection and redo of odds and ends

; V0.41 Split menu's for 5" & 8" drives. All OK on Sec reads

; V0.42 Dump track working again.

; V0.43 Format not working

; V0.44 Re-did disk format menues and selection. Started on Format stuff

; V0.45 Combine IY & IX reg flags into a single IX+HW_BYTE flag

; V0.46 Put track size info in tables and use it for track dumps.

; V0.48 Cleaned up things. END_ROUTINE put in.

; V0.50 Sector Read/write done (track format broken)

; V0.51 Format not working.

; V0.52 Format SSSD 8" seems to be OK now. Need READ_ID at start

; V0.53 Format was still not working. Changed chip and used Restore with V flag on.

; V0.54 SOLID FORMATTING of 8'. Moved all I79I/5 CMD's to drive tables. (Need to up 5")

; V0.55 Formating of al 8" SS disks working

; V0.56 Combined all sec R/W tests into one core routine

; V0.58 Working on side selection, fixed some formatting issues including CPM86 disks

; V0.59 Fixed side_sel to actually select the proper side (Note debug display present)

; V0.60 Formatting 5' DDDS disk now working and compatible with CPM3

; V0.61 Many formats added for 5" disks

; V0.62 Before skew tables for formatting (Removed HP & KAYPRO)

; V0.63 Skew table for formatting done DD & SD

; V0.64 All formats done and working. Corrected (DRIVE)->IY problem

; V0.65 Load CMD done

; V0.66 Both sector dump and load working. repaired disk selection again.

; V0.67 Split out all the sector R/W functions again into separate routines - easier to maintain.

; V0.68 Moved I79x CMDS to start. Take care of I795 side bits. Rearranged main menu

; V0.69 Solve status port hang-up in invalid hardware.

; V0.70 Started Disk copy

; V0.71 Disk copying of 8" done. Slow with no sector skews

; V0.72 Skew for disk copying inserted - still slow

; V0.73 Went to multi-sec R/W but errors so far

; V0.74 Installed Verify cmd as well. Copy now working for 128 byte sectors

; V0.75 Improvements to M_SEC_RD/WR

; V0.76 Multi sector R/W working.

; V0.77 Step-in CMD implemented but copy still requires HOME on A:

; V0.78 System copy done but needs work. Need to have global COPY,COMPARE etc.

; V0.79 Copy disk generalized/global now working on DS disks

; V0.80 Verify command now generalized and working

; V0.81 Sys copy done, I795/91 mods added

; V0.82 Problems with I795 seek & drive select.

; V0.83 Complete rearrangement of hardware selection. Seek working up to before Format

; V0.84 All cleaned up for I791 chip

; V0.85 Had to flip A & B side hardware I/O selections for I795 chip

; V0.86 Hardware side select finally straightened out. Before IY usage

; V0.87 Initial IY usage - untested

; V0.88 IY working throughout. Seems solid for I791 & I795 chips.

; V1.01 Set only 1 system track for CPM IK sector 8" disks (instead of instead of 2)

; V1.02 Strip parity bit from direct keyboard input (if any).

;

; To Do:-

```

;;      Add 5" dos sectors format initialization
;
;
;
;
FALSE  EQU   0
TRUE   EQU   1
;
CHIP_1795 EQU FALSE      ;<---- RD & WR sector cmd's bit patterns are different for these chips!
CHIP_1791 EQU TRUE

NBYTES EQU   128        ;BYTES PER SECTOR UNIT (eg, *2 FOR 256 BYTE SECTORS)
LF      EQU   0AH
CR      EQU   0DH
BELL    EQU   07H
CLEAR   EQU   1AH        ;SD Systems Video Board Clear Screen
TAB     EQU   09H
ESC     EQU   1BH
EOL     EQU   1CH        ;SD Systems Video Board Clear to end of line
PAGE_SIZE EQU  16        ;Number of lines at a time to display memory contents on CRT
STATUS_DELAY EQU 5      ;Time-out for waiting for status port to ho not busy. (~5 seconds @ 4MHz)
;
RO_FLAG EQU 01          ;Flag for sequential sectors R test (Read sectors)
WO_FLAG EQU 02          ;Flag for sequential sectors W test (Write to sectors)
RW_FLAG EQU 03          ;Flag for sequential sectors R/W test (Both)
RRW_FLAG EQU 04         ;Flag for random track and sector R/W test
TRK_RO_FLAG EQU 05      ;Flag for reading sectors from just one track continuously
CPM86_FLAG EQU 01       ;Flag to indicate after 5" disk formatting CPM86 first sector
;needs to be modified
TEST_FILL EQU 01        ;Character to write for sector write test.
;
SIMPLE EQU 00h          ;Output information detail to CRT
COMPLEX EQU 0FFH

```

```

;
;Will place these values here for easy RAM analysis if a crash
;The rest go to the end of the program
TADDR EQU 40H ;STORE FOR DMA ADDRESS
@TRK EQU 43H ;NEW TRACK <---- DO not change the order of these locations
@SIDE EQU 44H ;NEW SIDE the IY register will ALWAYS point to TRK
@SCTR EQU 45H ;NEW SECTOR
DRIVE_1 EQU 46H ;CURRENT DRIVE SELECT BITS
DRIVE_2 EQU 47H ;SECOND DRIVE SELECT BITS (For copy, verify, sysgen etc)
IOBYTE EQU 48H ;Combined drive selection, density, side and size bits for hardware
;
;is inverted and sent to the VFII "SELECT" port
;
; PORTS & COMMANDS FOR FOR 1791 or 1795
;
RSET EQU 50H ;<----- VERSAFLOPPY BASE PORT ADDRESS (I use Port 50H, SD-Systems uses 60H)
SELECT EQU 53H ;DRIVE SELECT PORT
STATUS EQU 54H ;STATUS PORT
TRACK EQU 55H ;TRACK PORT
SECTOR EQU 56H ;SECTOR PORT
DATA EQU 57H ;DATA PORT
CMD EQU 54H ;COMMAND PORT
;
;Note: the 1791/5 chip for most commands used bits 0&1 to set the head
;motor stepping rate. 00 being 3ms (@2MH clock),11 being 15 ms. My
;Tandon 8" drives take the fastest rate. Older drives may not.
;
RSCMD EQU 00001100B ;(0CH),RESTORE CMD <----- (Some drives require
SKNCMD EQU 00011000B ;(18H),SEEK NO VERIFY CMD <-- (a slower stepping rate r1,r0)
SKCMD EQU 00011100B ;(1CH),SEEK WITH VERIFY CMD <---
RDACMD EQU 11000100B ;(C0H),READ TRACK/SECTOR ID CMD
STEPIN EQU 01011100B ; Step-in verify on dstination track
RDCMD91 EQU 10000000B ;(80H),READ SECTOR CMD 1791 chip

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WRCMD91    EQU    1010000B    ;(A0H),WRITE SECTOR CMD

RDCMD95    EQU    10001000B    ;(88H),READ SECTOR CMD I795 chip
WRCMD95    EQU    10101000B    ;(A8H),WRITE SECTOR CMD

WRTCMD     EQU    11110100B    ;(F4H),Write a whole track command
RDTCMD     EQU    11100100B    ;(E4H),Read a whole track command
;
;
SEC_RETRY_MAX EQU    4        ;Number of times to try R/W a sector before returning an error
SEEK_RETRY_MAX EQU    2        ;Number of times to try R/W a sector before returning an error
HOME_ERR_MASK EQU    80H      ;Error mask for Type I Home CMD
SIN_ERR_MASK EQU    90H      ;Step head in one track command error bits
SK_ERR_MASK EQU    90H      ;Track Seek error bits
ID_ERR_MASK EQU    9FH      ;Sector ID read error mask
RS_ERR_MASK EQU    0BFH      ;Read sector data error mask
MRS_ERR_MASK EQU    0AFH      ;Multi-sector Read data error mask
WS_ERR_MASK EQU    0EFh      ;Write sector data error mask
MWS_ERR_MASK EQU    0EFh      ;Multi-sector Write data error mask
RT_ERR_MASK EQU    80H      ;Read Track error mask
WT_ERR_MASK EQU    0E0H      ;Write Track error mask
;
;
FBUFFER EQU    5000H          ;Buffer to build track image OR display sectors reads
FBUFFER2 EQU    6000H          ;2nd buffer here for sector R/W test
;
;The Index register IX is used throughout the program to point to the disk parameter
;table of the currently selected drive/disk format
;(IOBYTE) will point to (DRIVE) and will contain the current DRIVE
;hardware selection bits. Drive select 0,1,2,3 and side A or side B bits as well as
;other flags (see below)
;Remember the bits for disk selection, density and side selection are inverted on
;the actual Versafloppy II board hardware

```

;Register IX is not used for anything else in this program.

;

;The Index register IY is used throughout the program to point to the current/requested

;Track, Side & Sector being worked on. They are at memory locations @TRK... IY will

;always point to @TRK and assumes the others follow. Do not relocate or change the order.

;

;

; EQUATES FOR [IX] REGISTER INTO DISK PARAMATER TABLE

;

NSCTRS EQU 0 ;Sectors/Track for disk

NTRKS EQU 1 ;Tracks/Side

HW_BYTE EQU 2 ;Will contain bit flags for:-

;Bits 0,1 are used for drive selection

;Bits 2 & 3 are currently unused

;Bit 4=0 For SS disk hardware, 1= DS disk

;Bit 5=0 8" disk, 1= 5" disk

;Bit 6=0 Single density, 1= Double density

;Bit 7=0 if CURRENT selected side is A

; 1 if CURRENT selected side is B

;Note: handle this byte with care it is

;central to many functions within the

;program.

HEADR EQU 3 ;For Formatting

GAP1 EQU 4 ; "

GAP2 EQU 5 ; "

GAP3 EQU 6 ; "

GAP4 EQU 7 ; "

GAP4R EQU 8 ; "

SIZE EQU 9 ;1=128 Byte sectors.....4=1024 Byte sectors

GAP_FILL_CHAR EQU 10 ;Byte used in disk forming

DATA_FILL_CHAR EQU 11 ; " " "

TRK_SIZE EQU 12 ;TWO bytes containing the track size of that disks format

```

SPECIAL_FLAG EQU 14 ;flag byte for cases where after formatting disk need to be initialized
                    ;normally 0, CPM86_FLAG = 1

SKEW EQU 15 ;Low address of sector skew table
SKEWI EQU 16 ;High address of sector skew table

FORMAT_NUM EQU 17 ;Each format will have a unique number.

SYS_TRKS EQU 18 ;How many tracks for system usually 2 for 8-inch disks

TITLE EQU 19 ;Text string describing the disk format

;

;

; EQUATES FOR [IY] REGISTAR FOR TRACK, SIDE, SECTOR locations

;

TRK EQU 0
SIDE EQU 1
SCTR EQU 2

;

;-----

ORG 100H

;

LD (SP_SAVE),SP
LD SP,STACK
JP START

;-----

; HARDWARE DEPENDENT STUFF

; The only other hardware links are through the Versafloppy II board.

; Remember to make sure it is set to the correct I79I/5 & base port mentioned above.

;

;

CONST: IN A,(0) ;console status for SD Systems 8024 Video board
AND A,02H ;anything there
RET Z ;return 0 if nothing
XOR A,A
DEC A ;return NZ, & 0FFH in A if something there
RET

```



```

;
CI:  IN    A,(0)          ;console input
     AND   A,02H
     JR    Z,CI
     IN    A,(1)          ;return with character in A
     AND   7FH           ;Strip parity (IF ANY).
     RET

;
CO:  IN    A,(0)          ;console output (arrive with character in C)
     AND   A,04H         ;Note character is in C and A on return.
     JR    Z,CO
     LD    A,C
     OUT   (I),A
     RET

;-----
START: LD    A,SIMPLE
      LD    (CRTDISP),A  ;Start off with simple diagnostic display
OVER:  LD    HL,SIGNON
      CALL PMSG
      LD    IY,@TRK      ;Always points here
      XOR  A,A           ;set everything to zero
      LD    (IY+TRK),A
      LD    (IY+SIDE),A
      INC  A
      LD    (IY+SCTR),A  ;Track 0, side A, sector 1

      CALL SELECT_DR_I   ;Put current drive hardware selection in (DRIVE_I)
      JR    Z,GET_DR_TABLE;Get the current disk format from user, point IX to table
      CP   A,0FFH
      JR    Z,OVER       ;Invalid drive, start over
      CALL ZCRLF         ;Must be an abort ESC
      LD    SP,(SP_SAVE)
      JP   0H           ;Reboot CP/M if ESC

```

GET_DR_TABLE:

```
    CALL  SELECT_IX      ;Set IX to point to the current drive table
    JR    Z,LOOP
    CP    A,0FFH
    JR    Z,OVER        ;Invalid drive, start over
    CALL  ZCRLF         ;Must be an abort ESC
    LD    SP,(SP_SAVE)
    JP    0H           ;Reboot CP/M if ESC
;
LOOP:  LD    A,(CRTDISP) ;Check if detailed display flag is on
    OR    A,A
    JR    NZ,MENUI
    LD    HL,MAIN_MENU0 ;Main Menu loop (Detailed Display OFF)
    JR    LOOPI
MENUI: LD    HL,MAIN_MENUI ;Main Menu loop (Detailed Display ON)
LOOPI: CALL  PMSG
    CALL  START_DRIVE_I ;Select for "the current drive" in hardware

    CALL  SHOW_HW_TITLE ;Describe the currently selected drive
    CALL  SHOW_HW_BYTE  ;Print out HW_BYTE info

    LD    HL,FBUFFER    ;The DMA RAM address will be here for sector R/W's
    LD    (TADDR),HL

    CALL  HOME          ;Move head to track 0 with a RESTORE CMD
    CALL  NZ,SHOW_ERRORS ;If an error in restoring head to TRK 0 say so.

    BIT  0,A           ;If NZ, then timeout on Status port, bad hardware
    JR    NZ,TO_MENU   ;Try another drive or format disk

    CALL  SHOW_IX_TABLE;Show info about current disk parameters
```

```

CALL READ_ID ;Get Actual track ID
JR Z,ID_FINE ;Was there errors
CALL SHOW_ERRORS ;If an error show bit flags
JR TO_MENU

ID_FINE:CALL ZCRLF
CALL SHOW_ID ;Show a typical Track ID field on track 0

TO_MENU:
LD HL,MENU_OPTIONS
CALL PMSG
LD A,(CRTDISP) ;Two menu lists (Set using menu #D)
OR A,A ;A detailed display or a simple one.
JR NZ,MENUA
LD HL,MENU1_MSG
JR MENUB
MENUA: LD HL,MENU2_MSG
MENUB: CALL PMSG

;-----MAIN MENU-----
CALL GETCMD ;Find out Menu Option in A
LD (CMD_STORE),A
CP A,ESC ;Abort if ESC character
JR Z,FIN
CP A,'0' ;Get a new current disk
JP Z,OVER
CP A,'1'
CALL Z,SEEK_TEST ;Seek test
CP A,'2'
CALL Z,SEC_READ_TEST ;Sequential Read sectors test.
CP A,'3'
CALL Z,SEC_WRITE_TEST;Sequential Write sectors test.
CP A,'4'
CALL Z,SEC_RW_TEST ;Sequential sec R/W test

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CP      A,'5'
CALL   Z,RAND_SEC_TEST      ;Random Track/Sector read/write test
CP      A,'6'
CALL   Z,TRACK_TEST      ;Read continously sectors from a specific track
CP      A,'7'
CALL   Z,TRACK_DUMP      ;Load one whole track to RAM (at location 5000H)
CP      A,'8'
CALL   Z,LOAD_SECTORS      ;Load sectors into RAM
CP      A,'9'
CALL   Z,DUMP_SECTORS      ;Write sectors to disk
CP      A,'F'
CALL   Z,FORMAT_DISK      ;Go to disk formatting section
CP      A,'C'
CALL   Z,COPY_DISK      ;Copy disk A: to B:
CP      A,'V'
CALL   Z,VERIFY_DISK      ;Verify disk A:=B:
CP      A,'D'
CALL   Z,TOGGLE_CRT      ;Switch on/off detail info display option
CP      A,'S'
CALL   Z,COPY_CPM3_SYS      ;Copy CPM system tracks to another disk.
CP      A,'I'
CALL   Z,IBMFFORM_DISK ;Quick format of blank 8" disk in B:
JP      LOOP
FIN:    CALL   Z,CRLF
        LD     SP,(SP_SAVE)
        JP     Z,0H      ;Return to CPM

;
;
;----- TOGGLE ON/OFF DETAILED INFORMATION DISPLAY ON CRT/LCD FOR SOME COMMANDS
TOGGLE_CRT:
        LD     A,(CRTDISP)
        CPL

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LD      (CRTDISP),A
LD      A,(CMD_STORE) ;So we dont pick up other menu items
RET                                ;Back to main menu

;
;
;----- SEEK DIAGNOSTIC TEST -----
;
;Simply tests head movement control
SEEK_TEST:
    LD      HL,SEKMSG
    CALL    PMSG
    XOR     A,A                    ;Setup for the BIOS below
    LD      (IY+TRK),A            ;Start with track 0
    LD      (IY+SIDE),A          ;Start on Side A
    INC     A
    LD      (IY+SCTR),A          ;Start at sector 1
    CALL    START_DRIVE_I        ;Select for "the current drive" in hardware, Side A
    CALL    HOME                  ;Restore head to track 0
    CALL    NZ,SHOW_ERRORS       ;print out errors if any

SEKT:   CALL    ZCRLF
        CALL    SEEK_TRACK_V    ;Test SEEK ability/timing of chip
;       CALL    STEP_IN_CMD     ;Can also test Step in head one track & verify
        CALL    NZ,SHOW_ERRORS   ;if Error show error flags

        CALL    SHOW_T_LOC      ;Print out current track #
        CALL    READ_ID          ;Get current track ID
        CALL    NZ,SHOW_ERRORS   ;print out the track ID errors
        CALL    SHOW_ID          ;Show track ID

        CALL    CHECKABORT      ;SP will halt, ESC will abort
        JR     NZ,END_CMD       ;Return back to main menu

```

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INC    (IY+TRK);Need to bump track up one
LD     A,(IY+TRK)    ;Store here
CP     A,(IX+NTRKS)  ;Are we at the end yet
JR     NZ,SEKT
LD     (IY+TRK),0
CALL   ZCRLF        ;Extra CR/LF fro another loop
JR     Z,SEKT       ;start again
;
END_CMD:
XOR    A,A
LD     (IY+TRK),A    ;Always back to Track 0, Side A
LD     (IY+SIDE),A
CALL   HOME         ;Move head back to Track 0
LD     A,(CMD_STORE) ;So we dont pick up other menu items IF we return from here
RET
; ----- READ SECTORS TEST -----
; This routine will sequentially read all sectors on a disk. Both sides
; if a 2 sided disk.
;
SEC_READ_TEST:
LD     HL,RDTST_MSG    ;Say read test
CALL   PMSG
CALL   ZCRLF
XOR    A,A            ;Setup for the BIOS below
LD     (IY+TRK),A      ;Start with track 0
LD     (IY+SIDE),A     ;Start on Side A
INC    A
LD     (IY+SCTR),A     ;Start at sector 1

CALL   START_DRIVE_I   ;Select for "the current drive" in hardware, Side A
CALL   HOME
CALL   NZ,SHOW_ERRORS  ;print out errors if any

```

READ_LOOP1:

```
CALL ZCRLF
CALL SEEK_TRACK_V ;Seek with verify command to 1791/5
CALL NZ,SHOW_ERRORS ;if any show error flags

LD HL,FBUFFER ;Place sector data here
LD (TADDR),HL ;Setup DMA address for BIOS

CALL READ_SECTOR ;<<<<<<<< READ 1 SECTOR >>>>>>
CALL NZ,SHOW_ERRORS ;if any, show error flags

CALL SHOW_TSS_LOC ;Announce current Track, Sec, (head if 2 sided)
CALL SEC_DISPLAY ;See if detail list the sector contents is req

INC (IY+SCTR) ;Get next sector
LD A,(IY+SCTR) ;Store new sec # in A
DEC A ;Because sectors are numbered 1,2,3...
CP A,(IX+NSCTRS) ;Have we done a complete track yet
JR NZ,SECTRK_DONE1

CALL SWAP_SIDES ;Sides swap check
LD A,I ;Back to sector 1 no matter what
LD (IY+SCTR),A ;Store for loop test
JR NZ,SECTRK_DONE1 ;if B side (NZ), same track, back to sec 1

INC (IY+TRK) ;Need to bump track up one
LD A,(IY+TRK) ;Store here
CP A,(IX+NTRKS) ;Are we at the end yet
JP Z,END_CMD ;Yes we are done yet
```

;

SECTRK_DONE1:

```
CALL CHECKABORT ;SP will halt, ESC will abort
```

```

JR      Z,READ_LOOPI      ;Loop until abort or all tracks done
LD      A,(CRTDISP)      ;If detailed CRT display is on then one ESC
OR      A,A              ;will switch it off
JP      Z,END_CMD        ;If Z do not list the sector contents.
XOR     A,A              ;just turn it off. Next time a real abort.
LD      (CRTDISP),A
JR      READ_LOOPI

;

;
;----- WRITE SECTORS TEST -----
; This routine will sequentially write to all sectors on a disk. Both sides
; if a 2 sided disk. It will write the character TEST_FILL in each sector
;
SEC_WRITE_TEST:
LD      HL,WRTST_MSG      ;Say write test
CALL    PMSG
CALL    ZCRLF             ;CR,LF at start.
XOR     A,A              ;Setup for the BIOS below
LD      (IY+TRK),A        ;Start with track 0
LD      (IY+SIDE),A      ;Start on Side A
INC     A
LD      (IY+SCTR),A      ;Start at sector 1
CALL    START_DRIVE_I    ;Select for "the current drive" in hardware, Side A
CALL    HOME
CALL    NZ,SHOW_ERRORS    ;print out errors if any

LD      HL,FBUFFER       ;Sector data to be written is here
LD      (TADDR),HL       ;Setup DMA address for BIOS

LD      C,TEST_FILL      ;Data fill character (01H)
CALL    FILL_BUFFER      ;Fill buffer with character to be written

CALL    CHECK_WP         ;See if disk is write protected

```

```

JP      NZ,END_CMD      ;Abort
;
WRITE_LOOP1:
CALL    ZCRLF
CALL    SEEK_TRACK_V    ;Seek with verify command to 1791/5
CALL    NZ,SHOW_ERRORS  ;If any show error flags

LD      HL,FBUFFER      ;Place sector data here
LD      (TADDR),HL     ;Setup DMA address for BIOS

CALL    WRITE_SECTOR    ;<<<<<<<< WRITE 1 SECTOR >>>>>>
CALL    NZ,SHOW_ERRORS  ;If any, show error flags

CALL    SHOW_TSS_LOC    ;Announce current Track, Sec, (head if 2 sided)
CALL    SEC_DISPLAY     ;See if detail list the sector contents is req

INC     (IY+SCTR)       ;Get next sector
LD      A,(IY+SCTR)    ;Store new sec # in A
DEC     A              ;Because sectors are numbered 1,2,3...
CP      A,(IX+NSCTRS)  ;Have we done a complete track yet
JR      NZ,SECTRK_DONE2

CALL    SWAP_SIDES     ;Sides swap check
LD      A,I            ;Back to sector 1 no matter what
LD      (IY+SCTR),A    ;Store for loop test
JR      NZ,SECTRK_DONE2 ;If B side (NZ), same track, back to sec 1

INC     (IY+TRK)       ;Need to bump track up one
LD      A,(IY+TRK)    ;Next track
CP      A,(IX+NTRKS)  ;Are we at the end yet
JP      Z,END_CMD      ;Yes we are done yet
;
SECTRK_DONE2:

```

```

CALL  CHECKABORT          ;SP will halt, ESC will abort
JR    Z,WRITE_LOOP1     ;Loop until abort or all tracks done
LD    A,(CRTDISP)       ;If detailed CRT display is on then one ESC
OR    A,A                ;will switch it off
JP    Z,END_CMD         ;If Z do not list the sector contents.
XOR   A,A                ;Just turn it off. Next time a real abort.
LD    (CRTDISP),A
JR    WRITE_LOOP1

;

;

; ----- SEQUENTIAL READ/WRITE SECTORS TEST -----

; This routine will read and write back to randomly selected tracks and
; sectors on a disk. Both sides, if a 2 sided disk.

;

SEC_RW_TEST:
    LD    HL,RDWRST_MSG          ;Say R/W test
    CALL  PMSG
    CALL  ZCRLF                  ;CR,LF at start.
    XOR   A,A                    ;Setup for the BIOS below
    LD    (IY+TRK),A             ;Start with track 0
    LD    (IY+SIDE),A            ;Start on Side A
    INC   A
    LD    (IY+SCTR),A            ;Start at sector 1
    CALL  START_DRIVE_I          ;Select for "the current drive" in hardware, Side A
    CALL  HOME
    CALL  NZ,SHOW_ERRORS         ;print out errors if any

    CALL  CHECK_WP               ;See if disk is write protected
    JP    NZ,END_CMD             ;Abort

;

RW_LOOP1:
    CALL  ZCRLF
    CALL  SEEK_TRACK_V           ;Seek with verify command to 1791/5

```

```

CALL  NZ,SHOW_ERRORS          ;if any show error flags

LD    HL,FBUFFER              ;Place sector data here
LD    (TADDR),HL              ;Setup DMA address for BIOS

CALL  READ_SECTOR              ;<<<<<<<< READ 1 SECTOR >>>>>>
CALL  NZ,SHOW_ERRORS          ;if any, show error flags

CALL  SHOW_TSS_LOC             ;Announce current Track, Sec, (head if 2 sided)
CALL  SEC_DISPLAY              ;See if detail list the sector contents is req

CALL  WRITE_SECTOR             ;<<<<<<<< WRITE 1 SECTOR >>>>>>
CALL  NZ,SHOW_ERRORS          ;if any, show error flags

LD    HL,FBUFFER2             ;Place new sector data here
LD    (TADDR),HL              ;Setup DMA address for BIOS

CALL  READ_SECTOR              ;<<<<<<<< READ 1 SECTOR >>>>>>
CALL  NZ,SHOW_ERRORS          ;if any, show error flags

CALL  CMP_BUFFERS              ;Check for errors
JR    Z,COMPARE_OK
LD    HL,SEC_V_ERROR           ;R/W Error found
CALL  PMSG
CALL  SHOW_TSS_LOC             ;trk,sec,head

```

COMPARE_OK:

```

INC    (IY+SCTR)                ;Get next sector
LD    A,(IY+SCTR)
DEC    A                        ;Because sectors are numbered 1,2,3...
CP    A,(IX+NSCTRS)            ;Have we done a complete track yet
JR    NZ,SECTRK_DONE3

```

```

CALL SWAP_SIDES ;Sides swap check
LD A,I ;Back to sector I no matter what
LD (IY+SCTR),A ;Store for loop test
JR NZ,SECTRK_DONE3 ;If B side (NZ), same track, back to sec I

INC (IY+TRK) ;Need to bump track up one
LD A,(IY+TRK) ;Next track
CP A,(IX+NTRKS) ;Are we at the end yet
JP Z,END_CMD ;Yes we are done yet

```

;

SECTRK_DONE3:

```

CALL CHECKABORT ;SP will halt, ESC will abort
JR Z,RW_LOOP1 ;Loop until abort or all tracks done
LD A,(CRTDISP) ;If detailed CRT display is on then one ESC
OR A,A ;Will switch it off
JP Z,END_CMD ;If Z do not list the sector contents.
XOR A,A ;Just turn it off. Next time a real abort.
LD (CRTDISP),A
JR RW_LOOP1 ;try again

```

;

;

;----- RANDOM TRK/SEC READ/WRITE SECTORS TEST -----

; This routine will read and write back to randomly selected tracks and

; sectors on a disk. Both sides, if a 2 sided disk.

;

RAND_SEC_TEST:

```

LD HL,RAND_TST_MSG ;Say R/W test
CALL PMSG
CALL ZCRLF ;CR,LF at start.
XOR A,A ;Setup for the BIOS below
LD (IY+TRK),A ;Start with track 0
LD (IY+SIDE),A ;Start on Side A
INC A

```

```

LD      (IY+SCTR),A          ;Start at sector I
CALL    START_DRIVE_I       ;Select for "the current drive" in hardware, Side A
CALL    HOME
CALL    NZ,SHOW_ERRORS      ;print out errors if any

CALL    CHECK_WP            ;See if disk is write protected
JP      NZ,END_CMD          ;Abort
;
RAND_LOOP1:
CALL    ZCRLF
CALL    SEEK_TRACK_V        ;Seek with verify command to 1791/5
CALL    NZ,SHOW_ERRORS      ;if any show error flags

LD      HL,FBUFFER          ;Place sector data here
LD      (TADDR),HL         ;Setup DMA address for BIOS

CALL    READ_SECTOR         ;<<<<<<<< READ 1 SECTOR >>>>>>
CALL    NZ,SHOW_ERRORS      ;if any, show error flags

CALL    SHOW_TSS_LOC        ;Announce current Track, Sec, (head if 2 sided)
CALL    SEC_DISPLAY         ;See if detail list the sector contents is req

CALL    WRITE_SECTOR        ;<<<<<<<< WRITE 1 SECTOR >>>>>>
CALL    NZ,SHOW_ERRORS      ;if any, show error flags

LD      HL,FBUFFER2        ;Place new sector data here
LD      (TADDR),HL         ;Setup DMA address for BIOS

CALL    READ_SECTOR         ;<<<<<<<< READ 1 SECTOR >>>>>>
CALL    NZ,SHOW_ERRORS      ;if any, show error flags

CALL    CMP_BUFFERS         ;Check for errors
JR      Z,RAND_OK

```

```

LD     HL,SEC_V_ERROR      ;R/W Error found
CALL   PMSG
CALL   SHOW_TSS_LOC       ;At trk,sec,head

```

RAND_OK:

```

CALL   RANDOM              ;Get a random sector#
LD     B,(IX+NSCTRS)
AND    A,B                 ;strip off extra bits
OR     A,A                 ;No sector 0
JR     NZ,RAND_SEC_OK
INC    A

```

RAND_SEC_OK:

```

LD     (IY+SCTR),A        ;Store for SEC display and sector read routine

CALL   RANDOM              ;Get a random track #
LD     B,(IX+NTRKS)
DEC    B                  ;Tracks numbered 0,1,2...NTRKS-1
AND    A,B                 ;strip off extra bits
LD     (IY+TRK),A        ;Store for SEC display and sector read routine

BIT    4,(IX+HW_BYTE)    ;Is it a 1 or 2 sided disk
JR     Z,SECTRK_DONE4    ;If 1 sided then skip sides swap

CALL   RANDOM              ;Get a random SIDE
AND    02H                ;Isolate the SIDE bit
LD     (IY+SIDE),A       ;Will be either 0 or 02H
CALL   SET_SIDE

```

SECTRK_DONE4:

```

CALL   CHECKABORT        ;SP will halt, ESC will abort
JR     Z,RAND_LOOP1      ;Loop until abort
LD     A,(CRTDISP)       ;If detailed CRT display is on then one ESC
OR     A,A                ;will switch it off

```

```

JP      Z,END_CMD      ;if Z do not list the sector contents.
XOR     A,A            ;just turn it off. Next time a real abort.
LD      (CRTDISP),A
JR      RAND_LOOPI    ;try again
;
; Simple random number generator
RANDOM:  LD      A,R      ;Seed will be differentd each time
        LD      B,A
        ADD     A,A
        ADD     A,A
        ADD     A,B
        RR      A
        ADD     A,7
        RET
;
;
; ----- CONTINUOUSLY READ SECTORS FROM ONE TRACK TEST -----
; This routine will read sectors continously from one track. Both sides, if a
; a 2 sided disk. Can be used with a scope to do a 'CATS EYES' hardware test.
;
TRACK_TEST:
        LD      HL,RDTST_MSG ;Say read test
        CALL   PMSG
        XOR     A,A          ;Setup for the BIOS below
        LD      (IY+TRK),A   ;Start with track 0
        LD      (IY+SIDE),A  ;Start on Side A
        INC     A
        LD      (IY+SCTR),A  ;Start at sector 1
        CALL   START_DRIVE_I ;Select for "the current drive" in hardware, Side A
        CALL   HOME
        CALL   NZ,SHOW_ERRORS ;print out errors if any

        CALL   ZCRLF

```

```

LD    HL,GET_TRACK_MSG ;get the required track
CALL  PMSG
CALL  GET_HEX           ;get 2 digits
JP    C,END_CMD        ;Abort if C returned

LD    B,(IX+NTRKS)     ;Are we within disk range
CP    A,B
JR    C,GET_TSIDES     ;Yes we are
LD    HL,TRACK_ERROR
CALL  PMSG
JR    TRACK_TEST       ;Try again

```

GET_TSIDES:

```

LD    (IY+TRK),A       ;Store requested track

BIT   4,(IX+HW_BYTE)   ;Is it a 1 or 2 sided disk
JR    Z,TRACK_TEST2    ;If 1 sided then skip side question

LD    HL,GET_SIDE_MSG ;get required track
CALL  PMSG
CALL  GETCMD           ;get the input option
CP    A,ESC            ;Abort if ESC character
JP    Z,END_CMD
CP    A,'B'
JR    NZ,MUST_BE_TA
LD    A,02H            ;Set to side B Flag (Started off with 0=A)
LD    (IY+SIDE),A
JR    TRACK_TEST2

```

MUST_BE_TA:

```

CP    A,'A'
JR    Z,TRACK_TEST2    ;Already on A
LD    HL,SIDE_ERROR    ;Not 'A' or 'B' must be error
CALL  PMSG

```


JR TRACK_TEST ;Try again

TRACK_TEST2:

CALL ZCRLF
CALL SET_SIDE ;Update the side hardware (if required)
CALL SEEK_TRACK_V ;seek to the new track position
CALL NZ,SHOW_ERRORS ;if any show error flags

;

READ_LOOP2:

CALL ZCRLF
LD HL,FBUFFER ;Place sector data here
LD (TADDR),HL ;Setup DMA address for BIOS

CALL READ_SECTOR ;<<<<<<< READ 1 SECTOR >>>>>>>>
CALL NZ,SHOW_ERRORS ;if any, show error flags

CALL SHOW_TSS_LOC ;Announce current Track, Sec, (head if 2 sided)
CALL SEC_DISPLAY ;See if detail list the sector contents is req

INC (IY+SCTR) ;Get next sector
LD A,(IY+SCTR)
DEC A ;Because sectors are numbered 1,2,3...
CP A,(IX+NSCTRS) ;Have we done a complete track yet
JR NZ,SEC_DONE4
LD A,I ;Cycle back to sector 1
LD (IY+SCTR),A

SEC_DONE4:

CALL CHECKABORT ;SP will halt, ESC will abort
JR Z,READ_LOOP2 ;Loop until abort or all tracks done
LD A,(CRTDISP) ;if detailed CRT display is on then one ESC
OR A,A ;will switch it off
JP Z,END_CMD ;if Z do not list the sector contents.

```

XOR  A,A                ;just turn it off. Next time a real abort.
LD   (CRTDISP),A
JR   READ_LOOP2

;
;
;
;-----
;Read one whole track to RAM (5000H). This is used to see what the Format routine actually
;placed on the disk and/or to see what track formats other computers used.
;
;

```

TRACK_DUMP:

```

LD   HL,TRK_DUMP_MSG ;Say track dump msg
CALL PMSG
XOR  A,A                ;Setup for the BIOS below
LD   (IY+TRK),A        ;Start with track 0
LD   (IY+SIDE),A       ;Start on Side A
INC  A
LD   (IY+SCTR),A       ;Start at sector 1
CALL START_DRIVE_I    ;Select for "the current drive" in hardware, Side A
CALL HOME
CALL NZ,SHOW_ERRORS   ;print out errors if any

CALL ZCRLF
LD   HL,GET_TRACK_MSG ;get required track
CALL PMSG
CALL GET_HEX           ;get 2 digits in [A]
JP   C,END_CMD
CALL ZCRLF

LD   B,(IX+NTRKS)     ;Are we within disk range
CP   A,B
JR   C,GET_SIDES      ;Yes we are

```

```

LD     HL,TRACK_ERROR
CALL  PMSG
JR     TRACK_DUMP    ;Try again

GET_SIDES:
LD     (IY+TRK),A    ;Store requested track

BIT   4,(IX+HW_BYTE) ;Is it a 1 or 2 sided disk
JR     Z,GET_TRK     ;If 1 sided then skip side question

LD     HL,GET_SIDE_MSG ;get required track
CALL  PMSG
CALL  GETCMD        ;get the input option
CP    A,ESC         ;Abort if ESC character
JP    Z,END_CMD
CP    A,'B'
JR    NZ,MUST_BE_A

LD     A,02H        ;Set to side B Flag (Started off with 0=A)
LD     (IY+SIDE),A
JR     GET_TRK

MUST_BE_A:
CP    A,'A'
JR    Z,GET_TRK     ;Already on A
LD     HL,SIDE_ERROR
CALL  PMSG
JR    TRACK_DUMP    ;Try again

GET_TRK:
CALL  ZCRLF
CALL  SET_SIDE      ;Update the side hardware (if required)

CALL  SEEK_TRACK_V  ;seek to the new track position      (verify)
CALL  NZ,SHOW_ERRORS ;if any show error flags
;

```

```

LD HL,FBUFFER ;Will build the complete sector image here (5000H)
LD (TADDR),HL ;Store the pointer here.
LD D,(IX+TRK_SIZE+1) ;Need to find out how large the track is
LD E,(IX+TRK_SIZE) ;Number of bytes per track for this disk into [DE]
LD A,D ;check that it is not 0 (ie. data not filled in table)
OR A,A
JR NZ,SIZE_OK
LD HL,TRK_SIZE_ERR
CALL PMSG
JP END_CMD

SIZE_OK:
LD (TRACK_SIZE),DE ;Store for below also

LD B,0
Z_LOOP: LD (HL),B ;Fill RAM with 0's before starting
INC HL
DEC DE
LD A,E
OR A,A
JR NZ,Z_LOOP
OR A,D
JR NZ,Z_LOOP ;Have we done DE bytes yet

LD HL,FBUFFER ;Start again
LD (TADDR),HL
LD DE,(TRACK_SIZE) ;Number of bytes per track

CALL READ_TRACK ;<<<<<< Read one whole track
CALL NZ,SHOW_ERRORS ;if any, show error flags

CALL SHOW_TS_LOC

LD HL,TRACK_CONTENTS

```

```

CALL PMSG
LD L,PAGE_SIZE ;20 lines per page
LD DE,(TRACK_SIZE) ;to count down
LD BC,0 ;to count up
EXX
LD HL,FBUFFER ;will use alt reg HL' for data pointer
EXX
RAMDUMP:EXX
LD A,(HL)
CALL PACC
INC HL
EXX
INC BC
LD A,C
AND A,00011111B ;32 characters /line
JR NZ,NOCRX
CALL ZCRLF
DEC L
JR NZ,NOCRX
PUSH HL
LD HL,MORE_MSG
CALL PMSG
CALL GETCMD ;Ask if we wish to continue
POP HL
CP A,'Y'
JR NZ,DONECR
CALL ZCRLF
LD L,PAGE_SIZE
NOCRX: DEC DE
LD A,E
OR A,A
JR NZ,RAMDUMP
OR A,D

```

```

        JR      NZ,RAMDUMP      ;Have we sent DE bytes yet
DONECR:      EXX                ;We are done

        CALL   FRCINT          ;Need to clear the I791/5 because we may have
;
;                                ;overflow reading the track
        JP     END_CMD         ;All done back to main menu
;
;
;

```

***** LOAD SECTORS FROM DISK TO RAM ROUTINE *****

;Note sectors from only one side.

LOAD_SECTORS:

```

        LD     HL,LOAD_MSG     ;Load msg
        CALL  PMSG
        XOR   A,A              ;Setup for the BIOS below
        LD   (IY+TRK),A        ;Start with track 0
        LD   (IY+SIDE),A       ;Start on Side A
        INC  A
        LD   (IY+SCTR),A       ;Start at sector 1
        CALL START_DRIVE_I     ;Select for "the current drive" in hardware, Side A
        CALL HOME
        CALL  NZ,SHOW_ERRORS    ;print out errors if any

        CALL  ZCRLF
        LD   HL,GET_TRACK_MSG  ;get required track
        CALL  PMSG
        CALL  GET_HEX           ;get 2 digits
        JP   C,END_CMD

        LD   B,(IX+NTRKS)      ;Are we within disk range
        CP   A,B
        JR   C,LGET_SIDES     ;Yes we are
        LD   HL,TRACK_ERROR

```

```

CALL PMSG
JP LOAD_SECTORS ;Try again
LGET_SIDES:
LD (IY+TRK),A ;Store requested track for below

BIT 4,(IX+HW_BYTE) ;Is it a 1 or 2 sided disk
JR Z,GET_START_SEC ;If 1 sided then skip side question

CALL ZCRLF
LD HL,GET_SIDE_MSG ;get required track
CALL PMSG
CALL GETCMD ;get the input option
CP A,ESC ;Abort if ESC character
JP Z,END_CMD
CP A,'B'
JR NZ,LMUST_BE_A
LD A,02H ;Set to side B Flag (Started off with 0=A)
LD (IY+SIDE),A
JR GET_START_SEC

```

LMUST_BE_A:

```

CP A,'A'
JR Z,GET_START_SEC ;Already on A
LD HL,SIDE_ERROR
CALL PMSG
JP LOAD_SECTORS ;Try again

```

GET_START_SEC:

```

LD HL,GET_SEC_MSG ;Get starting sector
CALL PMSG
CALL GET_HEX ;get 2 digits
JP C,END_CMD
CALL ZCRLF

```

```

LD      B,(IX+NSCTRS) ;Are we within disk range
CP      A,B
JR      C,GSTART1 ;Yes we are
GSTART0:LD HL,SEC_ERROR
CALL   PMSG
JP     LOAD_SECTORS ;Try again
GSTART1:OR A,A ;Sectors numbered 1,2,3...
JR     Z,GSTART0

LD     (IY+SCTR),A ;Store start sector

LD     HL,SEC_COUNT_MSG ;Get no. of sectors to load
CALL   PMSG
CALL   GET_HEX ;get 2 digits
JP     NC,GSTART2
GSTART3:
LD     HL,SEC_COUNT_ERR
CALL   PMSG
JP     END_CMD
GSTART2:OR A,A ;cannot have 0 sectors
JR     Z,GSTART3

LD     (SEC_COUNT),A ;store count of sectors

LD     HL,GET_DMA_MSG ;Get DMA Aaddress
CALL   PMSG
CALL   GET_HEX4 ;get 4 digits
JP     NC,GSTART4
LD     HL,RAM_ERROR
CALL   PMSG
JP     END_CMD
GSTART4:
LD     (TADDR),HL ;Store the DMA address

```

```

CALL SET_SIDE      ;Update the side hardware (if required)
CALL ZCRLF

```

MORE_LOAD:

```

CALL SEEK_TRACK_V ;seek to the new track position      (verify)
CALL NZ,SHOW_ERRORS ;if any show error flags

```

;

```

LD HL,LOADING_MSG
CALL PMSG
CALL SHOW_TSS_LOC
LD HL,LOADINGI_MSG
CALL PMSG
LD HL,(TADDR)
LD A,H
CALL PACC
LD A,L
CALL PACC
LD HL,H_MSG ;H. at end of message
CALL PMSG

```

```

CALL READ_SECTOR ;<<<<<<<< READ I SECTOR >>>>>>
CALL NZ,SHOW_ERRORS ;if any, show error flags

```

;

```

LD HL,(DMA_NEXT) ;Update the next RAM location
LD (TADDR),HL

```

```

LD A,(SEC_COUNT)
DEC A
JR Z,DONE_LOAD_OK
LD (SEC_COUNT),A ;Store for next time

```

```

INC (IY+SCTR)
LD A,(IY+SCTR)

```

```

DEC    A                ;Because sectors are numbered 1,2,3...
CP     A,(IX+NSCTRS)   ;Have we done a complete track yet
JR     NZ,LSECTRK_OK

LD     A,I              ;Back to sector I no matter what
LD     (IY+SCTR),A     ;Store for loop test

INC    (IY+TRK)        ;Need to bump track up one
LD     A,(IY+TRK)
CP     A,(IX+NTRKS)
JR     Z,ERROR_LOAD    ;Ran out of tracks
;
LSECTRK_OK:
CALL   CHECKABORT     ;SP will halt, ESC will abort
JR     NZ,DONE_LR
JP     MORE_LOAD      ;Loop until abort or all sectors are done
DONE_LR:LD A,(CRTDISP) ;If detailed CRT display is on then one ESC
OR     A,A            ;will switch it off
JP     Z,END_CMD      ;If Z do not list the sector contents.
XOR    A,A            ;just turn it off. Next time a real abort.
LD     (CRTDISP),A
JP     MORE_LOAD
;
DONE_LOAD_OK:
LD     HL,LOAD_DONE_MSG
CALL   PMSG
JP     END_CMD
;
ERROR_LOAD:
LD     HL,ERR_TK_MSG
CALL   PMSG
JP     END_CMD
;

```

```
;
;
;***** DUMP SECTORS FROM RAM TO DISK ROUTINE *****
```

```
;
DUMP_SECTORS:
```

```
LD    HL,DUMP_MSG    ;Load msg
CALL  PMSG
XOR   A,A            ;Setup for the BIOS below
LD    (IY+TRK),A     ;Start with track 0
LD    (IY+SIDE),A    ;Start on Side A
INC   A
LD    (IY+SCTR),A    ;Start at sector 1
CALL  START_DRIVE_I ;Select for "the current drive" in hardware, Side A
CALL  HOME
CALL  NZ,SHOW_ERRORS ;print out errors if any

CALL  CHECK_WP      ;See if disk is write protected
JP    NZ,END_CMD
```

```
WR_T_OK:
```

```
CALL  ZCRLF
LD    HL,GET_TRACK_MSG ;get required track
CALL  PMSG
CALL  GET_HEX        ;get 2 digits
JP    C,END_CMD
CALL  ZCRLF
LD    B,(IX+NTRKS)   ;Are we within disk range
CP    A,B
JR    C,DGET_SIDES  ;Yes we are
LD    HL,TRACK_ERROR
CALL  PMSG
JP    DUMP_SECTORS ;Try again
```

```
DGET_SIDES:
```

```

LD      (IY+TRK),A      ;Store requested track for below

BIT     4,(IX+HW_BYTE)  ;Is it a 1 or 2 sided disk
JR      Z,GET_START_DSEC ;If 1 sided then skip side question
CALL    ZCRLF

LD      HL,GET_SIDE_MSG ;get required track
CALL    PMSG
CALL    GETCMD          ;get the input option
CP      A,ESC          ;Abort if ESC character
JP      Z,END_CMD
CP      A,'B'
JR      NZ,DMUST_BE_A
LD      A,02H          ;Set to side B Flag (Started off with 0=A)
LD      (IY+SIDE),A
JR      GET_START_DSEC

DMUST_BE_A:
CP      A,'A'
JR      Z,GET_START_DSEC ;Already on A
LD      HL,SIDE_ERROR
CALL    PMSG
JP      DUMP_SECTORS    ;Try again

GET_START_DSEC:
LD      HL,GET_SEC_MSG  ;Get starting sector
CALL    PMSG
CALL    GET_HEX        ;get 2 digits
JP      C,END_CMD
CALL    ZCRLF
LD      B,(IX+NSCTRS)  ;Are we within disk range
CP      A,B
JR      C,DSTARTI     ;Yes we are

DSTART0:LD      HL,SEC_ERROR

```

```

CALL PMSG
JP DUMP_SECTORS ;Try again
DSTART1:OR A,A ;Sectors numbered 1,2,3...
JR Z,DSTART0

LD (IY+SCTR),A ;Store start sector

LD HL,SEC_COUNT_MSG ;Get no. of sectors to write
CALL PMSG
CALL GET_HEX ;get 2 digits
JP NC,DSTART2
DSTART3:
LD HL,SEC_COUNT_ERR
CALL PMSG
JP END_CMD
DSTART2:OR A,A ;cannot have 0 sectors
JR Z,DSTART3

LD (SEC_COUNT),A ;store count of sectors

LD HL,GET_DMAD_MSG ;Get DMA Aaddress
CALL PMSG
CALL GET_HEX4 ;get 4 digits
JP NC,DSTART4
LD HL,RAM_ERROR
CALL PMSG
JP END_CMD
DSTART4:
LD (TADDR),HL ;Store the DMA address
CALL SET_SIDE ;Update the side hardware (if required)
MORE_DUMP:
CALL SEEK_TRACK_V ;seek to the new track position (verify)
CALL NZ,SHOW_ERRORS ;if any show error flags

```

;

```
LD    HL,DUMPING_MSG
CALL  PMSG
CALL  SHOW_TSS_LOC
LD    HL,DUMPINGI_MSG
CALL  PMSG
LD    HL,(TADDR)
LD    A,H
CALL  PACC
LD    A,L
CALL  PACC
LD    HL,H_MSG           ;H. at end of message
CALL  PMSG

CALL  WRITE_SECTOR      ;<<<<<<< WRITE I SECTOR >>>>>
CALL  NZ,SHOW_ERRORS    ;if any, show error flags
```

;

```
LD    HL,(DMA_NEXT)    ;Update the next RAM location
LD    (TADDR),HL

LD    A,(SEC_COUNT)
DEC   A
JR    Z,DONE_DUMP_OK
LD    (SEC_COUNT),A    ;Store for next time

INC   (IY+SCTR)        ;Get next sector
LD    A,(IY+SCTR)
DEC   A                ;Because sectors are numbered 1,2,3...
CP    A,(IX+NSCTRS)    ;Have we done a complete track yet
JR    NZ,DSECTRK_OK

LD    A,I              ;Back to sector I no matter what
LD    (IY+SCTR),A      ;Store for loop test
```

```

    INC    (IY+TRK)      ;Need to bump track up one
    LD     A,(IY+TRK)
    CP     A,(IX+NTRKS)  ;Are we at the end yet
    JR     Z,ERROR_DUMP ;Ran out of tracks
;
DSECTRK_OK:
    CALL   CHECKABORT   ;SP will halt, ESC will abort
    JR     NZ,DONE_LX
    JP     MORE_DUMP    ;Loop until abort or all sectors are done
DONE_LX:LD  A,(CRTDISP) ;If detailed CRT display is on then one ESC
    OR     A,A           ;will switch it off
    JP     Z,END_CMD    ;If Z do not list the sector contents.
    XOR    A,A          ;just turn it off. Next time a real abort.
    LD     (CRTDISP),A
    JP     MORE_DUMP
;
DONE_DUMP_OK:
    LD     HL,DUMP_DONE_MSG
    CALL   PMSG
    JP     END_CMD
;
ERROR_DUMP:
    LD     HL,ERR_TK_MSG
    CALL   PMSG
    JP     END_CMD
;
;
;***** CURRENT DISK, FORMAT ROUTINE *****
;
FORMAT_DISK:
    LD     (IX_OLD_STORE),IX ;Save current IX in case of an abort

```

```

BIT    5,(IX+HW_BYTE)      ;See if current selected disk is 5" or 8"
JR     NZ,FORM_TABLE5
CALL   GET_TABLE_8        ;Setup IX to (new) table parameters for 8"
JR     Z,TABLE_OK
LD     HL,BADCMD
CALL   PMSG
JR     FABORT
FORM_TABLE5:
CALL   GET_TABLE_5        ;Setup IX to (new) table parameters for 5"
JR     Z,TABLE_OK
LD     HL,BADCMD
CALL   PMSG
JR     FABORT
TABLE_OK:
LD     HL,FORMATTING_MSG
CALL   PMSG
PUSH   IX                 ;IX->HL
POP    HL
LD     DE,TITLE           ;add in offset
ADD    HL,DE              ;HL now points to the title entry of the selected disk
CALL   PMSG

CALL   START_DRIVE_I      ;Select for "the current drive" in hardware, Side A
CALL   HOME               ;Restore disk head
CALL   NZ,SHOW_ERRORS     ;print out errors if any

CALL   CHECK_WP           ;See if disk is write protected
JP     Z,FORMWVP_OK       ;Go to the core test routine
LD     IX,(IX_OLD_STORE)  ;Nothing altered go back to main menu
FABORT:CALL START_DRIVE_I  ;RE-select to old drive disk format, Side A
LD     A,(CMD_STORE)      ;So we dont pick up other menu menu items on
RET                                         ;return back to MENU

```


FORMWP_OK:

```
LD    HL,FBUFFER      ;Will build the complete sector image here
LD    (TADDR),HL     ;Store the pointer here.

LD    A,I
LD    (IY+SCTR),A    ;Start at sector I
XOR   A,A             ;Setup for the BIOS below
LD    (IY+SIDE),A    ;Start on Side A
CALL  SET_SIDE       ;Make sure IX+HW_BYTE is set for correct side
XOR   A,A

                                           ;Fall through with 0 in [A] for trk 0
```

NEXT_TRK:

```
LD    (IY+TRK),A     ;store track info for each loop

CALL  BUILD_TRACK    ;Build a complete track image in RAM

CALL  FORMAT_INFO    ;Display the track if detailed info is on

LD    A,(IY+SIDE)
CP    A,02H          ;If B side no seek necessary
JR    Z,SKIP_SEEK

LD    A,(IY+TRK)     ;Get new track#
CALL  SEEK_TRACK_NV  ;Seek with verify command to 1791/5
CALL  NZ,SHOW_ERRORS ;if any show error flags
```

SKIP_SEEK:

```
LD    DE,FBUFFER     ;Move Start of track image into DE
PUSH  DE             ;save it
LD    HL,(E_GAP4_MARK) ;End+1 of track header
DEC   HL
SBC   HL,DE
EX    DE,HL          ;Count now in DE
```

```

LD    HL,TRACK_SIZE      ;Side step, need to store track byte count
LD    (HL),D            ;for display at end of format etc.
INC   HL
LD    (HL),E
POP   HL                ;DE on stack to --> HL

CALL  WRITE_TRACK       ;<<<< Write track with hardware >>>>
CALL  NZ,SHOW_ERRORS

CALL  CHECKABORT        ;SP will halt, ESC will abort
JR    NZ,CHECK_ABORT

AGAIN1:
LD    A,(IX+HW_BYTE)    ;Check if side B is req
BIT   4,A
JR    Z,AGAIN           ;SS drive go to next track

LD    A,(IY+SIDE)
OR    A,A                ;if 0 we have done A side, now do B
JR    Z,FORM_B_SIDE     ;switch over to B side
XOR   A,A
LD    (IY+SIDE),A
CALL  SET_SIDE          ;update the hardware
JR    AGAIN             ;Need track increase now we are back on side A

FORM_B_SIDE:
LD    A,02H             ;Flag for B side
LD    (IY+SIDE),A
CALL  SET_SIDE          ;Update the hardware
LD    A,(IY+TRK)
JR    NEXT_TRK         ;Do everything again with this track on B side

AGAIN: INC (IY+TRK)     ;What was the last track number just done
LD    A,(IY+TRK)

```

```

CP      A,(IX+NTRKS)          ;Check if we are on the last track
JR      NZ,NEXT_TRK          ;If not then back to updating tracks and doing it again.
;
LD      HL,END_FORM_MSG
CALL    PMSG
LD      HL,TRACK_SIZE
LD      A,(HL)                ;Fill in total byte count of a track
CALL    PACC                  ;Is useful for building tables and track display
INC     HL                    ;was obtained from WRITE_I_TRACK below
LD      A,(HL)
CALL    PACC
LD      HL,END_FORMI_MSG      ;end of formatting
CALL    PMSG

LD      A,(IX+SPECIAL_FLAG)   ;Is any post formatting mods required?
OR      A,A
JR      Z,NO_MODS
CP      A,CPM86_FLAG
CALL    Z,INIT_CPM86          ;Must modify first 5" disk sector for CPM86
NO_MODS:
CALL    START_DRIVE_I         ;Select disk with new IX table format, Side A
LD      A,(CMD_STORE)         ;So we dont pick up other menu menu items on
RET                                         ;return back to MENU
;
CHECK_ABORT:
LD      A,(CRTDISP)           ;If detailed CRT display is on then one ESC
OR      A,A                   ;will switch it off
JP      Z,FORM_ABORT          ;If Z do not list the sector contents.
XOR     A,A                   ;just turn it off. Next time a real abort.
LD      (CRTDISP),A
JR      AGAINI
;
FORM_ABORT:

```

```

LD    HL,FORM_ERRMSG          ;Say error formatting disk
CALL  PMSG
LD    SP,STACK
JP    START                   ;Must abort everything because disk status is unknown
;
;
;

```

; QUICK 8" IBM SSSD FORMAT of a blank disk in B: drive

; This is for quickly making CPM 8" disks. Not really a diagnostic

; This assumes an 8" disk is in B: drive.

;

IBMF_{FORM}_DISK:

```

XOR   A,A
LD    (ERRORS_FLAG),A        ;Will keep tab on errors during this routine

LD    (IX_OLD_STORE),IX     ;Store current disk parameter table
LD    A,(DRIVE_I)           ;Because we may not already be on B:
LD    (DRIVE_STORE),A

LD    HL,IBM_FORMAT
CALL  PMSG

LD    IX,STDSDT             ;Force current drive to 8" IBM SSSD
LD    A,2
LD    (DRIVE_I),A          ;Force B: drive hardware selection
CALL  START_DRIVE_I        ;Select for "the current drive" in hardware, Side A
CALL  HOME                 ;Restore disk head
CALL  NZ,SHOW_ERRORS       ;print out errors if any

CALL  CHECK_WP             ;See if disk is write protected
JP    Z,IBMFFORM_OKI        ;Go to the core routine

LD    IX,(IX_OLD_STORE)    ;Nothing altered go back to main menu

```

```

LD     A,(DRIVE_STORE)
LD     (DRIVE_I),A           ;Get back original drive
CALL   START_DRIVE_I       ;RE-select to old drive disk format, Side A
LD     A,(CMD_STORE)       ;So we dont pick up other menu menu items on
RET                                         ;return back to MENU

```

IBMFORM_OK I:

```

LD     HL,IBMF_FORMATI     ;Formatting started
CALL   PMSG

```

IBMFORM_OK:

```

LD     HL,FBUFFER         ;Will build the complete sector image here
LD     (TADDR),HL        ;Store the pointer here.

LD     A,I
LD     (IY+SCTR),A       ;Start at sector I
XOR    A,A               ;Setup for the BIOS below
LD     (IY+SIDE),A       ;Side A
CALL   SET_SIDE          ;Make sure IX+HW_BYTE is set for correct side
XOR    A,A

                                         ;Fall through with 0 in [A] for trk 0

```

IBM_NEXT_TRK:

```

LD     (IY+TRK),A        ;store track info for each loop
CALL   BUILD_TRACK       ;Build a complete track image in RAM

CALL   SEEK_TRACK_NV     ;Seek with verify command to I79I/5
CALL   NZ,SHOW_ERRORS    ;If any show error flags

LD     HL,FORM_TRK_MSG   ;At track xx
CALL   PMSG
LD     A,(IY+TRK)
CALL   PACC

LD     DE,FBUFFER        ;Move Start of track image into DE

```

```

PUSH  DE                ;save it
LD    HL,(E_GAP4_MARK) ;End+1 of track header
DEC   HL
SBC   HL,DE
EX    DE,HL            ;Count now in DE
POP   HL                ;DE on stack to --> HL

CALL  WRITE_TRACK      ;<<<< Write track with hardware >>>>
CALL  NZ,SHOW_ERRORS

CALL  CHECKABORT       ;SP will halt, ESC will abort
JP    NZ,IBMF_ABORT

INC   (IY+TRK)         ;what was the last track number just done
LD    A,(IY+TRK)
CP    A,(IX+NTRKS)     ;Check if we are on the last track
JR    NZ,IBM_NEXT_TRK ;If not then back to updating tracks and doing it again.
;

LD    HL,COPY_SYSTRKS  ;Do you wish to copy CPM from the system tracks of drive A:
CALL  PMSG
CALL  GETCMD           ;Ask if we wish to continue
CP    A,'Y'
JP    NZ,IBMF_DONE1   ;If not return
LD    HL,COPYING_CPM
CALL  PMSG
LD    A,(IX+SYS_TRKS)
LD    (COPY_TRK_COUNT),A ;Count down 2 tracks

LD    A,I              ;Second drive on A: set (DRIVE_2) to it
LD    (DRIVE_2),A

;
IBM_CPM_LOOP          ;Now copy CPM from A: Drive to B: drive. IX is already 8" IBM
CALL  START_DRIVE_2   ;Select for A: drive in hardware, Side A

```

```

CALL HOME
CALL NZ,SHOW_ERRORS ;print out errors if any

LD A,(COPY_TRK) ;Because home sets TRK to 0
LD (IY+TRK),A

CALL SEEK_TRACK_V
CALL NZ,SHOW_ERRORS ;print out errors if any

LD HL,FBUFFER ;Will build the complete sector image here (5000H)
LD (TADDR),HL ;Store the pointer here.
LD E,I ;Start with 1st sector
LD D,(IX+NSCTRS) ;[D] contains the number of sectors to read
;

CALL MULTI_SEC_RD ;<<<<<< Read multiple sectors
CALL NZ,SHOW_ERRORS ;if any, show error flags
;
;---
; ;<<<<<< WRITE TO Destination drive
CALL START_DRIVE_I ;Select for B: drive in hardware, Side A
CALL HOME ;Not clear why this is needed. Get seek errors without it
CALL NZ,SHOW_ERRORS ;print out errors if any

LD A,(COPY_TRK) ;Because home sets TRK to 0
LD (IY+TRK),A

CALL SEEK_TRACK_V
CALL NZ,SHOW_ERRORS ;print out errors if any

LD HL,FBUFFER ;Will obtain the complete sector image from here
LD (TADDR),HL ;Store the pointer here.
LD E,I ;Start with 1st sector
LD D,(IX+NSCTRS) ;Count of sectors to read

```

```

;
CALL MULTI_SEC_WR          ;<<<<<< Write multiple sectors
CALL NZ,SHOW_ERRORS        ;if any, show error flags
;
LD A,(COPY_TRK)           ;bump up a track
INC A
LD (COPY_TRK),A
LD A,(COPY_TRK_COUNT)     ;Have we more tracks to do
DEC A
LD (COPY_TRK_COUNT),A
JP Z,IBMF_DONE2
;
CALL CHECKABORT           ;SP will halt, ESC will abort
JR NZ,IBMF_DONE1         ;Loop until abort or all tracks done
JP IBM_CPM_LOOP
;
IBMF_DONE2
LD A,(ERRORS_FLAG)        ;Were there errors
OR A,A
JR NZ,IBMF_ABORT
LD HL,END_FORM_MSG2
CALL PMSG
CALL START_DRIVE_I        ;Select for "the current drive" in hardware, Side A
LD A,(CMD_STORE)          ;So we dont pick up other menu menu items on
RET                        ;return back to MENU
;
IBMF_DONE1:
LD A,(ERRORS_FLAG)        ;Were there errors
OR A,A
JR NZ,IBMF_ABORT
LD HL,END_FORM_MSG1
CALL START_DRIVE_I        ;Select for "the current drive" in hardware, Side A
LD A,(CMD_STORE)          ;So we dont pick up other menu menu items on

```



```

RET                                ;return back to MENU
;
IBMF_ABORT:
LD    HL,FORM_ERRMSG              ;Say error formatting disk
CALL  PMSG
LD    SP,STACK
JP    START                       ;Must abort everything because disk status is unknown
;
;
;
;

```

```

;***** DISK TO DISK COPY *****

```

```

; Unlike much of this program, this module is somewhat hardware specific in that it assumes
; the source and destination disks are identical and are using the SAME disk formats.
; Normal they are 8" drives but it should be OK with two 5" drives as well. (5" was not tested)
; I decided not to use whole track R/W's because there is no CRC error checking of the data.
; Uses the 1791/5 multi sector read command. Will do both sides if DS disk
;

```

```

COPY_DISK:
XOR   A,A
LD    (ERRORS_FLAG),A            ;Will keep tab on errors during this routine

LD    HL,COPY_MSG                ;Announce the disk copy msg
CALL  PMSG
XOR   A,A                        ;Setup for the BIOS below
LD    (IY+TRK),A                ;Start with track 0
LD    (COPY_TRK),A
LD    (IY+SIDE),A               ;Start on Side A
CALL  START_DRIVE_I             ;Start "the current drive" hardware, Side A
CALL  HOME
CALL  NZ,SHOW_ERRORS            ;print out errors if any
JP    NZ,DONE_COPY
;

```

```

GET_CDEST:                                ;<<< DESTINATION DRIVE
    LD    HL,COPY2_MSG                      ;Destination disk
    CALL  PMSG
    CALL  SELECT_DR_2                       ;Get second drive, put it in (DRIVE_2)
    CP    A,0FFH
    JR    Z,GET_CDEST                       ;Invalid drive, start over
    CP    A,ESC
    JP    Z,DONE_COPY

;
FORMATS_OK:
    CALL  START_DRIVE_2                     ;Select for second drive in hardware, Side A
    CALL  HOME
    CALL  NZ,SHOW_ERRORS                    ;print out errors if any
    JP    NZ,DONE_COPY                       ;if errors abort

    CALL  CHECK_WP                          ;See if disk is write protected
    JP    NZ,DONE_COPY                       ;Abort if second drive is write protected

;
COPYWP_OK:
    LD    HL,HOW_MANY_TRKS
    CALL  PMSG
    CALL  GETCMD
    CP    A,ESC                             ;Abort if ESC character
    JP    Z,DONE_COPY
    CP    A,'S'
    JR    NZ,NOT_S
    LD    A,2
    JR    GOT_TRK_CNT
NOT_S:  CP    A,'A'
    JR    NZ,NOT_ALL
    LD    A,(IX+NTRKS)
    JR    GOT_TRK_CNT
NOT_ALL:LD    HL,INVALID_TRK_CT             ;Must be S or All

```

```

CALL PMSG
JR COPYWP_OK
;
GOT_TRK_CNT:
LD (COPY_TRK_COUNT),A ;Store number or tracks to copy

COPY_R_LOOP: ;<<<<< READ FROM Source drive
CALL START_DRIVE_1 ;Select for "the current drive" in hardware, Side A
CALL SET_SIDE ;Make sure drive is set for correct side
CALL HOME
CALL NZ,SHOW_ERRORS ;print out errors if any

LD A,(COPY_TRK) ;Because home sets TRK to 0
LD (IY+TRK),A

CALL SEEK_TRACK_V ;Get appropriate track
CALL NZ,SHOW_ERRORS ;not clear why this is so.

LD HL,COPY_AT_TRK
CALL PMSG
CALL SHOW_TS_LOC ;Announce current Track. Shows current (TRK)

LD HL,FBUFFER ;Will build the complete sector image here (5000H)
LD (TADDR),HL ;Store the pointer here.
LD E,I ;Start with 1st sector
LD D,(IX+NSCTRS) ;[D] contains the number of sectors to read
;
CALL MULTI_SEC_RD ;<<<<<< Read multiple sectors
CALL NZ,SHOW_ERRORS ;if any, show error flags
;
;---
; ;<<<<< WRITE TO Destination drive
CALL START_DRIVE_2 ;Start "the second drive" in hardware, Side A

```

```

CALL SET_SIDE ;Update the side hardware
CALL HOME ;Not clear why this is needed. Get seek errors without it
CALL NZ,SHOW_ERRORS ;print out errors if any

LD A,(COPY_TRK) ;Because home sets TRK to 0
LD (IY+TRK),A

CALL SEEK_TRACK_V ;Get appropriate track
CALL NZ,SHOW_ERRORS ;not clear why this is so.

LD HL,WRITE_AT_TRK
CALL PMSG
CALL SHOW_TS_LOC ;Announce current Track. Shows current (TRK)

LD HL,FBUFFER ;Will obtain the complete sector image from here
LD (TADDR),HL ;Store the pointer here.
LD E,I ;Start with 1st sector
LD D,(IX+NSCTRS) ;Count of sectors to read

;
CALL MULTI_SEC_WR ;<<<<<< Write multiple sectors
CALL NZ,SHOW_ERRORS ;if any, show error flags

;
CALL SWAP_SIDES ;Sides swap check
JR NZ,R_TRK_OK ;if B side (NZ), same track

; ;Else see if more tracks are required
LD A,(COPY_TRK) ;bump up a track
INC A
LD (COPY_TRK),A
LD A,(COPY_TRK_COUNT) ;Have we more tracks to do
DEC A
LD (COPY_TRK_COUNT),A
JP Z,DONE_COPY2

;

```

```

R_TRK_OK:
    CALL    CHECKABORT        ;SP will halt, ESC will abort
    JR      NZ,DONE_COPY      ;Loop until abort or all tracks done
    JP      COPY_R_LOOP

;

DONE_COPY2:                    ;We are done restore both drives
    LD      A,(ERRORS_FLAG)    ;Were there errors
    OR      A,A
    JR      NZ,BAD_COPY
    LD      HL,COPYING_DONE    ;Announce we are finished
    CALL    PMSG

DONE_COPY:
    CALL    START_DRIVE_I      ;Select for "the current drive" in hardware, Side A
    JP      END_CMD

;

BAD_COPY:LD    HL,BAD_COPY_MSG    ;errors seen so say bad copy
    CALL    PMSG
    JR      DONE_COPY

;

;***** VERIFY TWO DISKS ARE THE SAME SECTOR BY SECTOR*****
; This module assumes the disks sizes are identical and are using the same disk formats.
; Normal they are 8" drives but it should be OK with two 5" drives as well. (5" was not tested)
;

VERIFY_DISK:
    LD      HL,VERIFY_MSG      ;Announce the disk copy msg
    CALI    PMSG
    XOR     A,A                ;Setup for the BIOS below
    LD      (IY+TRK),A         ;Start with track 0
    LD      (COPY_TRK),A
    LD      (IY+SIDE),A       ;Start on Side A of A:
    INC     A
    LD      (IY+SCTR),A       ;Start at sector 1
    CALL    START_DRIVE_I     ;Start the drive hardware (A side)

```

```

CALL HOME
CALL NZ,SHOW_ERRORS ;print out errors if any
JP NZ,END_CMD
;
GET_VDEST: ;<<< DESTINATION DRIVE
LD HL,VERIFY2_MSG ;Destination disk
CALL PMSG
CALL SELECT_DR_2 ;Ask user which drive for second drive
CP A,0FFH ;Note IX will be the same for both disks
JR Z,GET_VDEST ;Invalid drive, start over
CP A,ESC
JP Z,END_CMD
;
HOW_MANY:
LD HL,HOW_MANY_TRKS
CALL PMSG
CALL GETCMD
CP A,ESC ;Abort if ESC character
JP Z,END_CMD
CP A,'S'
JR NZ,NOT_VS
LD A,2
JR VGOT_TRK_CNT
NOT_VS: CP A,'A'
JR NZ,NOT_VALL
LD A,(IX+NTRKS)
JR VGOT_TRK_CNT
NOT_VALL:
LD HL,INVALID_TRK_CT ;Must be S or All
CALL PMSG
JR HOW_MANY
;
VGOT_TRK_CNT:

```

```

LD      (COPY_TRK_COUNT),A    ;Store number or tracks to copy
;
VERIFY_R_LOOP:
CALL    START_DRIVE_1        ;Start the drive hardware (A side)
CALL    SET_SIDE             ;Update the side hardware
LD      A,(IY+SCTR)          ;Is it a new track
CP      A,I
JR      NZ,VR_1
CALL    HOME                 ;If a new track need to seek
CALL    NZ,SHOW_ERRORS       ;If any show error flags
LD      A,(COPY_TRK)
LD      (IY+TRK),A

CALL    SEEK_TRACK_V         ;seek to the new track position
CALL    NZ,SHOW_ERRORS       ;If any show error flags
VR_1:
LD      HL,READ_AT_TRK
CALL    PMSG
CALL    SHOW_TSS_LOC         ;Announce current Track/Sec

LD      HL,FBUFFER           ;Will place the complete sector image here (5000H)
LD      (TADDR),HL          ;Store the pointer here.
;
CALL    READ_SECTOR          ;<<<<<< Read sector of A: Drive>>>>>>
CALL    NZ,SHOW_ERRORS       ;If any, show error flags
;
CALL    START_DRIVE_2        ;Start the drive hardware (A side)
CALL    SET_SIDE             ;Update the side hardware -- assume side A only
LD      A,(IY+SCTR)          ;Is it a new track
CP      A,I
JR      NZ,VR_2
CALL    HOME                 ;Not clear why but get a seek error without this!
CALL    NZ,SHOW_ERRORS       ;If any, show error flags

```

```

LD      A,(COPY_TRK)
LD      (IY+TRK),A

CALL    SEEK_TRACK_V      ;seek to the new track position
CALL    NZ,SHOW_ERRORS    ;if any show error flags

VR_2:
LD      HL,VERIFY_AT_TRK
CALL    PMSG
CALL    SHOW_TSS_LOC      ;Announce current Track

LD      HL,FBUFFER2      ;Will place the complete sector image here (5000H)
LD      (TADDR),HL      ;Store the pointer here.

CALL    READ_SECTOR      ;<<<<<< Read sector on B: Drive
CALL    NZ,SHOW_ERRORS    ;if any, show error flags

;

CALL    CMP_BUFFERS      ;Check for errors
JR      Z,VCOMPARE_OK
LD      HL,SEC_V_ERROR    ;R/W Error found
CALL    PMSG
CALL    SHOW_TSS_LOC      ;trk,sec,head

VCOMPARE_OK:
CALL    CHECKABORT      ;SP will halt, ESC will abort
JP      NZ,DONE_VERIFYI    ;Abort if requested

INC     (IY+SCTR)        ;Get next sector
LD      A,(IY+SCTR)
DEC     A                ;Because sectors are numbered 1,2,3...
CP      A,(IX+NSCTRS)    ;Have we done a complete track yet
JP      NZ,VERIFY_R_LOOP

CALL    SWAP_SIDES      ;Sides swap check

```

```

LD    A,I                ;Back to sector 1 no matter what
LD    (IY+SCTR),A        ;Store for loop test
JP    NZ,VERIFY_R_LOOP   ;If B side (NZ), same track, back to sec 1

LD    A,(COPY_TRK)       ;bump up a track
INC   A
LD    (COPY_TRK),A
LD    A,(COPY_TRK_COUNT) ;Have we more tracks to do
DEC   A
LD    (COPY_TRK_COUNT),A
JP    NZ,VERIFY_R_LOOP

```

;

```

END_VERIFY:                ;We are done restore both drives

```

```

    LD    HL,VERIFY_DONE

```

```

    CALL PMSG

```

;

```

DONE_VERIFY1:

```

```

    CALL START_DRIVE_I     ;Start the drive hardware (A side)

```

```

    CALL HOME              ;Will set TRK to 0

```

```

    CALL NZ,SHOW_ERRORS    ;print out errors if any

```

```

    LD    A,(CMD_STORE)    ;So we dont pick up other menu items

```

```

    RET                    ;Back to main menu

```

;

;

;

; This routine will copy the CPM system tracks FROM another current disk and writes it TO

; the current disk. Its just a modification of COPY_DISK where the number of tracks set aside

; is picked off from the Disk paramater table

; It should be OK with any disk format but so far has just been checked out on

; standard 8" SSSD IBM 3740 disks. Both disks must use the same format. (untested for 5" disks)

;

```

COPY_CPM3_SYS:

```

```

    XOR   A,A

```

```

LD      (ERRORS_FLAG),A          ;Will keep tab on errors during this routine

LD      HL,SYS_COPY_MSG
CALL    PMSG
XOR     A,A                      ;Setup for the BIOS below
LD      (IY+TRK),A              ;Start with track 0
LD      (COPY_TRK),A
LD      (IY+SIDE),A            ;Start on Side A

CALL    START_DRIVE_1          ;Start the drive hardware (A side)
CALL    HOME
CALL    NZ,SHOW_ERRORS         ;print out errors if any
JP      NZ,END_CMD

CALL    CHECK_WP               ;See if disk is write protected
JP      NZ,END_CMD

GET_SDEST:                      ;<<< SOURCE DRIVE
LD      HL,SYS_COPY_MSGI       ;Source disk of CPM
CALL    PMSG
CALL    SELECT_DR_2            ;Ask user which drive to get the CPM system tracks from
CP      A,0FFH                 ;Note IX will be the same for both disks
JR      Z,GET_SDEST           ;Invalid drive, start over
CP      A,ESC
JP      Z,END_CMD

CALL    START_DRIVE_2          ;Start the drive hardware (A side)
CALL    HOME
CALL    NZ,SHOW_ERRORS         ;print out errors if any
JP      NZ,END_CMD

COPYWP_SOK:
LD      A,(IX+SYS_TRKS)        ;How many tracks for CPM system on this disk

```

```

LD      (COPY_TRK_COUNT),A      ;Store number or tracks to copy

SYS_R_LOOP:                      ;<<<<< READ FROM Source drive

CALL    START_DRIVE_2           ;Start the source drive hardware (A side)
CALL    SET_SIDE                ;Make sure IX+HW_BYTE is set for correct side
CALL    HOME
CALL    NZ,SHOW_ERRORS          ;print out errors if any

LD      A,(COPY_TRK)            ;Because home sets TRK to 0
LD      (IY+TRK),A
CALL    SEEK_TRACK_V
CALL    NZ,SHOW_ERRORS          ;print out errors if any

LD      HL,COPY_SYS_TRK
CALL    PMSG
CALL    SHOW_TS_LOC             ;Announce current Track. Shows current (TRK)

LD      HL,FBUFFER              ;Will build the complete sector image here (5000H)
LD      (TADDR),HL              ;Store the pointer here.
LD      E,I                      ;Start with 1st sector
LD      D,(IX+NSCTRS)           ;[D] contains the number of sectors to read
;
CALL    MULTI_SEC_RD            ;<<<<<< Read multiple sectors
CALL    NZ,SHOW_ERRORS          ;if any, show error flags
;
;--
;                                ;<<<<<< WRITE TO Destination drive
CALL    START_DRIVE_I           ;Start the destination drive hardware (A side)
CALL    SET_SIDE                ;Update the side hardware (A)
CALL    HOME                    ;Not clear why this is needed. Get seek errors without it
CALL    NZ,SHOW_ERRORS          ;print out errors if any

LD      A,(COPY_TRK)            ;Because home sets TRK to 0

```

```

LD      (IY+TRK),A
CALL    SEEK_TRACK_V
CALL    NZ,SHOW_ERRORS          ;print out errors if any

LD      HL,WRITE_SYS_TRK
CALL    PMSG
CALL    SHOW_TS_LOC            ;Shows current (TRK,SIDE)

LD      HL,FBUFFER            ;Will obtain the complete sector image from here
LD      (TADDR),HL           ;Store the pointer here.
LD      E,I                   ;Start with 1st sector
LD      D,(IX+NSCTRS)        ;Count of sectors to read
;

CALL    MULTI_SEC_WR          ;<<<<<< Write multiple sectors
CALL    NZ,SHOW_ERRORS        ;if any, show error flags
;

CALL    SWAP_SIDES           ;Sides swap check
JR      NZ,R_TRK_SOK         ;If B side (NZ), same track
;                               ;Else see if more tracks are required
LD      A,(COPY_TRK)         ;bump up a track
INC     A
LD      (COPY_TRK),A
LD      A,(COPY_TRK_COUNT)   ;Have we more tracks to do
DEC     A
LD      (COPY_TRK_COUNT),A
JP      Z,DONE_SYS2
;

R_TRK_SOK:
CALL    CHECKABORT           ;SP will halt, ESC will abort
JR      NZ,DONE_SYS1         ;Loop until abort or all tracks done
JP      SYS_R_LOOP
;

DONE_SYS2:                   ;We are done restore both drives

```

```

LD      A,(ERRORS_FLAG)          ;Were there errors
OR      A,A
JR      NZ,ERROR_SYS3
LD      HL,DONE_SYS_MSG          ;Announce we are finished
CALL    PMSG
DONE_SYS1:
CALL    START_DRIVE_I           ;Start the source drive hardware (A side)
CALL    HOME                     ;Will set TRK to 0
CALL    NZ,SHOW_ERRORS           ;print out errors if any
LD      A,(CMD_STORE)            ;So we dont pick up other menu items
RET                                           ;Back to main menu
;
ERROR_SYS3:
LD      HL,ERRORS_SEEN          ;errors encountered
CALL    PMSG
JR      DONE_SYS1
;
;
;
;=====
;===== 1791/5 COMMAND ROUTINES =====
;=====
;
; SEND A RESTORE COMMAND FOR THE CURRENT DISK.
; On return: Z if no errors. NZ if errors with errors in (ERSTAT)and [A]
; Note (TRK) IS set to 0, (IX+HW_BYTE) SIDE_BIT (7) is not changed
;
HOME: LD      A,HOME_ERR_MASK      ;Error mask for Type I RESTORE CMD
      LD      (ERMASK),A          ;Save error mask for end/error routine
      XOR    A,A
      LD      (IY+TRK),A
HOME2: IN     A,(STATUS)

```

```

AND    A,I
JR     NZ,HOME2           ;Wait until I791/5 is ready
CALL   WAIT_OFF          ;Disable Wait State Hardware (just in case it is on)
LD     A,RSCMD
LD     (CHIP_CMDSV),A    ;Store it in case error flags are to be shown
OUT    (CMD),A
CALL   END_ROUTINE      ;Wait, check status and return
RET

```

;

;

; SEND A HEAD STEP-IN COMMAND TO THE CURRENT DRIVE

; On return: Z if no errors. NZ if errors with errors in (ERSTAT)and [A]

; Note (TRK) is NOT updated to new track position, (IX+HW_BYTE) SIDE_BIT (7) is unchanged

;

STEP_IN_CMD:

```

LD     A,SIN_ERR_MASK    ;Error mask for Type I CMD
LD     (ERMASK),A        ;Save error mask for end/error routine
LD     A,STEPIN          ;Send Step-in (with verify) CMD
LD     (CHIP_CMDSV),A    ;Store it in case error flags are to be shown

```

STEP_IN2:

```

IN     A,(STATUS)
AND    A,I
JR     NZ,STEP_IN2      ;Wait until I791/5 is ready
CALL   WAIT_OFF          ;Disable Wait State Hardware (just in case it is on)
LD     A,STEPIN
LD     (CHIP_CMDSV),A    ;Store it in case error flags are to be shown
OUT    (CMD),A
CALL   END_ROUTINE      ;Wait, check status and return
RET

```

;

; Seek with track WITH verify. Assumes valid track in (TRK)

; On return: Z if no errors. NZ if errors, (ERSTAT)and [A] has errors

; Note (TRK) is NOT updated to new track position

;

SEEK_TRACK_V:

```
LD    A,SK_ERR_MASK      ;Error mask for Type I Seek CMD
LD    (ERMASK),A         ;Save error mask for end/error routine
LD    A,SKCMD            ;Send seek (with verify) CMD
LD    (CHIP_CMDSV),A     ;Store it in case error flags are to be shown
LD    A,SEEK_RETRY_MAX   ;In case of errors will retry seeking
LD    (SEEK_RT_COUNT),A  ;a few times
JR    SEEK_TRK
```

;

;

; Seek track with NO verify. Assumes valid track in (TRK)

; On return: Z if no errors. NZ if errors, (ERSTAT)and [A] has errors

; Note (TRK) is NOT updated to new track position

;

SEEK_TRACK_NV:

```
LD    A,SK_ERR_MASK      ;Error mask for Type I Seek CMD
LD    (ERMASK),A         ;Save error mask for end/error routine
LD    A,SKNCMD           ;Send seek CMD ((with NO verify)
LD    (CHIP_CMDSV),A     ;Store it in case error flags are to be shown
LD    A,SEEK_RETRY_MAX   ;In case of errors will retry seeking
LD    (SEEK_RT_COUNT),A  ;a few times
```

SEEK_TRK:

```
IN    A,(STATUS)
AND   A,I
JR    NZ,SEEK_TRK        ;wait until 1791/5 is ready
CALL  WAIT_OFF           ;Disable Wait State Hardware (in case it was on)
LD    A,(IY+TRK)         ;Send required track to 1791/5
OUT   (DATA),A
LD    A,(CHIP_CMDSV)     ;Was it a seek or seek_nv
OUT   (CMD),A           ;Send seek cmd
CALL  END_ROUTINE        ;Wait, check status and return
```

```

RET    Z                                ;Return if no errors

LD     A,(SEEK_RT_COUNT)

DEC    A                                ;Retrys 2,1... Will reseek

LD     (SEEK_RT_COUNT),A

JR     Z,BAD_SEEK

JR     SEEK_TRK                          ;Try re-reading the sector

BAD_SEEK:

XOR    A,A

DEC    A                                ;Set to NZ

LD     A,(ERSTAT)

RET

;

;

;

;

; Read an ID from the track. Assumes valid track in (TRK)

; Note any Sector ID from the track will be obtained depending where the head falls

; The currently selected side at (SIDE) is read

;

READ_ID:LD    A,ID_ERR_MASK

        LD     (ERMASK),A                ;Store for error display

RDSC_I: IN    A,(STATUS)

        AND    A,I

        JR     NZ,RDSC_I                ;wait until 1791/5 is ready

        LD     HL,IDSV                  ;Will store the 6 bytes here

        LD     BC,600H+DATA             ;6 bytes in B, Data port in C below

        CALL   WAIT_ON                  ;Enable hardware wait states

        LD     A,RDACMD                 ;Send the Read Track ID CMD

        LD     (CHIP_CMDSV),A           ;Store it in case error flags are to be shown

        DI                                ;just in case

        OUT    (CMD),A

        JR     MM2                      ;Slight delay

```



```

MM2: JR      MM3
MM3: INIR                                ;Block input 6 bytes
      EI
      CALL  END_ROUTINE                  ;Wait, turn off wait hware, check status
      RET                                  ;and return
;
;
;
; <<< CORE SECTOR READ ROUTINE>>>. Assumes valid track in (TRK)&(SEC)
; Address in (TADDR). The currently selected side at (SIDE) is setup
; Note: (TADDR) is unaltered, (DMA_NEXT) is updated for repetative calls to this routine
;

```

READ_SECTOR:

```

      LD    A,RS_ERR_MASK ;Error mask from 1791/5 after read is done
      LD    (ERMASK),A
      LD    A,SEC_RETRY_MAX ;In case of errors will retry reading sector
      LD    (SEC_RT_COUNT),A ;a few times

```

AGAIN_RD:

```

      LD    HL,(TADDR) ;Deposit sector info here
      LD    A,(IY+SCTR)
      OUT   (SECTOR),A
      LD    C,DATA ;C = DATA port for INIR below
      CALL  WAIT_ON

```

if CHIP_1791

```

      LD    A,RDCMD91 ;Read sector command to 1791
      LD    (CHIP_CMDSV),A ;store cmd here for Error display (if any)

```

endif

if CHIP_1795

```

      LD    A,RDCMD95 ;Read sector command to 1795
      LD    (CHIP_CMDSV),A ;store cmd here for Error display (if any)
      OR    A,(IY+SIDE) ;If B side, need to OR in bit I (02H).

```

endif

```
DI
OUT (CMD),A
LD A,(IX+SIZE) ;128=0,256=1,512=2 or 1024=3 byte sector size
LD B,NBYTES
OR A,A ;Block input [B] Bytes->[HL] from port [C]
JR Z,R128256 ;Do 128 byte read
LD B,0
CP A,1
JR Z,R128256 ;Do 256 byte read
CP A,2
JR Z,R512 ;Do 512 byte read
INIR ;Must be 1024 byte sectors so 4X256
INIR
R512: INIR ;256X2 bytes
R128256:INIR ;128 or 256 bytes (B=128 or 0)
EI
LD (DMA_NEXT),HL ;Store next byte of DMA
CALL END_ROUTINE ;Wait, turn off wait hware, check status and return
RET Z ;RET Z if all is OK
;Read failed. Do we retry again
LD A,(CRTDISP) ;Check if detailed display flag is on
OR A,A
JR Z,MM6
LD HL,SEC_READ_RETRY ;'Re-reading SECTOR XXH.'
CALL PMSG
LD A,(IY+SCTR)
CALL PACC
LD HL,H_MSG
CALL PMSG
MM6: LD A,(SEC_RT_COUNT)
DEC A ;Retrys 4,3 2,1... Will reseek on 3rd re-read try
```

```

LD      (SEC_RT_COUNT),A
JR      Z,BAD_RD
CP      A,2
JR      NZ,AGAIN_RD      ;Try re-reading the sector
LD      A,(CRTDISP)      ;Check if detailed display flag is on
OR      A,A
JR      Z,MM7B
LD      HL,SEC_RH_RETRY      ;'Re-Seeking head for re-reading SECTOR XXH.'
CALL    PMSG
LD      A,(IY+SCTR)
CALL    PACC
LD      HL,H_MSG
CALL    PMSG
MM7B:
LD      A,(IY+TRK)      ;If it failed a second time, home, reseek and try again
PUSH    AF      ;Save TRK because HOME sets it to 0
CALL    HOME      ;Restore to track 0 (Note assumes TRK is unchanged in HOME)
POP     AF
LD      (IY+TRK),A
CALL    SEEK_TRACK_V      ;Re-seek to track
JP      AGAIN_RD
BAD_RD XOR A,A
DEC     A      ;Set to NZ
LD      A,(ERSTAT)
RET

```

;

;

; Multi_sector Read of ALL sectors on a TRACK. Assumes head is over relevent track in (TRK)

; Will place data at (TADDR). The currently selected side at (SIDE) is read.

; (DMA_NEXT) is updated for repetative calls to this routine

; [D] = the number of sectors (Max IX+NSCTRS), [E] = the starting sector number.

; Note this can be easily modified for CPM3 to multi sector write by adjusting [D] & [E].

; Also note, actual timing for data I/O is quite tight for slow CPU's. Thus the strange layout.

;

MULTI_SEC_RD:

```
LD    A,MRS_ERR_MASK           ;Setup for error checking
LD    (ERMASK),A
LD    HL,(TADDR)
LD    A,(IY+TRK)
OUT   (TRACK),A
LD    A,E                       ;first sector (usually 1)
LD    (IY+SCTR),A              ;For error dump (Actually error could be any sector on the track)
OUT   (SECTOR),A
LD    C,DATA                    ;C = DATA port for INIR below
```

```
CALL  WAIT_ON                  ;Turn on VII board wait state hardware
```

if CHIP_1791

```
LD    A,RDCMD91                ;Read sector command to 1791
LD    (CHIP_CMDSV),A           ;store cmd here for Error display (if any)
```

endif

if CHIP_1795

```
LD    A,RDCMD95                ;Read sector command to 1795
LD    (CHIP_CMDSV),A           ;store cmd here for Error display (if any)
OR    A,(IY+SIDE)              ;If B side, need to OR in bit 1 (02H).
```

endif

```
SET   4,A                       ;Set "Multi sec bit"
PUSH  AF                         ;Store until we get sec size info
DI                                         ;Disable Interrupts
```

;

```
LD    A,(IX+SIZE)              ;128=0,256=1,512=2 or 1024=3 byte sector size
OR    A,A                       ;Block input [B] Bytes->[HL] from port [C]
JR    Z,MR128                  ;Do 128 byte read
CP    A,I
```

```

JR      Z,MR256          ;Do 256 byte read
CP      A,2
JR      Z,MR512         ;Do 512 byte read
JR      MR1K            ;Must be 1K sectors

MR128: LD      B,128
        POP     AF
        OUT    (CMD),A  ;send it to the 179x CMD port immediatly
MR128A: INIR          ;128 bytes (B=128)
        LD      B,128
        DEC     D
        JR      NZ,MR128A
        JR      DONE_MR

MR256: LD      B,0
        POP     AF
        OUT    (CMD),A  ;send it to the 179x CMD port immediatly
MR256A: INIR          ;256 bytes
        LD      B,0
        DEC     D
        JR      NZ,MR256A
        JR      DONE_MR

MR512: LD      B,0
        POP     AF
        OUT    (CMD),A  ;send it to the 179x CMD port immediatly
MR512A: INIR          ;512 = 256x2
        INIR
        LD      B,0
        DEC     D
        JR      NZ,MR512A
        JR      DONE_MR

```

```

MRIK: LD B,0
      POP AF
      OUT (CMD),A ;send it to the 179x CMD port immediatly
MRIKA: INIR ;IK = 256x4
      INIR
      INIR
      INIR
      LD B,0
      DEC D
      JR NZ,MRIKA
      JR DONE_MR

```

DONE_MR:

```

EI
LD (DMA_NEXT),HL ;Store "next location". Used by other routines
CALL END_ROUTINE ;Wait, turn off wait hware, check status and return
RET Z ;RET Z if all is OK
XOR A,A
DEC A ;Set to NZ
LD A,(ERSTAT) ;Return with error bits
RET

```

;

;

; Read Track. Assumes head is over relevent track in (TRK)

; Will place data at (TADDR)

; The currently selected side at (SIDE) is read

; The total size of a track in bytes is in [DE]

READ_TRACK:

```

LD A,RT_ERR_MASK ;Setup for error checking
LD (ERMASK),A
LD HL,(TADDR)
LD A,(IY+TRK)

```

```

OUT   (TRACK),A
CALL  WAIT_ON                ;Turn on VII board wait state hardware
LD    A,RDTCMD               ;setup for I79x read track command
LD    (CHIP_CMDSV),A        ;Store it in case error flags are to be shown
DI                                         ;Disable Interrupts
OUT   (CMD),A                ;send it to the I79x CMD port
JR    MM7                    ;Slight delay
MM7:  JR    R_LOOP

```

```

R_LOOP:  IN    A,(DATA)        ;Get all track bytes
        LD    (HL),A
        INC  HL
        DEC  DE                ;Track size is in DE
        LD    A,E
        OR   A,A
        JR   NZ,R_LOOP
        OR   A,D
        JR   NZ,R_LOOP        ;Have we sent DE bytes yet
        EI
        CALL END_ROUTINE      ;Wait, turn off wait hware, check status and return
        RET  Z                ;RET Z if all is OK
        XOR  A,A
        DEC  A                ;Set to NZ
        LD   A,(ERSTAT)       ;Return with error bits
        RET

```

;

;

; <<< CORE SECTOR WRITE ROUTINE >>> . Assumes valid track in (TRK) & (SEC)

; Address in (TADDR). The currently selected side at (SIDE) is setup

; Note: (TADDR) is unaltered, (DMA_NEXT) is updated for repetitive calls to this routine

;

WRITE_SECTOR:

```

        LD    A,WS_ERR_MASK ;Error mask from I79I/5 after read is done

```

```

LD      (ERMASK),A
LD      A,SEC_RETRY_MAX      ;In case of errors will retry reading sector
LD      (SEC_RT_COUNT),A    ;a few times
AGAIN_WR:
LD      HL,(TADDR)          ;Deposit sector info here
LD      A,(IY+SCTR)
OUT     (SECTOR),A
LD      C,DATA              ;C = DATA port for OTIR below
CALL    WAIT_ON

if     CHIP_1791
LD      A,WRCMD91          ;Read sector command to 1791
LD      (CHIP_CMDSV),A     ;store cmd here for Error display (if any)
endif

if     CHIP_1795
LD      A,WRCMD95          ;Read sector command to 1795
LD      (CHIP_CMDSV),A     ;store cmd here for Error display (if any)
OR      A,(IY+SIDE)        ;if B side, need to OR in bit 1 (02H).
endif

DI
OUT     (CMD),A
LD      A,(IX+SIZE)        ;128=0,256=1,512=2 or 1024=3 byte sector size
LD      B,NBYTES
OR      A,A                ;Block input [B] Bytes->[HL] from port [C]
JR      Z,W128256          ;Do 128 byte read
LD      B,0
CP      A,1
JR      Z,W128256          ;Do 256 byte read
CP      A,2
JR      Z,W512             ;Do 512 byte read
OTIR                                ;Must be 1024 byte sectors so 4X256

```



```

OTIR
W512: OTIR ;256X2 bytes
W128256:OTIR ;128 or 256 bytes (B=128 or 0)
EI
LD (DMA_NEXT),HL ;Store next byte of DMA (for multiple sec R/W's)
CALL END_ROUTINE ;Wait, turn off wait hware, check status and return
RET Z ;RET Z if all is OK
;Read failed. Do we retry again
LD A,(CRTDISP) ;Check if detailed display flag is on
OR A,A
JR Z,MM6W
LD HL,SEC_WR_RETRY ;'Re-writing SECTOR XXH.'
CALL PMSG
LD A,(IY+SCTR)
CALL PACC
LD HL,H_MSG
CALL PMSG
MM6W: LD A,(SEC_RT_COUNT)
DEC A ;Retrys 4,3 2,1... Will reseek on 3rd re-read try
LD (SEC_RT_COUNT),A
JR Z,BAD_WR
CP A,2
JR NZ,AGAIN_WR ;Try re-reading the sector
LD A,(CRTDISP) ;Check if detailed display flag is on
OR A,A
JR Z,MM7W
LD HL,SEC_WH_RETRY ;'Re-Seeking head for re-reading SECTOR XXH.'
CALL PMSG
LD A,(IY+SCTR)
CALL PACC
LD HL,H_MSG
CALL PMSG

```

MM7W:

```

LD      A,(IY+TRK)      ;If it failed a second time, home, reseek and try again
PUSH   AF
CALL   HOME            ;Restore to track 0
POP    AF
LD     (IY+TRK),A
CALL   SEEK_TRACK_V   ;Re-seek to track
JP     AGAIN_RD
BAD_WR XOR    A,A
      DEC    A          ;Set to NZ
      LD     A,(ERSTAT) ;Return with error bits
      RET
;
; Multi_sector Write of multiple sectors on a TARCK. Assumes head is over relevent track in (TRK)
; Will place data at (TADDR) The currently selected side at (SIDE) is read
; (DMA_NEXT) is updated for repetative calls to this routine.
; [D] contains the number of sectors (Max IX+NSCTRS), [E] the starting sector number.
; Note this can be easily modified for CPM3 to multi sector write by adjusting [D] & [E].
; Also note, actual timing for data I/O is quite tight for slow CPU's. Thus the strange layout.
;
MULTI_SEC_WR:
      LD     A,WS_ERR_MASK      ;Setup for error checking
      LD     (ERMASK),A
      LD     HL,(TADDR)
      LD     A,(IY+TRK)
      OUT   (TRACK),A
      LD     A,E                ;first sector (usually 1)
      LD     (IY+SCTR),A        ;For error dump (Actully error could be any sector on the track)
      OUT   (SECTOR),A
      LD     C,DATA             ;C = DATA port for INIR below

      CALL  WAIT_ON             ;Turn on Vll board wait state hardware

      if    CHIP_1791

```

```

LD      A,WRCMD91      ;Read sector command to I791
LD      (CHIP_CMDSV),A ;store cmd here for Error display (if any)
endif

if     CHIP_I795
LD      A,WRCMD95      ;Read sector command to I795
LD      (CHIP_CMDSV),A ;store cmd here for Error display (if any)
OR      A,(IY+SIDE)    ;If B side need to OR in bit I (02H).
endif

SET     4,A            ;Multi sec bit
PUSH   AF             ;Store for now
DI      ;Disable Interrupts

LD      A,(IX+SIZE)    ;I28=0,256=1,512=2 or 1024=3 byte sector size
OR      A,A            ;Block input [B] Bytes->[HL] from port [C]
JR      Z,MW128        ;Do 128 byte read
CP      A,1
JR      Z,MW256        ;Do 256 byte read
CP      A,2
JR      Z,MW512        ;Do 512 byte read
JR      MW1K           ;Must be 1K sectors

MW128: LD      B,128    ;Note the code is spread out like this with
POP     AF            ;each sector having its own module because of timing
OUT     (CMD),A      ;send it to the I79x CMD port immediatly
MW128A: OTIR        ;128 bytes (B=128)
LD      B,128
DEC     D
JR      NZ,MW128A
JR      DONE_MW

MW256: LD      B,0

```

```

    POP    AF
    OUT    (CMD),A           ;send it to the 179x CMD port immediatly
MW256A:  OTIR                ;256 bytes
    LD     B,0
    DEC    D
    JR     NZ,MW256A
    JR     DONE_MW

MW512:  LD     B,0
    POP    AF
    OUT    (CMD),A           ;send it to the 179x CMD port immediatly
MW512A:  OTIR                ;512 = 256x2
    OTIR
    LD     B,0
    DEC    D
    JR     NZ,MW512A
    JR     DONE_MW

MW1K:   LD     B,0
    POP    AF
    OUT    (CMD),A           ;send it to the 179x CMD port immediatly
MW1KA:  OTIR                ;1K = 256x4
    OTIR
    OTIR
    OTIR
    LD     B,0
    DEC    D
    JR     NZ,MW1KA
    JR     DONE_MW

DONE_MW:
    EI
    LD     (DMA_NEXT),HL     ;Store "next" location. Used by other routines

```

```

CALL    END_ROUTINE          ;Wait, turn off wait hware, check status and return
RET     Z                    ;RET Z if all is OK
XOR     A,A
DEC     A                    ;Set to NZ
LD      A,(ERSTAT)          ;Return with error bits
RET

;
;
;
; Write Track. Assumes head is over relevent track in (TRK)
; Track data at (TADDR)
; The currently selected side at (SIDE) is written to
; The total size of a track in bytes is in [DE]
;
WRITE_TRACK:
    LD      A,WT_ERR_MASK    ;Setup for error checking
    LD      (ERMASK),A
    LD      HL,(TADDR)
    LD      A,(IY+TRK)
    OUT    (TRACK),A
    CALL   WAIT_ON           ;Turn on Vll board wait state hardware
    LD      A,WRTCMD         ;setup for 179x WRITE track command
    LD      (CHIP_CMDSV),A   ;Store it in case error flags are to be shown
    DI                               ;Disable Interrupts
    OUT    (CMD),A          ;send it to the 179x CMD port
W_LOOP:  LD      A,(HL)
    OUT    (DATA),A        ;Send all track bytes
    INC    HL
    DEC    DE
    LD     A,E
    OR     A,A
    JR     NZ,W_LOOP
    OR     A,D

```

```

JR    NZ,W_LOOP    ;Have we sent DE bytes yet
EI
CALL  END_ROUTINE  ;Wait, turn off wait hware, check status and return
RET   Z            ;RET Z if all is OK
XOR   A,A
DEC   A            ;Set to NZ
LD    A,(ERSTAT)
RET

```

;

;

; END Routine comes after each Type I command is completed. It waits for the 1791/5

; chip to time out then switches off the wait state generator and checks for errors.

; Returns Z if no errors, otherwise NZ with error in (ERSTAT). If chip gets hung waiting

; for status it forces a 1791/5 Interrupt CMD after ~ 5 seconds. This is usually due to

; a hardware problem.

;

END_ROUTINE:

```

CALL  DELAY        ;Delay for hardware
PUSH  BC           ;Setup a loop count
PUSH  DE
PUSH  HL
LD    BC,0
LD    E,STATUS_DELAY ;time out about 5 seconds
ENDR2: IN  A,(STATUS) ;Wait until chip is not busy
AND   A,I
JR    Z,ENDR2_OK
DJNZ  ENDR2        ;Try for ~5 seconds
DEC   B
DEC   C
JR    NZ,ENDR2
DEC   B
DEC   C
DEC   E

```

```

JR      NZ,ENDR2
CALL    WAIT_OFF      ;Disable Hardware wait states
LD      HL,TIMEOUT_ERR
CALL    PMSG
CALL    SHOW_STAT_BITS
LD      (ERSTAT),A
CALL    ZCRLF
CALL    FRCINT
POP     HL
POP     DE
POP     BC
JR      ENDR3
ENDR2_OK:
POP     HL
POP     DE
POP     BC
CALL    WAIT_OFF      ;Disable Hardware wait states
IN      A,(STATUS)    ;(May already be off anyway for Seeks etc)
LD      D,A
LD      A,(ERMASK)    ;Error mask was stored here
AND     A,D
LD      (ERSTAT),A    ;Save error status for error routine
RET     Z              ;RET Z if all is OK
ENDR3:  XOR    A,A
DEC     A              ;Set to NZ
LD      A,(ERSTAT)
RET

;
;
;
;
; SELECT DRIVE IN HARDWARE, WILL BE THE NEW CURRENT DRIVE
; (IX+HW_BYTE) points to relevent drive selection, density and

```

; side(s) info for the current disk. Note: Sets head to Side A - ALWAYS

;

START_DRIVE_1:

```
LD    A,(DRIVE_1)    ;Get the drive selection bit
JR    START_DR
```

START_DRIVE_2:

```
LD    A,(DRIVE_2)    ;Get the drive selection bit
```

START_DR:

```
OR    A,(IX+HW_BYTE) ;OR in the density,side and size bits
LD    (IOBYTE),A     ;For diagnostic display
AND   A,7FH          ;Strip off the current side bit flag of (IOBYTE)
CPL                               ;Hardware is inverted
SET   4,A            ;Force to side A
OUT   (SELECT),A
CALL  ZBITS
CALL  DELAY
```

RDYCK: IN A,(STATUS) ;Drive select delay

```
AND   80H
```

```
JP    NZ,RDYCK      ;Return when ready
```

```
RET
```

;

; Delay for drive select hardware. Different for 8" and 5" drives

;

DELAY: BIT 5,(IX+HW_BYTE) ;8" or 5"

```
LD    A,39
```

```
JR    Z,DELAYI
```

```
LD    A,60
```

DELAYI: LD B,0

M0: DJNZ M0

```
DEC   A
```

```
JR    NZ,DELAYI
```

```
RET
```



```

;
; This routine switches the active side of the current disk.
; Returns Z if no sides OR new side is A, NZ if new side is B.

```

```

SWAP_SIDES:

```

```

    BIT    4,(IX+HW_BYTE)    ;Is it a 1 or 2 sided disk
    RET    Z                  ;If 1 sided then return Z

    LD     A,(IY+SIDE)
    OR     A,A                ;If 0 we have done A side now do B
    JR     Z,GOTO_B_SIDE1    ;switch over to B side
    XOR    A,A
    LD     (IY+SIDE),A
    CALL   SET_SIDE          ;update the hardware
    XOR    A,A
    RET                                ;Return Z

```

```

GOTO_B_SIDE1:

```

```

    LD     A,02H
    LD     (IY+SIDE),A
    CALL   SET_SIDE          ;Update the hardware
    XOR    A,A
    DEC    A
    RET                                ;Returns NZ

```

```

;
;
; SELECT DRIVE SIDE IN HARDWARE
; Set side for sector R/W if different than current side
; (SIDE) = 0 if A side, (SIDE)= 02H if B side.
; Note Hardware bit 7 of HW_BYTE is updated here!

```

```

;
SET_SIDE:

```

```

    LD     A,(IX+HW_BYTE) ;Get current side info
    BIT    4,A            ;Is it a 1 or 2 sided disk

```

```

RET    Z                ;Return if single sided

LD     A,(IY+SIDE)     ;Which side do we want. (0 for A, 02H for B)
OR     A,A
JR     NZ,SET_HW_B

IN     A,(SELECT)      ;get hardware selection
SET    4,A             ;Port hardware for side selection (1=A, 0=B)
OUT    (SELECT),A      ;Select side A in hardware (inverted)
RES    7,(IX+HW_BYTE) ;Set to side to A (Will show up in IOBYTE info)
JR     DONE_SET_SIDES

SET_HW_B:
IN     A,(SELECT)      ;get hardware selection
RES    4,A             ;Port hardware for side selection (1=A, 0=B)
OUT    (SELECT),A      ;Select side B in hardware
SET    7,(IX+HW_BYTE) ;Set to side to B (Will show up in IOBYTE info)

;

DONE_SET_SIDES:
PUSH   BC
LD     B,0FFH          ;Slight delay for hardware
DELYS: DJNZ  DELYS
POP    BC
RET

;

;

;

; Turn on or off the hardware wait state generator. This hardware stops and starts the CPU
; as bytes are read/written to the I79x/Disk

;
;     DISABLE WAIT STATES

WAIT_OFF:
IN     A,(SELECT)
OR     80H

```

```
        OUT    (SELECT),A
        RET
```

```
;
```

```
;
```

```
WAIT_ON:
```

```
        IN     A,(SELECT)
```

```
        AND    7FH
```

```
        OUT    (SELECT),A
```

```
        RET
```

```
;
```

```
;
```

```
;
```

```
FRCINT: LD    A,0D0H
```

```
        OUT    (CMD),A
```

```
        LD    A,10
```

```
FRCI:  DEC    A
```

```
        JR    NZ,FRCI
```

```
        IN    A,(STATUS)
```

```
        RET
```

```
;
```

```
;
```

```
;
```

```
;
```

```
;
```

```
;
```

```
;
```

```
;
```

```
SHOW_TSS_LOC:
```

```
        PUSH   HL
```

```
        LD     HL,ATTRK      ;Announce current track position
```

```
        CALL  PMSG
```

```
        IN    A,(TRACK)
```

```
        CALL  PACC
```

```

LD    HL,ATSEC      ;and sector position
CALL  PMSG
IN    A,(SECTOR)
CALL  PACC

SHOW_SIDES:
                ;Announce head if 2 sided disk
BIT   4,(IX+HW_BYTE) ;Is it a 1 or 2 sided disk
JR    Z,RW_SKIP_SIDES;If 1 sided then skip side swap
IN    A,(SELECT)    ;Get hardware selection
BIT   4,A           ;Port Hardware for side selection (1=A, 0=B)
JR    Z,RW_B_SIDE
LD    HL,HEAD0_MSG ;Announce side 0 (or A)
CALL  PMSG
POP   HL
RET

RW_B_SIDE:
LD    HL,HEAD1_MSG ;Announce side 1 (or B)
CALL  PMSG
POP   HL
RET

RW_SKIP_SIDES:
LD    HL,H_MSG      ;If SS disk, no need for a HEAD# message
CALL  PMSG
POP   HL
RET

;
;
;
; General routine to show the current TRACK location of the active disk head.
; Will display track only. The format is 'At TRACK xxH.'
; Note: NO CR,LF at start of string
;
SHOW_T_LOC:
    PUSH    HL

```

```

LD    HL,ATTRK
CALL  PMSG
IN    A,(TRACK)    ;Say what track we are now on.
CALL  PACC         ;Display current track number
LD    HL,H_MSG
CALL  PMSG
POP   HL
RET

```

;

;

; General routine to show the current TRACK & SIDE location of the active

; disk head. The format is 'At TRACK xxH Side A/B.'

; Note: NO CR,LF at start of string

;

SHOW_TS_LOC:

```

PUSH  HL
LD    HL,ATTRK
CALL  PMSG
IN    A,(TRACK)    ;Say what track we are now on.
CALL  PACC         ;Display current track number
JP    SHOW_SIDES

```

;

;

; General routine to print out the error status returned by the 1791/5 chip

; after seeks, sector reads etc.

; Note: will end with CRLF and error bits in [A]

;

SHOW_ERRORS:

```

LD    A,(ERRORS_FLAG)
INC   A
LD    (ERRORS_FLAG),A    ;Assuming we have less than 256 errors!

LD    A,(CHIP_CMDSV) ;What was the last command to the chip

```

CP A,RDCMD91 ;Was it a read sector 1791 CMD?
JR NZ,NOT_RDCMD91
LD HL,SEC_READ_ERROR
JR DONE_ERRS

NOT_RDCMD91:

CP A,RDCMD95 ;Was it a read sector 1795 CMD?
JR NZ,NOT_RDCMD95
LD HL,SEC_READ_ERROR
JR DONE_ERRS

NOT_RDCMD95:

CP A,SKNCMD ;Was it a seek no verify cmd
JR NZ,NOT_SKNCMD
LD HL,SEEKNV_ERROR
JR DONE_ERRS

NOT_SKNCMD:

CP A,RSCMD ;Was it a restore CMD
JR NZ,NOT_RSCMD
LD HL,RSCMD_ERROR
JR DONE_ERRS

NOT_RSCMD:

CP A,RDACMD ;Was it a read track address command
JR NZ,NOT_RDACMD
LD HL,SEC_ID_ERROR
JR DONE_ERRS

NOT_RDACMD:

CP A,SKCMD ;Was it seek cmd with verify
JR NZ,NOT_SKCMD
LD HL,SKCMD_ERROR
JR DONE_ERRS

NOT_SKCMD:

CP A,RDTCMD ;Was it a read track command
JR NZ,NOT_RDTCMD
LD HL,RDTCMD_ERROR

```

JR     DONE_ERRS
NOT_RDTCMD:
CP     A,WRTCMD      ;Was it a write track cmd
JR     NZ,NOT_WRTCMD
LD     HL,WRTCMD_ERROR
JR     DONE_ERRS
NOT_WRTCMD:
CP     A,WRCMD91     ;Was it a sector write cmd 1791
JR     NZ,NOT_WRCMD91
LD     HL,WRCMD_ERROR
JR     DONE_ERRS
NOT_WRCMD91:
CP     A,WRCMD95     ;Was it a sector write cmd 1795
JR     NZ,NOT_WRCMD95
LD     HL,WRCMD_ERROR
JR     DONE_ERRS
NOT_WRCMD95:
CP     A,STEPIN;Was it a step-in CMD
JR     NZ,NOT_STEPIN
LD     HL,STEPIN_ERROR
JR     DONE_ERRS
NOT_STEPIN:
LD     HL,UNKNOWN_ERROR
DONE_ERRS:
CALL   PMSG
LD     A,(ERSTAT)
CALL   ZBITS          ;Drop in bit pattern
LD     HL,CLOSE_BRACKET
CALL   PMSG
CALL   ZCRLF          ;Always end with CRLF
LD     A,(ERSTAT)     ;Return with error in A
RET

```

;

```

;
; This routine simply checks the written and re-read sectors in memory are the same.
; Z if all OK. NZ, if error(s)
;

```

CMP_BUFFERS:

```

    LD    HL,FBUFFER
    LD    DE,FBUFFER2
    LD    C,0           ;Will flag errors
    LD    A,(IX+SIZE)  ;128=0,256=1,512=2 or 1024=3 byte sector size
    LD    B,NBYTES
    OR    A,A           ;Block size count
    JR    Z,C128256    ;Do 128 byte compare
    LD    B,0
    CP    A,1
    JR    Z,C128256    ;Do 256 byte read
    CP    A,2
    JR    Z,C512       ;Do 512 byte read
    CALL  CHECK_BLOCK  ;Must be 1024 byte sectors so 4X256
    CALL  CHECK_BLOCK
C512:  CALL  CHECK_BLOCK ;256X2 bytes
C128256:CALL  CHECK_BLOCK
    XOR   A,A
    CP    A,C
    RET

```

CHECK_BLOCK:

```

    LD    A,(DE)
    CP    A,(HL)       ;Do they match
    CALL  NZ,MIS_MATCH
    INC   HL
    INC   DE
    DJNZ  CHECK_BLOCK  ;Decrease count
    RET

```

MIS_MATCH:


```

LD      C,I          ;Flag for error
RET

;
; Fill memory buffer with a byte [C]. Is be used for sector write and CPM86
; disk initialization
; Return with [HL] pointing to end of sector buffer +1

```

FILL_BUFFER:

```

LD      HL,FBUFFER
LD      A,(IX+SIZE)  ;128=0,256=1,512=2 or 1024=3 byte sector size
LD      B,NBYTES
OR      A,A          ;Block size count
JR      Z,B128256   ;Do 128 byte compare
LD      B,0
CP      A,1
JR      Z,B128256   ;Do 256 byte read
CP      A,2
JR      Z,B512      ;Do 512 byte read
CALL    BUILD_BLOCK ;Must be 1024 byte sectors so 4X256
CALL    BUILD_BLOCK
B512:   CALL    BUILD_BLOCK ;256X2 bytes
B128256:CALL    BUILD_BLOCK
RET

```

BUILD_BLOCK:

```

LD      (HL),C      ;Drop in the fill character
INC     HL
DJNZ   BUILD_BLOCK ;Decrease count
RET

```

```

;
;
;
;
;----- BUILD TRACK IMAGE IN RAM -----

```

```

; Assumes IX points to the table or relevant Disk parameters and
;
; (TADDR) points to the buffer in RAM to build the track.
;
; Requires valid (TADDR),(TRK),(SCTR) & (SIDE)
;
; For maximum flexibility I have used separate routines
;
; for Single and Double density formats. This routine is
;
; a very sensitive. Don't change unless you know what
;
; you are doing.
;
;
; Build in memory (@5000H) a complete SD Track.
;

```

BUILD_TRACK:

```

PUSH IY ;Save the "main" IY pointer to TRACK,SIDE,SECTOR
LD A,(IY+TRK)
LD (F_TRK),A ;store trk & side numbers locally
LD A,(IY+SIDE)
LD (F_SIDE),A

LD H,(IX+SKEW1) ;IY Now points to the table containing the order of
LD L,(IX+SKEW) ;the sector numbers on a track (usually 1,2,3,4...
PUSH HL ;but not always
POP IY ;HL->IY

LD HL,(TADDR) ;This will be FBUFFER where track ins built in RAM
BIT 6,(IX+HW_BYTE) ;Will build a different track image for SD or DD disks
JP NZ,DD_TRACKS ;Separate sector image for DD tracks

```

SD_TRACKS:

```

CALL SD_TRK_HEADER ;Drop in header and Index mark BEFORE first sector

LD D,(IY+0) ;sector# in D, usually 1 at the start
LD E,(IX+NSCTRS) ;Total Sectors/side

```

NEXT_SEC:

```

CALL SD_BUILD_SEC ;<<< Build a sector >>>>

```

```

INC    IY                ;point to next sector number in sec skew table
LD     D,(IY+0)          ;store sector # in D
DEC    E
JR     NZ,NEXT_SEC       ;All sectors are in RAM

CALL   SD_TRK_END        ;Now need to flush out track to end
POP    IY                ;Get back the main IY pointer
RET

;
;   Build in memory (@5000H)a complete Single Density Track.
;

SD_TRK_HEADER:           ;Lay down the track header before the 1st sector
LD     A,(IX+GAP_FILL_CHAR) ;Do not alter [D]= Sec# or [E]= Sec/side
LD     B,(IX+HEADR)        ;Header has 40 (FF's)
CALL   DROP              ;drop it at the end of the growing image (Count in B)
XOR    A,A               ;Now 6 0's
LD     B,6
CALL   DROP
LD     A,0FCH            ;Index ID mark
LD     (HL),A            ;drop into image
INC    HL
LD     A,(IX+GAP_FILL_CHAR) ;Now 26 (FF's)
LD     B,26              ;Header has the count of fill characters required
CALL   DROP              ;drop it at the end of the growing image (Count in B)
LD     (INDEX_MARK),HL   ;pointer+1 to end of track header
RET                        ;return with [HL] pointing to first sector byte

;

SD_BUILD_SEC:           ;Lay down a sector at current [HL]. Do not alter [D] or [E]
XOR    A,A
LD     B,(IX+GAPI)        ;<---- (eg. 6,0's for IMB 3740, 8")
CALL   DROP
LD     A,0FEH            ;Sector ID Address mark
LD     (HL),A            ;drop it in the growing image

```

```

INC    HL
LD     A,(F_TRK)           ;Drop in the track #
LD     (HL),A
INC    HL
LD     A,(F_SIDE)         ;Side#, 0 for A side, 02H for B side
OR     A,A
LD     A,0
JR     Z,BLD_ASIDE
LD     A,I
BLD_ASIDE:
LD     (HL),A             ;0 here for A side, 1 for B side
INC    HL
LD     (HL),D             ;Drop in sector #
INC    HL
LD     A,(IX+SIZE)        ;128=0,256=1,512=2, 1024=3
LD     (HL),A             ;drop in sector length byte
INC    HL
LD     A,0F7H             ;Dropping in a 0F7 will cause the 179x
LD     (HL),A             ;to write in the 2 CRC bytes
INC    HL
LD     A,(IX+GAP_FILL_CHAR)
LD     B,(IX+GAP2)        ;<---- (eg. 11,FF's for IMB 3740, 8")
CALL   DROP
XOR    A,A
LD     B,(IX+GAP1)        ;<---- (eg. 6,0's for IMB 3740, 8")
CALL   DROP
LD     A,0FBH             ;Data address mark for 1791/5
LD     (HL),A             ;to write in the 2 CRC bytes
INC    HL
LD     A,D
CP     A,I                 ;if first sector then store data marker
JR     NZ,SDATA_FIELD
LD     (S_DATA_MARK),HL   ;Pointer to start of sector data area

```

```

SDATA_FIELD:                                ;Now write in the sector data field itself
LD      A,(IX+SIZE)                          ;128,256,512 or 1024 byte sector size
LD      B,NBYTES
LD      C,I                                  ;1 loop of 128 bytes in WR_DATA_FIELD below
OR      A,A
JR      Z,SD_DATA_FIELD                      ;Do 128 byte write (B=128)
LD      B,0                                  ;Need 256 bytes for the rest of possible sectors
LD      C,I                                  ;One loop
CP      A,I
JR      Z,SD_DATA_FIELD                      ;Do 256 byte write
LD      C,2                                  ;2 loops of 256 bytes in WRITE_DATA_FIELD
CP      A,2
JR      Z,SD_DATA_FIELD                      ;Do 512 byte read
LD      C,4                                  ;(must be 3) so 1024 byte sector

```

```

SD_DATA_FIELD:
LD      A,(IX+DATA_FILL_CHAR) ;get the sector fill character (usually E5)

```

```

SDF0:  CALL  DROP
DEC    C
JR     NZ,SDF0          ;Decrease [C] to 0
LD     A,D
CP     A,I              ;If first sector then store image mark
JR     NZ,NOT_FIRST
LD     (E_DATA_MARK),HL ;For first sector will display data late

```

```

NOT_FIRST:
LD     A,0F7H          ;Dropping in a 0F7 will cause the 1791/5
LD     (HL),A          ;to write in the 2 CRC bytes
INC    HL
LD     A,(IX+GAP_FILL_CHAR)
LD     B,(IX+GAP3)     ;<---- (eg. 27,FF's for IMB 3740, 8")
CALL  DROP
LD     A,D
CP     A,I              ;If first sector then store image mark
RET   NZ

```

```

LD      (E_SEC_MARK),HL          ;For first sector will display data later
RET

;

SD_TRK_END

LD      (S_GAP4_MARK),HL        ;Mark beginning of end of track field (GAP4)
LD      A,(IX+GAP_FILL_CHAR)
LD      B,(IX+GAP4)             ;<---- (eg 247,FF's for IMB 3740, 8")
LD      C,(IX+GAP4R)           ;Times to repeat DROP
SD_TRK1:CALL DROP
DEC     C
JR      NZ,SD_TRK1
LD      (E_GAP4_MARK),HL        ;Mark end of Track
RET

;

DROP: LD      (HL),A             ;DATA block loader
INC     HL                      ;B= byte count,HL pointer
DJNZ   DROP                    ;A = value to drop into image. Count in B
RET

;

;

;

;      Build in memory (@5000H)a complete Double Density Track.

;

DD_TRACKS:                      ;Same thing for DD Trcks. Extra stuff req.
CALL   DD_TRK_HEADER           ;Drop in header and Index mark BEFORE first sector

LD     D,(IY+0)                 ;sector# in D, usually 1 at the start
LD     E,(IX+NSCTRS)           ;Total Sectors/side

DD_NEXT_SEC:
CALL   DD_BUILD_SEC            ;<<<< Build a DD sector >>>>>
INC     IY                      ;point to next sector number in sec skew table
LD     D,(IY+0)                 ;store sector # in D
DEC     E

```

```

JR      NZ,DD_NEXT_SEC                ;All sectors are in RAM

CALL   DD_TRK_END                      ;Now need to flush out track to end
POP    IY                              ;get back the main IY pointer
RET

;

;

DD_TRK_HEADER:                        ;Lay down the track header before the 1st sector

LD     A,(IX+GAP_FILL_CHAR)           ;Do not alter [D]= Sec# or [E]= Sec/side
LD     B,(IX+HEADR)                   ;Header has 80 (4E's)
CALL   DROP                            ;drop it at the end of the growing image (Count in B)
XOR    A,A                             ;Now 12 0's
LD     B,12
CALL   DROP
LD     A,0F6H                          ;3 of F6's
LD     B,3
CALL   DROP
LD     A,0FCH                          ;Index ID mark (FC)
LD     (HL),A                          ;drop into image
INC    HL
LD     A,(IX+GAP_FILL_CHAR)           ;Now 50 (4Es)
LD     B,50                            ;Header has the count of fill characters required
CALL   DROP                            ;drop it at the end of the growing image (Count in B)
LD     (INDEX_MARK),HL                 ;pointer+1 to end of track header
RET                                       ;return with [HL] pointing to first sector byte

;

DD_BUILD_SEC:                          ;Lay down a sector at current [HL]. Do not alter [D] or [E]

XOR    A,A
LD     B,(IX+GAPI)                     ;<---- (eg. 12,0's for IBM System 34 Format)
CALL   DROP
LD     A,0F5H                          ;Special DD bytes
LD     B,3
CALL   DROP

```

```

LD      A,0FEH                ;Sector ID Address mark
LD      (HL),A                ;drop it in the growing image
INC     HL
LD      A,(F_TRK)              ;Drop in the track #
LD      (HL),A
INC     HL
LD      A,(F_SIDE)            ;Side#, 0 for A side, 02H for B side
OR      A,A
LD      A,0
JR      Z,DBLD_ASIDE
LD      A,I                    ;I for side B
DBLD_ASIDE:
LD      (HL),A                ;0 here for A side, 1 for B side
INC     HL
LD      (HL),D                ;Drop in sector #
INC     HL
LD      A,(IX+SIZE)           ;I28=0,256=1,512=2, 1024=3
LD      (HL),A                ;drop in sector length byte
INC     HL
LD      A,0F7H                ;Dropping in a 0F7 will cause the 179x
LD      (HL),A                ;to write in the 2 CRC bytes
INC     HL
LD      A,(IX+GAP_FILL_CHAR)
LD      B,(IX+GAP2)           ;<----(eg 22,4E's for IBM System 34 Format)
CALL    DROP
XOR     A,A
LD      B,(IX+GAP1)           ;<---- (eg 8,0's for IBM System 34 Format)
CALL    DROP
LD      A,0F5H                ;Special DD bytes
LD      B,3
CALL    DROP
LD      A,0FBH                ;Data address mark for 1791/5
LD      (HL),A                ;to write in the 2 CRC bytes

```

```

INC    HL
LD     A,D           ;Get sec #
CP     A,I           ;If first sector then store data marker
JR     NZ,DDATA_FIELD
LD     (S_DATA_MARK),HL ;Pointer to start of sector data area
DDATA_FIELD:
LD     A,(IX+SIZE)   ;128,256,512 or 1024 byte sector size
LD     B,NBYTES
LD     C,I           ;1 loop of 128 bytes in WR_DATA_FIELD below
OR     A,A
JR     Z,DD_DATA_FIELD ;Do 128 byte write (B=128)
LD     B,0           ;Need 256 bytes for the rest of possible sectors
LD     C,I           ;One loop
CP     A,I
JR     Z,DD_DATA_FIELD ;Do 256 byte write
LD     C,2           ;2 loops of 256 bytes in WRITE_DATA_FIELD
CP     A,2
JR     Z,DD_DATA_FIELD ;Do 512 byte read
LD     C,4           ;(must be 3) so 1024 byte sector
DD_DATA_FIELD:
LD     A,(IX+DATA_FILL_CHAR) ;get the sector fill character (usually E5)
DDF0:  CALL  DROP
DEC    C
JR     NZ,DDF0       ;Decrease [C] to 0
LD     A,D           ;Get back sec #
CP     A,I           ;If first sector then store image mark
JR     NZ,DNOT_FIRST
LD     (E_DATA_MARK),HL ;For first sector will diaplay data late
DNOT_FIRST:
LD     A,0F7H       ;Dropping in a 0F7 will cause the 1791/5
LD     (HL),A       ;to write in the 2 CRC bytes
INC    HL
LD     A,(IX+GAP_FILL_CHAR)

```

```

LD      B,(IX+GAP3)          ;<---- (54,4E's for IBM System 34 Format)
CALL    DROP
LD      A,D
CP      A,I                  ;If first sector then store image mark
RET     NZ
LD      (E_SEC_MARK),HL     ;For first sector will display data later
RET

```

;

DD_TRK_END

```

LD      (S_GAP4_MARK),HL   ;Mark beginning of end of track field (GAP4)
LD      A,(IX+GAP_FILL_CHAR)
LD      B,(IX+GAP4)        ;<---- (eg 598 4E's for IBM System 34 Format)
LD      C,(IX+GAP4R)       ;Times to repeat DROP

```

DD_TRK1:CALL DROP

```

DEC     C
JR      NZ,DD_TRK1
LD      (E_GAP4_MARK),HL   ;Mark end of Double density Track
RET

```

;

; This routine initialized the first sector of a CPM86 5" Disk.

; For DDDS CPM86 disks the last byte of the first sector has to be a 01.

; (For a DDSS CPM86 disk BTW it has to be 00)

;

INIT_CPM86:

```

LD      HL,INITCPM_MSG ;Say Initializing disk for CPM86
CALL    PMSG
XOR     A,A                ;Setup for the BIOS below
LD      (IY+TRK),A        ;Track 0
LD      (IY+SIDE),A       ;Side A
INC     A
LD      (IY+SCTR),A       ;Sector 1
CALL    SET_SIDE          ;Make sure IX+HW_BYTE is set for correct side
CALL    START_DRIVE_I     ;Select the drive in hardware

```

```

CALL HOME
CALL NZ,SHOW_ERRORS ;print out errors if any

LD HL,FBUFFER ;Sector data to be written is here
LD (TADDR),HL ;Setup DMA address for BIOS
LD C,0E5H ;Data fill character (for CPM86 always 0E5H)
CALL FILL_BUFFER ;Fill buffer with character E5's
DEC HL ;Backup to last data byte
LD A,01
LD (HL),A ;drop in the 01 flag at end.

CALL WRITE_SECTOR ;Write sector back to disk
CALL NZ,SHOW_ERRORS ;if any, show error flags
XOR A,A ;Return Z so no further special commands will
RET ;be picked up.

;
;
; Setup the "current drive" hardware selection bits for (A:,B:,C: or D:)
; Store bits in memory location (DRIVE_I)
; Return Z flag if OK, NZ & [A]= 0FFH if error, NZ and ESC if abort
;
SELECT_DR_I:
LD HL,GETDRV_MSG ;Ask which drive is the current drive
CALL PMSG
CALL GETCMD ;Get the input option
CP A,ESC ;Abort if ESC character
JP Z,ABORT_CMD
CP A,'A'
JR NZ,NOT_AI
LD A,I
JR GOT_DRIVEI
NOT_AI: CP A,'B'

```

```

        JR      NZ,NOT_BI
        LD      A,2
        JR      GOT_DRIVEI
NOT_BI:  CP      A,'C'
        JR      NZ,NOT_CI
        LD      A,4
        JR      GOT_DRIVEI
NOT_CI:  CP      A,'D'
        JR      NZ,INVALID_DR
        LD      A,8
GOT_DRIVEI:
        LD      (DRIVE_I),A
        XOR     A,A
        RET
;
ABORT_CMD:
        XOR     A,A           ;Abort with z flag but ESC in A
        DEC     A           ;Make NZ
        LD      A,ESC
        RET
;
INVALID_DR:
        XOR     A,A           ;Abort with z flag but FF in A
        DEC     A           ;Make NZ
        RET
;
;
; Setup the "second drive" hardware selection bits for (A;B;C: or D:)
; Store bits in memory location (DRIVE_21)
; Return Z flag if OK, NZ & [A]= 0FFH if error, NZ and ESC if abort
;
SELECT_DR_2:
        LD      HL,GETDRV_MSG ;Ask which drive is the current drive

```

```

CALL PMSG
CALL GETCMD ;Get the input option
CP A,ESC ;Abort if ESC character
JP Z,ABORT_CMD
CP A,'A'
JR NZ,NOT_A2
LD A,I
JR GOT_DRIVE2
NOT_A2: CP A,'B'
JR NZ,NOT_B2
LD A,2
JR GOT_DRIVE2
NOT_B2: CP A,'C'
JR NZ,NOT_C2
LD A,4
JR GOT_DRIVE2
NOT_C2: CP A,'D'
JR NZ,INVALID_DR
LD A,8
GOT_DRIVE2:
LD (DRIVE_2),A
XOR A,A
RET

```

;------Select the appropriate disk parameter table -----

; Return Z flag if OK, NZ & [A]= 0FFH if error, NZ and ESC if abort

; [IX] to Drive paramater table

;

SELECT_IX:

```
CALL ZCRLF
```

SELECT_IXI:

```
LD HL,GETSIZE_MSG ;Ask if 5" or 8"
```

```

CALL PMSG
CALL GETCMD ;get the input option
CP A,ESC ;Abort if ESC character
JP Z,ABORT_CMD
CP A,'5'
JR Z,GET_TABLE_5
CP A,'8'
JR Z,GET_TABLE_8
BAD_CMD:LD HL,BADCMD
CALL PMSG
XOR A,A ;NZ Flag to indicate no selection
DEC A
RET

GET_TABLE_8:
LD HL,DISK_8_FORMATS ;Pointer for 8" disk table
CALL PMSG
CALL GETCMD ;SELECT A DISK PARAMATER TABLE
CP A,ESC ;Abort if ESC character
JP Z,ABORT_CMD
CP A,'A' ;128 bytes/sec
LD IX,STDSDT ;Set to 128 byte sectors 8" SD IBM Disk
RET Z
CP A,'B'
LD IX,STDDDT ;Set to 128 byte sectors 8" DD format
RET Z
CP A,'C'
LD IX,DDT256 ;Set to 256 byte sectors IBM DDDS disk
RET Z
CP A,'D'
LD IX,DDT512 ;Set for 512 byte sectors 8" DDDS disk
RET Z
CP A,'E'

```

```

LD IX,DDTIK ;Set for 1024 byte sectors 8" DDSS disk
RET Z
CP A,'F'
LD IX,DDTIK2 ;Set for 1024 byte sectors 8" DDDS disk
RET Z
JP BAD_CMD

```

GET_TABLE_5:

```

LD HL,DISK_5_FORMATS ;Pointer for 5" disk table
CALL PMSG
CALL GETCMD ;SELECT A DISK PARAMATER TABLE
CP A,ESC ;Abort if ESC character
JP Z,ABORT_CMD
CP A,'A'
LD IX,MINCPM ;Set for 512 byte CPM-86 5" DD disk
RET Z
CP A,'B'
LD IX,MINSDT ;Set for 128 byte 5" SD disk
RET Z
CP A,'C'
LD IX,MINDDT ;Set for 128 byte 5" DD disk
RET Z
CP A,'D'
LD IX,DEC ;Set for 512 byte 5" DEC-VT180 DD disk
RET Z
CP A,'E'
LD IX,TOSHIBA ;Set for TOSHIBA DD disk
RET Z
CP A,'F'
LD IX,CDOS ;Set for CDOS SD disk
RET Z
CP A,'G'
LD IX,CDOSDD ;Set for CDOS DD disk

```

```

RET    Z
CP     A,'H'
LD     IX,EPSON      ;Set for EPSON QX-10 DD disk
RET    Z
CP     A,'I'
LD     IX,MORROW    ;Set for MORROW DD disk
RET    Z
CP     A,'J'
LD     IX,ZENITH    ;Set for ZENITH Z-100 DD disk
RET    Z
CP     A,'K'
LD     IX,SUPER;Set for SUPERBRAIN DD disk
RET    Z
CP     A,'L'
LD     IX,MSDOS     ;Set for MSDOS 1.1 DD disk
RET    Z
CP     A,'M'
LD     IX,MSDOS2    ;Set for MSDOS 2.2 DD disk
RET    Z
CP     A,'N'
LD     IX,TRS80 ;Set for TRS80 III DD disk
RET    Z
JP     BAD_CMD

```

;

;

; Describe on one line the type of disk format selected

; Assumes a valid IX pointer to relevant disk table

;

SHOW_HW_TITLE:

```

LD     HL,DISK_INFO ;CR,LF,'Current drive:-'
CALL   PMSG
PUSH   IX           ;IX->HL

```



```

POP    HL
LD     DE,TITLE      ;add in offset
ADD    HL,DE         ;HL now points to the title entry of the selected disk
CALL   PMSG          ;Show the title line
RET

```

```
;
```

```
;------
```

```
; Decode the IOBYTE byte and print out hardware disk parameters on one line
```

```
; Assumes a valid IX pointer to relevant disk table
```

```
;
```

```
SHOW_HW_BYTE:
```

```

LD     HL,DISK_INFO0 ;CR,LF,'Drive '
CALL   PMSG
LD     A,(IOBYTE)    ;Obtain the current drive letter (A;;B:....)
AND    A,03H
CP     A,I
JR     NZ,NOT_A_DR
LD     A,'A'
JR     DRV_DONE

```

```
NOT_A_DR:
```

```

CP     A,2
JR     NZ,NOT_B_DR
LD     A,'B'
JR     DRV_DONE

```

```
NOT_B_DR
```

```

CP     A,4
JR     NZ,NOT_C_DR
LD     A,'C'
JR     DRV_DONE

```

```
NOT_C_DR
```

```
LD     A,'D'
```

```
DRV_DONE:
```

```
LD     C,A           ;Drop it on to the CRT/LCD
```

```

CALL CO
LD HL,DISK_INFO1
CALL PMSG
LD A,(IOBYTE)
CALL ZBITS ;Print out bit pattern in IOBYTE for hardware
LD HL,DISK_INFO2
CALL PMSG
BIT 5,(IX+HW_BYTE) ;Say whether 8" or 5"
JR Z,INCH8
LD C,'5'
JR NEXT2
INCH8: LD C,'8'
NEXT2: CALL CO
BIT 4,(IX+HW_BYTE) ;Say whether Single or Double sided disk
JR Z,S_SIDE
LD HL,DISK_INFO3
JR NEXT3
S_SIDE: LD HL,DISK_INFO4
NEXT3: CALL PMSG
BIT 6,(IX+HW_BYTE) ;Say whether SD or DD disk
JR Z,DD_DSK
LD HL,DISK_INFO5
JR NEXT4
DD_DSK: LD HL,DISK_INFO6
NEXT4: CALL PMSG
RET
;
;
;-----
; Display the disk paramater table pointed to by IX
;
SHOW_IX_TABLE:
LD HL,DISK_INFO7 ;Print sectors/track

```

```

CALL PMSG
LD A,(IX+NSCTRS)
CALL PACC
LD HL,DISK_INFO8 ;Print tracks/side
CALL PMSG
LD A,(IX+NTRKS)
CALL PACC
LD HL,DISK_INFO9 ;Sector Size
LD A,(IX+SIZE)
OR A,A
JR NZ,NOT_128
LD HL,DISK_INFO10 ;128 Bytes/sector
JR DONE_IX_TABLE
NOT_128:CP 1
JR NZ,NOT_256
LD HL,DISK_INFO11 ;256 Bytes/Sector
JR DONE_IX_TABLE
NOT_256:CP 2
JR NZ,NOT_512
LD HL,DISK_INFO12 ;512 Bytes/sector
JR DONE_IX_TABLE
NOT_512:LD HL,DISK_INFO13 ;1024 Bytes/Sector
DONE_IX_TABLE:
CALL PMSG
RET
;
;-----
; Display the current track ID Field.
; NOTE this is NOT the current sector read. It's whatever sector
; the head happens to be over at the time.
;
SHOW_ID:
LD HL,IDMSG0 ;'Track/Side/Sec/Size/(CRC) TRACK ID field='

```

```

CALL PMSG
LD HL,IDSV ;Point to where data was saved
LD B,4 ;4+2 bytes in ID
IDLOOP1:LD A,(HL)
CALL PACC ;Print [A] in ASCII
INC HL
DEC B
JR NZ,IDLOOP1
LD C,' '
CALL CO
LD C, '('
CALL CO
LD B,2
IDLOOP5:LD A,(HL)
CALL PACC ;Print CRC value
INC HL
DEC B
JR NZ,IDLOOP5
LD C, ')'
CALL CO
RET

;
;
; Display Bits of Versafloppy II Status Port
; Return with bits in [A]
;
SHOW_STAT_BITS:
LD HL,STATUS_179x
CALL PMSG
IN A,(STATUS)
CALL ZBITS ;display bit pattern of [A]
RET ;Will return with error in [A]
;

```

```
; Check to see if disk is write protected
; Z if not protected, NZ if write protected
;
```

```
CHECK_WP:
```

```
    IN    A,(STATUS)        ;Remember data is inverted
    BIT   6,A
    RET   Z
    LD    HL,DISK_WP_MSG    ;This disk is currently write protected
    CALL PMSG
    XOR   A,A
    DEC   A
    RET                                ;Will return with error in [A]
```

```
;
;
;
```

```
;----- DISPLAY SECTOR DATA CONTENTS -----
```

```
;Display the Sector read from disk to RAM location at (TADDR)
```

```
SEC_DISPLAY:
```

```
    LD    A,(CRTDISP)      ;Do we have the more detail display option on
    OR    A,A
    RET   Z                ;If not just return
    PUSH AF
    PUSH BC
    PUSH DE
    PUSH HL
    LD    HL,SEC_MSG
    CALL PMSG
    LD    HL,(TADDR)       ;Move Transfer address into HL
    LD    A,(IX+SIZE)      ;Get sector size
    OR    A,A
    LD    DE,NBYTES       ;128 byte sectors
    JR    Z,DISPI
    CP    A,I
```

```

LD     DE,NBYTES*2    ;256 byte sectors
JR     Z,DISP1
CP     A,2
LD     DE,NBYTES*4    ;512 byte sectors
JR     Z,DISP1
LD     DE,NBYTES*8    ;Must be 1024 byte sectors

DISP1: LD     A,E
      AND   A,00111111B    ;64 characters /line
      JR     NZ,NOCR
      CALL  ZCRLF
NOOCR: LD     A,(HL)
      AND   A,7FH
      CP     ''            ;FILTER OUT CONTROL CHARACTERS'
      JR     NC,T33
T22:  LD     A,' '
T33:  CP     A,07CH
      JR     NC,T22
      LD     C,A
      CALL  CO
      INC   HL
      DEC   DE            ;Decrease DE count by 1
      LD     A,E
      OR    A,A            ;Not XX00 at least
      JR     NZ,DISP1
      OR    A,D
      JR     NZ,DISP1    ;Not 0000
      CALL  ZCRLF
NODISP: POP  HL
      POP   DE
      POP   BC
      POP   AF
      RET

```

;

;------ SHOW DETAILS OF RAW SECTOR IMAGE FOR TRACK WRITE -----;

FORMAT_INFO:

PUSH AF ;Save everything since track formatting uses all

PUSH BC

PUSH DE

PUSH HL

LD HL,FORM_TRK ;Formatting track...

CALL PMSG

LD A,(IY+TRK)

CALL PACC

;

BIT 4,(IX+HW_BYTE) ;Is it a 1 or 2 sided disk

JR Z,NO_SIDEF ;If 1 sided then skip sides info

LD A,(IY+SIDE)

OR A,A ;If 0 we have done A side now do B

JR NZ,B_SIDEF ;is B side

LD HL,HEAD0_MSG

JR SEC_INFOI

B_SIDEF:LD HL,HEAD1_MSG

JR SEC_INFOI

NO_SIDEF:

LD HL,H_MSG ;H.

SEC_INFOI:

CALL PMSG

LD A,(CRTDISP) ;Do we have the more detail display option on

OR A,A

JP Z,NO_TDISPLAY ;If Z do not list the sector contents.

;OK we are going to step along the image one

;section at a time. Key locations were stored

;previously in the SCTRIM: routine.

LD HL,TRACK_MSG

```

CALL    PMSG
LD      DE,FBUFFER      ;Move Start of track image into DE
PUSH    DE              ;save it
LD      HL,(INDEX_MARK) ;End+1 of track header
DEC     HL
SBC     HL,DE
EX      DE,HL          ;Count now in DE
POP     HL              ;DE on stack to HL
HDRX: LD    A,(HL)
CALL    PACC           ;Print out HEX values of HEADER Field
INC     HL
DEC     DE              ;Decrease DE count by 1
LD      A,E
OR      A,A            ;Not XX00 at least
JR      NZ,HDRX
OR      A,D
JR      NZ,HDRX        ;Not 0000

                                ;Now display the FIRST sector ID field area
LD      HL,SECTOR_MSG
CALL    PMSG
LD      DE,(INDEX_MARK) ;Move Start of sector image into DE
PUSH    DE              ;save it
LD      HL,(S_DATA_MARK) ;End+1 of sec ID field (allow the +1 to capture the FB byte)
SBC     HL,DE
EX      DE,HL          ;Count now in DE
POP     HL              ;DE on stack to HL
HSECX: LD    A,(HL)
CALL    PACC           ;Print out HEX values of 1st Sector ID Field
INC     HL
DEC     DE              ;Decrease DE count by 1
LD      A,E
OR      A,A            ;Not XX00 at least

```



```

JR    NZ,HSECX
OR    A,D
JR    NZ,HSECX    ;Not 0000

                                ;Now display the FIRST sector DATA field area
LD    HL,SEC_DATA_MSG
CALL  PMSG
LD    DE,(S_DATA_MARK)    ;Move Start of sector image into DE
PUSH  DE    ;save it
LD    HL,(E_DATA_MARK)    ;End+1 of DATA field
DEC   HL
SBC   HL,DE
EX    DE,HL    ;Count now in DE
POP   HL    ;DE on stack to HL
HDATAX: LD    A,(HL)
CALL  PACC    ;Print out HEX values of 1st Sector DATA Field
INC   HL
DEC   DE    ;Decrease DE count by 1
LD    A,E
OR    A,A    ;Not XX00 at least
JR    NZ,HDATAX
OR    A,D
JR    NZ,HDATAX    ;Not 0000

                                ;Now display the FIRST sector GAP3 field area
LD    HL,SEC_GAP3_MSG
CALL  PMSG
LD    DE,(E_DATA_MARK)    ;Move Start of sector image into DE
PUSH  DE    ;save it
LD    HL,(E_SEC_MARK)    ;End+1 of GAP3 field
DEC   HL
SBC   HL,DE
EX    DE,HL    ;Count now in DE

```

```

        POP    HL                ;DE on stack to HL
HGAP3X: LD     A,(HL)
        CALL  PACC              ;Print out HEX values of 1st Sector GAP3 Field
        INC  HL
        DEC  DE                ;Decrease DE count by 1
        LD   A,E
        OR   A,A              ;Not XX00 at least
        JR   NZ,HGAP3X
        OR   A,D
        JR   NZ,HGAP3X      ;Not 0000

                                ;Now display the Track GAP4 field area
        LD   HL,SEC_GAP4_MSG
        CALL PMSG
        LD   DE,(S_GAP4_MARK)  ;Start of sector GAP4 into DE
        PUSH DE                ;save it
        LD   HL,(E_GAP4_MARK)  ;End+1 of GAP3 field
        DEC  HL
        SBC  HL,DE
        EX  DE,HL            ;Count now in DE
        POP  HL              ;DE on stack to HL
HGAP4X: LD     A,(HL)
        CALL  PACC              ;Print out HEX values of 1st Sector GAP3 Field
        INC  HL
        DEC  DE                ;Decrease DE count by 1
        LD   A,E
        OR   A,A              ;Not XX00 at least
        JR   NZ,HGAP4X
        OR   A,D
        JR   NZ,HGAP4X      ;Not 0000
        CALL ZCRLF

```

;

NO_TDISPLAY:

```
POP HL
POP DE
POP BC
POP AF
RET
```

```
;
```

```
;
```

```
;===== SUPPORT ROUTINES =====
```

```
;
```

```
PMSG: LD A,(HL) ;PRINT MESSAGE STRING in [HL] up to 0
      OR A
      RET Z
      LD C,A
      CALL CO
      INC HL
      JP PMSG
```

```
;
```

```
GETCMD: CALL CI ;GET A CHARACTER, convert to UC, ECHO it
        CALL UCASE
        CP A,ESC
        RET Z ;Don't echo an ESC
        PUSH AF ;Save it
        PUSH BC
        LD C,A
        CALL CO ;Echo it
        POP BC
        POP AF ;get it back
        RET
```

```
ZCRLF: PUSH AF ;Send CR/LF to CRT
        PUSH BC
        LD C,CR
        CALL CO
```

```

LD     C,LF
CALL  CO
POP   BC
POP   AF
RET

;                                     ;Convert LC to UC
UCASE: CP   A,'a'           ;must be >= lowercase a
      RET   C               ; else go back...
      CP   A,'z'+1         ;must be <= lowercase z
      RET   NC             ; else go back...
      SUB  A,'a'-'A'       ;subtract lowercase bias
      RET

;
;
; Return with 2 HEX digits in [A]. If abort, Carry flag set + ESC in [A]

```

GET_HEX:

```

      PUSH  BC
      CALL  GETCMD          ;Get a character from keyboard & ECHO
      CP   A,ESC
      JR   Z,HEX_ABORT
      CP   '/'              ;check 0-9, A-F
      JR   C,HEX_ABORT
      CP   'F'+1
      JR   NC,HEX_ABORT
      CALL  ASBIN           ;Convert to binary
      SLA  A
      SLA  A
      SLA  A
      SLA  A               ;Shift to high nibble
      LD   B,A             ;Store it
      CALL  GETCMD          ;Get 2nd character from keyboard & ECHO
      CP   A,ESC
      JR   Z,HEX_ABORT

```

```

CP      '/'                ;check 0-9, A-F
JR      C,HEX_ABORT
CP      'F'+I
JR      NC,HEX_ABORT
CALL   ASBIN              ;Convert to binary
OR      A,B                ;add in the first digit
OR      A,A                ;To return NC
POP     BC
RET
HEX_ABORT:
SCF                      ;Set Carry flag
LD      A,ESC
POP     BC
RET
;
;
; Put 4 HEX characters in [HL] (To set RAM location etc.)
;
GET_HEX4:
LD      H,0000H
CALL   GET_HEX            ;get 2 HEX digits
JR      C,SCAN_ABORT
LD      H,A
CALL   GET_HEX            ;get 2 more HEX digits
JR      C,SCAN_ABORT
LD      L,A
OR      A,A                ;To return NC
RET
SCAN_ABORT:
SCF                      ;Set Carry flag
RET

```

```

; ASCII TO BINARY CONVERSION ROUTINE

```

```
ASBIN: SUB 30H
        CP 0AH
        RET M
        SUB 07H
        RET
```

;Print the accumulator value on CRT in HEX-ASCII

```
PACC: PUSH AF
      PUSH BC
      PUSH AF
      RRCA
      RRCA
      RRCA
      RRCA
      CALL ZCONV
      POP AF
      CALL ZCONV
      POP BC
      POP AF
      RET
```

```
ZCONV: AND A,0FH      ;HEX to ASCII
      ADD 90H
      DAA
      ADC 40H
      DAA
      LD C,A
      CALL CO
      RET
```

;

;DISPLAY BIT PATTERN IN [A]

;

```
ZBITS: PUSH AF
```

```

        PUSH    BC
        PUSH    DE
        LD      E,A
        LD      B,8
BQ2:    SLA     E
        LD      A,18H
        ADC     A
        LD      C,A
        CALL    CO
        DJNZ   BQ2
        POP     DE
        POP     BC
        POP     AF
        RET

;
;
; CHECK IF AN ABORT (ESC) CHARACTER IS PRESENT AT THE CONSOL
; HOLD EVERYTHING IF SPACEBAR IS PRESSED
;
CHECKABORT:                ;see if an abort is required
        CALL    CONST
        RET     Z
CHECKI:    CALL    CI
        CP     A,ESC        ;ESC to abort
        JR     Z,CABORT
        CP     A,' '        ;if spacebar then freeze CRT display
        JR     Z,CHECKI
        XOR    A,A
        RET
CABORT:    XOR     A,A        ;Was ESC, so return with NZ flag
        DEC    A            ;return NZ, & 0FFH in A if ESC there
        RET
;

```

;

;

;------ Debug Routines -----

DEBUG_A: ;Display contents of A of CRT

```
PUSH AF
PUSH BC
PUSH DE
PUSH HL
PUSH AF
LD C,'>'
CALL CO
POP AF
CALL PACC
LD C,'<'
CALL CO
POP HL
POP DE
POP BC
POP AF
RET
```

;

DEBUG_B ;Display A on CRT wait for keyboard

```
CALL DEBUG_A
PUSH AF
CALL CI
POP AF
RET
```

;

DEBUG_HL ;Display HL on CRT

```
PUSH AF
LD A,H
CALL DEBUG_A
LD A,L
```



```

CALL    DEBUG_A
POP     AF
RET

;
;
;
;-----
;
SIGNON:          DB    CR,LF,LF
                if    CHIP_1795
                    DB    'Versafloppy II (for 1795 chip) Diagnostic Program. '
                    DB    '(V1.01 by John Monahan 2009)',CR,LF,0
                endif

                if    CHIP_1791
                    DB    'Versafloppy II (for 1791 chip) Diagnostic Program. '
                    DB    '(V1.02 by John Monahan 2009)',CR,LF,0
                endif

GETDRV_MSG:      DB    'Please select a drive. (A,B,C or D): ',0

XXXDRV:         DB    CR,LF, 'Sorry that is an invalid drive',0
GETSIZE_MSG:    DB    CR,LF, 'Is this a 5" or 8" Drive (5,8): ',0
DISK_8_FORMATS: DB    CR,LF,LF,'Possible 8" disk formats:-'
                DB    CR,LF, 'A = 128 Bytes/Sec, 26 Sec/Ttk. 8" SDSS. (IBM 3740 Format)'
                DB    CR,LF, 'B = 128 Bytes/Sec, 50 Sec/Ttk. 8" DDSS. (SD Systems 8" DD Format)'
                DB    CR,LF, 'C = 256 Bytes/Sec, 26 Sec/Ttk. 8" DDDS. (IBM System 34 Format)'
                DB    CR,LF, 'D = 512 Bytes/Sec, 15 Sec/Trk. 8" DDDS. '
                DB    CR,LF, 'E = 1024 Bytes/Sec, 9 Sec/Trk. 8" DDSS. (For CPM3 System)'
                DB    CR,LF, 'F = 1024 Bytes/Sec, 9 Sec/Trk. 8" DDDS.'
                DB    CR,LF, 'Please select a disk format: ',0
DISK_5_FORMATS: DB    CR,LF,LF,'Possible 5" disk formats:-'
                DB    CR,LF, 'A = 512 Bytes/Sec, 8 Sec/Ttk. 5" DDDS. (CPM3 & IBM PC CPM-86 Format)'

```

DB	CR,LF,	'B = 128 Bytes/Sec, 18 Sec/Ttk. 5" SDSS. (SD Systems 5" SD Format)'
DB	CR,LF,	'C = 128 Bytes/Sec, 29 Sec/Ttk. 5" DDSS. (SD Systems 5" DD Format)'
DB	CR,LF,	'D = 512 Bytes/Sec, 9 Sec/Ttk. 5" DDDS. (DEC VT180 Format)'
DB	CR,LF,	'E = 256 Bytes/Sec, 16 Sec/Ttk. 5" DDDS. (TOSHIBA T-100 Format)'
DB	CR,LF,	'F = 128 Bytes/Sec, 18 Sec/Ttk. 5" SDDS. (CROMEMCO-SD CDOS Format)'
DB	CR,LF,	'G = 512 Bytes/Sec, 10 Sec/Ttk. 5" DDDS. (CROMEMCO-DD CDOS Format)'
DB	CR,LF,	'H = 512 Bytes/Sec, 10 Sec/Ttk. 5" DDDS. (EPSON QX-10 Format)'
DB	CR,LF,	'I = 1024 Bytes/Sec, 5 Sec/Ttk. 5" DDDS. (MORROW MD3 Format)'
DB	CR,LF,	'J = 512 Bytes/Sec, 8 Sec/Ttk. 5" DDDS. (ZENITH Z-100 Format)'
DB	CR,LF,	'K = 256 Bytes/Sec, 16 Sec/Ttk. 5" DDDS. (SUPERBRAIN QD Format)'
DB	CR,LF,	'L = 512 Bytes/Sec, 8 Sec/Ttk. 5" DDDS. (IBM PC, MSDOS 1.1 Format)'
DB	CR,LF,	'M = 512 Bytes/Sec, 9 Sec/Ttk. 5" DDDS. (IBM PC, MSDOS 2.x Format)'
DB	CR,LF,	'N = 512 Bytes/Sec, 10 Sec/Ttk. 5" DDSS. (TRS-80 MOD III Format)'
DB	CR,LF,	'Please select a disk format: ',0
OPTION_ERROR:	DB	CR,LF, 'Sorry invalid option',0
SEC_COUNT_ERR	DB	CR,LF, 'Sector count error',0
RAM_ERROR	DB	CR,LF, 'Invalid RAM location error',0
MAIN_MENU0:	DB	CR,LF,LF,'VERSAFLOPPY II DIAGNOSTICS ---- MAIN MENU ---- (Detail Display OFF)',0
MAIN_MENU1:	DB	CR,LF,LF,'VERSAFLOPPY II DIAGNOSTICS ---- MAIN MENU ---- (Detail Display ON)',0
DISK_INFO	DB	CR,LF,'Current drive:- ',0
DISK_INFO0:	DB	CR,LF,'Drive ',0
DISK_INFO1:	DB	': (IOBYTE)=' ,0
DISK_INFO2:	DB	' Size=' ,0
DISK_INFO3:	DB	'", Double Sided, ',0
DISK_INFO4:	DB	'", Single Sided, ',0
DISK_INFO5:	DB	'Double Density disk.',0
DISK_INFO6:	DB	'Single Density disk.',0
DISK_INFO7:	DB	CR,LF, 'Current Disk [IX] Table: Sec/Track=' ,0
DISK_INFO8:	DB	'H, Tracks/Side=' ,0
DISK_INFO9:	DB	'H, Sec Size=' ,0
DISK_INFO10:	DB	'H, 128 Bytes/Sec.',0

DISK_INFO11:	DB	'H, 256 Bytes/Sec.',0
DISK_INFO12:	DB	'H, 512 Bytes/Sec.',0
DISK_INFO13:	DB	'H, 1024 Bytes/Sec.',0
IDMSG0:	DB	'Track/Side/Sec/Size/(CRC) TRACK ID field= ',0
MENU_OPTIONS	DB	CR,LF,LF, '0 = Select a DRIVE/DISK to analyze'
	DB	CR,LF, '1 = Seek Test 2 = Sequential Read Sector Test'
	DB	CR,LF, '3 = Sequential Write Sector Test 4 = Sequential R/W Sector Test'
	DB	CR,LF, '5 = Random Track/Sector R/W Test 6 = Continously Read sectors from a Track'
	DB	CR,LF, '7 = Examine one complet track 8 = Load disk sctors to RAM'
	DB	CR,LF, '9 = Write RAM to disk sectors C = Copy current disk to another disk'
	DB	CR,LF, 'F = Format the current disk S = Copy CPM system tracks from '
	DB	'another disk.'
	DB	CR,LF, 'V = Verify sectors disk to disk I = Quick Format of 8" CPM SSSD Disk in B:',0
MENU1_MSG:	DB	CR,LF, 'D = Turn ON detailed display. ESC To return to CPM'
	DB	CR,LF, 'Please enter a command:- ',0
MENU2_MSG:	DB	CR,LF, 'D = Turn OFF detailed display. ESC To return to CPM'
	DB	CR,LF, 'Please enter a command:- ',0
SEKMSG	DB	CR,LF, 'Disk seek test.',CR,LF,0
ATTRK:	DB	' TRACK ',0
ATSEC:	DB	'H, SECTOR ',0
HEAD0_MSG	DB	'H, SIDE A',0
HEAD1_MSG	DB	'H, SIDE B',0
H_MSG	DB	'H. ',0
ATHEAD0	DB	' SIDE A ',0
ATHEAD1	DB	' SIDE B ',0
SEC_MSG:	DB	CR,LF, 'Sector Contents=',0
FORMATTING_MSG:	DB	CR,LF, 'Formating Disk. Format= ',0
BADCMD	DB	CR,LF,BELL, 'Invalid command selected.',0
FORM_ERRMSG:	DB	CR,LF,BELL,'Disk formatting aborted or write error.',0

END_FORM_MSG:	DB	CR,LF, 'Disk has been formatted correctly. Each track is ',0
END_FORMI_MSG	DB	'H Bytes long.',0
CODE_NOT_DONE:	DB	CR,LF, 'Sorry Code not done yet. HALT',0
FORM_TRK:	DB	CR,LF, 'Formatting TRACK ',0
TRACK_MSG:	DB	'Track Image:- '
	DB	CR,LF, 'Index field up to First sector=',CR,LF,0
SECTOR_MSG:	DB	CR,LF, 'Sector ID Field=',CR,LF,0
SEC_DATA_MSG:	DB	CR,LF, 'Sector DATA Field=',CR,LF,0
SEC_GAP3_MSG:	DB	CR,LF, 'Sector GAP3 Field=',CR,LF,0
SEC_GAP4_MSG:	DB	CR,LF, 'End of Track GAP4 Field=',CR,LF,0
GET_TRACK_MSG:	DB	CR,LF, 'Please enter track number. (Enter 2 HEX digits): ',0
GET_SIDE_MSG:	DB	CR,LF, 'Please select Disk SIDE A or B (A,B): ',0
SIDE_ERROR:	DB	CR,LF,BELL, 'Invalid SIDE selection',0
GET_SEC_MSG:	DB	CR,LF, 'Please enter sector number. (Enter 2 HEX digits): ',0
TRACK_CONTENTS:	DB	CR,LF, 'Track contents:-',CR,LF,0
MORE_MSG:	DB	CR,LF, 'Do you wish to see more (Y/N): ',0
SEC_ERROR:	DB	CR,LF, 'Invalid sector number selection',0
GAP3_MSG:	DB	CR,LF, 'GAP3=',0
GAPI_MSG:	DB	CR,LF, 'GAPI=',0
ID_MSG:	DB	CR,LF, 'Sector ID Mark=',0
GAP2_MSG:	DB	CR,LF, 'GAP2=',0
SYNC_MSG:	DB	CR,LF, 'Data Sync=',0
STATUS_179x:	DB	CR,LF, 'Status Bits of 1791/5 Chip= ',0
ENDMSG:	DB	CR,LF,BELL,'Disk has been formatted ',CR,LF,0
ERRMSG:	DB	CR,LF,BELL,'SORRY COULD NOT SEEK NEXT TRACK',CR,LF,0
TRACK_ERROR:	DB	CR,LF,BELL,'That track is out of range for this disk',0
SEC_READ_RETRY:	DB	CR,LF, 'Re-reading SECTOR ',0
SEC_WR_RETRY:	DB	CR,LF, 'Re-writing SECTOR ',0
SEC_RH_RETRY	DB	CR,LF, 'Re-Seeking head for re-reading SECTOR ',0
SEC_WH_RETRY	DB	CR,LF, 'Re-Seeking head for re-writing SECTOR ',0
SEC_V_ERROR	DB	CR,LF,BELL,'Sector Verify Error found -----',0
RDTST_MSG	DB	CR,LF, 'Sequential Read Sectors Test',0
WRTST_MSG	DB	CR,LF, 'Sequential Write Sectors Test',0

RDWRTST_MSG	DB	CR,LF, 'Sequential R/W Sectors Test',0
RAND_TST_MSG	DB	CR,LF, 'Random Track/Sector R/W Sectors Test',0
DISK_WP_MSG	DB	CR,LF,BELL, 'This disk is currently Write Protected.',0
INITCPM_MSG	DB	CR,LF, 'Special modification of first sector for CPM86 done.',0
TRK_SIZE_ERR	DB	CR,LF,BELL, 'Size of track (TRK_SIZE) in the disk paramater table is invalid',0
SEC_COUNT_MSG	DB	CR,LF, 'Number of sectors (Enter 2 HEX digits): ',0
GET_DMA_MSG	DB	CR,LF, 'Enter RAM loaction to recieve the data (Enter 4 HEX digits): ',0
GET_DMAD_MSG	DB	CR,LF, 'Enter RAM loaction of data to write (Enter 4 HEX digits): ',0
LOADING_MSG:	DB	CR,LF, 'Loading data ',0
LOADINGI_MSG:	DB	' To RAM at ',0
ERR_TK_MSG:	DB	CR,LF,BELL, 'ERROR. Ran out of tracks!',0
LOAD_DONE_MSG:	DB	CR,LF, 'Data read correctly.',0
TRK_DUMP_MSG	DB	CR,LF, 'Load a selected track from current disk into RAM',0
LOAD_MSG	DB	CR,LF, 'Load sector(s) from disk to RAM',0
DUMP_MSG	DB	CR,LF, 'Write sector(s) to disk with data from RAM location.',0
DUMPING_MSG:	DB	CR,LF, 'Writing data ',0
DUMPINGI_MSG:	DB	' From RAM at ',0
DUMP_DONE_MSG:	DB	CR,LF, 'Data written correctly.',0
TIMEOUT_ERR:	DB	CR,LF,BELL,'Forced a I791/5 chip RESET because the status port was hung up busy!'
	DB	CR,LF, 'Check hardware such as drive type, connections etc.',0
COPY_MSG:	DB	CR,LF, 'Copy current disk to another disk (Note: Disks MUST be same format)',0
COPY2_MSG	DB	CR,LF, 'For the destination disk: ',0
HOW_MANY_TRKS	DB	CR,LF, 'Copy just the System tracks or all tracks. (S or A): ',0
INVALID_TRK_CT	DB	CR,LF,BELL, 'Invalid track option.',0
COPYING_DONE	DB	CR,LF, 'Disk Copying done.',0
COPY_AT_TRK:	DB	CR,LF, 'Reading data from ',0
WRITE_AT_TRK:	DB	' Writing data to ',0
READ_AT_TRK:	DB	CR,LF, 'Reading ',0
VERIFY_AT_TRK:	DB	' Verify ',0
VERIFY_DONE	DB	CR,LF, 'Disk verifying done',0
VERIFY_MSG	DB	CR,LF, 'Sector by Sector verifying of two disks',0
VERIFY2_MSG	DB	CR,LF, 'For the second disk: ',0

```

CLOSE_BRACKET:      DB          ');0
UNKNOWN_ERROR:     DB      CR,LF,BELL,'Unknown Error. Status Bits= (',0
SYS_COPY_MSG:      DB      CR,LF, 'Will copy CPM system tracks FROM another disk and '
                   DB          'write it TO the current disk',0
SYS_COPY_MSG1:     DB      CR,LF, 'Source disk for CPM system tracks:',0
COPY_SYS_TRK       DB      CR,LF, 'Copying CPM from ',0
WRITE_SYS_TRK      DB          ' Writing CPM to ',0
DONE_SYS_MSG        DB      CR,LF, 'CPM System tracks copied OK.',0
IBM_FORMAT          DB      CR,LF, 'Quick formatting of a blank SSSD 8" IBM disk in B: drive for CPM.',0
IBM_FORMAT1         DB      CR,LF, 'Formatting in progress',CR,LF,0
END_FORM_MSG1:      DB      CR,LF, 'Disk has been formatted as a SSSD 8" disk (IBM 3740 Format).',0
ERRORS_SEEN:        DB      CR,LF,LF,BELL, 'Errors encountered. Format not reliable',0
COPY_SYSTRKS        DB      CR,LF, 'Do you wish to copy CPM from the system tracks of drive A:'
                   DB      CR,LF, 'Note: It must be on an IBM 3740 formatted disk. (Y/N)',0
COPYING_CPM         DB      CR,LF, 'Copying CPM from system tracks of Drive A:',0
END_FORM_MSG2:      DB      CR,LF, 'Disk B: has been formatted and CPM system installed on it correctly.',0
FORM_TRK_MSG        DB      CR, 'At Track ',0
BAD_COPY_MSG        DB      CR,LF,LF,BELL, 'Errors encountered during disk copying. Copy may not be valid',0
;
;
;
SEC_READ_ERROR:    DB      CR,LF,BELL,'SEC READ Error.'
                   DB          ' Bits: DNR,0,Record Type,RNF,'
                   DB          'CRC,DATA,DRQ,Busy (',0

SEEKNV_ERROR:      DB      CR,LF,BELL,'SEEK (NV) Error.'
                   DB          ' Bits: DNR,WP,Head,Seek,'
                   DB          'CRC,TRK0,INDEX,Busy (',0

RSCMD_ERROR:       DB      CR,LF,BELL,'RESTORE Error.'
                   DB          ' Bits: DNR,WP,Head,Seek,'
                   DB          'CRC,TRK0,INDEX,Busy (',0

```

```

SEC_ID_ERROR: DB    CR,LF,BELL,'SEC ID Error.'
               DB    ' Bits: DNR,0,0,RNF,'
               DB    'CRC,DATA,DRQ,Busy (',0

SKCMD_ERROR:  DB    CR,LF,BELL,'SEEK Error.'
               DB    ' Bits: DNR,WP,Head,Seek,'
               DB    'CRC,TRK0,INDEX,Busy (',0

STEPIN_ERROR: DB    CR,LF,BELL,'STEP-IN Error.'
               DB    ' Bits: DNR,WP,Head,Seek,'
               DB    'CRC,TRK0,INDEX,Busy (',0

RDTCMD_ERROR: DB    CR,LF,BELL,'TRACK Read Error.'
               DB    ' Bits: DNR,0,0,0,'
               DB    '0,DATA,DRQ,Busy (',0

WRTCMD_ERROR: DB    CR,LF,BELL,'TRACK Write Error.'
               DB    ' Bits: DNR,WP,WF,0,'
               DB    '0,DATA,DRQ,Busy (',0

WRCMD_ERROR: DB    CR,LF,BELL,'SEC WRITE Error.'
               DB    ' Bits: DNR,WP,WF,0,'
               DB    'CRC,DATA,DRQ,Busy (',0

;
;
;-----
;
;      LOOKUP TABLES OF DISK PARAMETERS
;
;      8" SINGLE DENSITY DRIVE VARIABLES (IBM 3740 Format)
STDSDT: DB    26          ;SECTORS PER TRACK
         DB    77          ;TRACKS PER SIDE
         DB    0000000B    ;Disk HW_BYTE (SDSS)

```

```

DB      40          ;HEADER GAP (SD-Systems has 100-27, IBM is 40!)
DB      6           ;GAP 1 (0's)
DB     11          ;GAP 2 (FF's)
DB     27          ;GAP 3 (FF's)
DB    247          ;GAP 4 (FF's)
DB      1          ;GAPR (Flag for multiple repeats of GAP4)
DB      0          ;128 Bytes/sec
DB     0FFH        ;GAP Format fill character
DB     0E5H        ;Data area fill character
DW    1423H        ;Size in bytes of 1 formatted track
DB     0H          ;No special post format
DW    SKEW_IBM    ;Location of this disks sector skew table
DB     1H          ;Each format will have a unique number. For disk to disk copy
DB     2           ;Tracks set aside for operating system (eg CPM 2)
DB     '8" SINGLE DENSITY (IBM 3740 Format)',0

```

SKEW_IBM:

```

DB     1H,2H,3H,4H,5H,6H,7H,8H,9H,0AH,0BH,0CH,0DH,0EH,0FH
db     10H,11H,12H,13H,14H,15H,16H,17H,18H,19H,1AH

```

; 8" DOUBLE DENSITY (128 BYTE SECTORS)

```

STDDDT:  DB     50          ;SECTORS PER TRACK
          DB     77          ;TRACKS PER SIDE
          DB     01000000B   ;Disk HW_BYTE (DDSS)
          DB     80          ;HEADER GAP (SD-Systems has 100-16, IBM is 80!)
          DB     8           ;GAP 1 (4E's)
          DB     22          ;GAP 2 (4E's)
          DB     16          ;GAP 3 (4E's)
          DB     199         ;GAP 4 (4E's) (X3 = 597)
          DB     3           ;GAPR (Flag for multiple repeats of GAP4)
          DB     0          ;128 Bytes/sec
          DB     4EH        ;GAP Format fill character
          DB     0E5H        ;Data area fill character

```



```

DW 29A0H ;Size in bytes of I formatted track
DB 0H ;No special post formatting modifications of disk req
DW SKEW_SDT ;Location of this disks sector skew table
DB 2H ;Each format will have a unique number. For disk to disk copy
DB 2 ;Tracks set aside for operating system (eg CPM 2)
DB '8" DOUBLE DENSITY (SD_Systems Format)',0

```

SKEW_SDT:

```

DB 1H,2H,3H,4H,5H,6H,7H,8H,9H,0AH,0BH,0CH,0DH,0EH,0FH
db 10H,11H,12H,13H,14H,15H,16H,17H,18H,19H,1AH,1BH,1CH,1DH,1EH,1FH
db 20H,21H,22H,23H,24H,25H,26H,27H,28H,29H,2AH,2BH,2CH,2DH,2EH,2FH
db 30H,31H,32H

```

;

; 8" DOUBLE DENSITY (256 BYTE SECTORS) (IBM System 34 Format)

```

DDT256: DB 26 ;NBR SECTORS PER TRACK
DB 77 ;NBR TRACKS PER SIDE
DB 01010000B ;Disk HW_BYTE (DDDS)
DB 80 ;HEADER GAP (SD-Systems has 100-54, IBM is 80!)
DB 12 ;GAP 1
DB 22 ;GAP 2
DB 54 ;GAP 3
DB 199 ;GAP 4 (4E's) (X3 = 597)
DB 3 ;GAPR (Flag for multiple repeats of GAP4)
DB 1 ;256 Bytes/sec
DB 4EH ;GAP Format fill character
DB 0E5H ;Data area fill character
DW 28ECH ;Size in bytes of I formatted track
DB 0H ;No special post formatting modifications of disk req
DW SKEW_256 ;Location of this disks sector skew table
DB 3H ;Each format will have a unique number. For disk to disk copy
DB 2 ;Tracks set aside for operating system (eg CPM 2)
DB '8" DD (256 BYTE SECTORS) (IBM System 34 Format)',0

```

SKEW_256:

DB 1H,2H,3H,4H,5H,6H,7H,8H,9H,0AH,0BH,0CH,0DH,0EH,0FH

db 10H,11H,12H,13H,14H,15H,16H,17H,18H,19H,1AH

;

; 8" DOUBLE DENSITY (512 BYTE SECTORS)

DDT512: DB 15 ;NBR SECTORS PER TRACK
DB 77 ;NBR TRACKS PER SIDE
DB 01010000B ;Disk HW_BYTE (DDDS)
DB 80 ;HEADER GAP (SD-Systems has 100-54, IBM is 80!)
DB 12 ;GAP 1
DB 22 ;GAP 2
DB 84 ;GAP 3
DB 200 ;GAP 4 (4E's) (X3 = 597)
DB 2 ;GAPR (Flag for multiple repeats of GAP4)
DB 2 ;512 Bytes/sec
DB 4EH ;GAP Format fill character
DB 0E5H ;Data area fill character
DW 0H ;Size in bytes of 1 formatted track
DB 0H ;No special post formatting modifications of disk req
DW SKEW_512 ;Location of this disks sector skew table
DB 4H ;Each format will have a unique number. For disk to disk copy
DB 2 ;Tracks set aside for operating system (eg CPM 2)
DB '8" DDDS (512 BYTE SECTORS)',0

SKEW_512:

DB 1H,2H,3H,4H,5H,6H,7H,8H,9H,0AH,0BH,0CH,0DH,0EH,0FH

;

; 8" DOUBLE DENSITY (1024 BYTE SECTORS - Single Sided)

DDTIK: DB 9 ;NBR SECTORS PER TRACK
DB 77 ;NBR TRACKS PER SIDE
DB 01000000B ;Disk HW_BYTE (DDDS) ;
DB 80 ;INDEX HEADER GAP

```

DB      12          ;NBR GAP 1
DB      22          ;NBR GAP 2
DB      54          ;NBR GAP 3
DB      199         ;GAP 4
DB      3           ;GAPR (Flag for multiple repeats of GAP4)
DB      3           ;1024 Bytes/sec
DB      4EH         ;GAP Format fill character
DB      0E5H        ;Data area fill character
DW      2B5AH       ;Size in bytes of 1 formatted track
DB      0H          ;No special post formatting modifications of disk req
DW      SKEW_1K          ;Location of this disks sector skew table
DB      5H          ;Each format will have a unique number. For disk to disk copy
DB      1           ;Tracks set aside for operating system (eg CPM 2)
DB      '8" DOUBLE DENSITY, SINGLE SIDED (1024 BYTE SECTORS)',0

```

SKEW_1K:

```

DB      1H,2H,3H,4H,5H,6H,7H,8H,9H

```

;

```

;      8" DOUBLE DENSITY (1024 BYTE SECTORS - Double Sided)

```

```

DDT1K2:DB      9          ;NBR SECTORS PER TRACK
DB      77          ;NBR TRACKS PER SIDE
DB      01010000B    ;Disk HW_BYTE (DDDS) ;
DB      80          ;INDEX HEADER GAP
DB      12          ;NBR GAP 1
DB      22          ;NBR GAP 2
DB      54          ;NBR GAP 3
DB      199         ;GAP 4
DB      3           ;GAPR (Flag for multiple repeats of GAP4)
DB      3           ;1024 Bytes/sec
DB      4EH         ;GAP Format fill character
DB      0E5H        ;Data area fill character
DW      2B5AH       ;Size in bytes of 1 formatted track
DB      0H          ;No special post formatting modifications of disk req
DW      SKEW_1KDS    ;Location of this disks sector skew table

```

```

DB      6H          ;Each format will have a unique number. For disk to disk copy
DB      1          ;Tracks set aside for operating system (eg CPM 2)
DB      '8" DOUBLE DENSITY, DOUBLE SIDED (1024 BYTE SECTORS)',0
SKEW_IKDS:
DB      1H,2H,3H,4H,5H,6H,7H,8H,9H

```

```

;
;

```

; 5", 128 byte, SD SD-Systems Format

```

MINSDT: DB      18          ;sectors per track
DB      35          ;tracks per side
DB      00100000B      ;Disk HW_BYTE (SDSS)
DB      20-8        ;index header gap
DB      6           ;GAP 1
DB      11          ;GAP 2
DB      8           ;GAP 3
DB      221         ;GAP 4 (FF's)
DB      1           ;GAPR (Flag for multiple repeats of GAP4)
DB      0           ;128 Bytes/sec
DB      0FFH        ;GAP Format fill character
DB      0E5H        ;Data area fill character
DW      0CC7H        ;Size in bytes of 1 formatted track
DB      0H          ;No special post formatting modifications of disk req
DW      SKEW_MINS D   ;Location of this disks sector skew table
DB      7H          ;Each format will have a unique number. For disk to disk copy
DB      2           ;Tracks set aside for operating system (eg CPM 2)
DB      '5", SDSS, 128 byte, SD-Systems Format',0

```

SKEW_MINSD:

```

DB      1H,2H,3H,4H,5H,6H,7H,8H,9H,0AH,0BH,0CH,0DH,0EH,0FH,10H,11H

```

```

;

```

; 5", 128 byte, DD SD-Systems Format

```

MINDDT: DB      29          ;sectors per track

```

```

DB      35                ;tracks per side
DB      01100000B        ;Disk HW_BYTE (DDSS)
DB      100-16           ;index header gap
DB      8                 ;GAP 1
DB      22                ;GAP 2
DB      16                ;GAP 3
DB      247              ;GAP 4
DB      1                 ;GAPR (Flag for multiple repeats of GAP4)
DB      0                 ;128 Bytes/sec
DB      4EH              ;GAP Format fill character
DB      0E5H             ;Data area fill character
DW      17C0H            ;Size in bytes of 1 formatted track
DB      0H                ;No special post formatting modifications of disk req
DW      SKEW_MINDD       ;Location of this disks sector skew table
DB      8H                ;Each format will have a unique number. For disk to disk copy
DB      2                 ;Tracks set aside for operating system (eg CPM 2)
DB      '5", DDSS. 128 byte, SD-Systems Format',0

```

SKEW_MINDD:

```

DB      1H,2H,3H,4H,5H,6H,7H,8H,9H,0AH,0BH,0CH,0DH,0EH,0FH
db      10H,11H,12H,13H,14H,15H,16H,17H,18H,19H,1AH,1BH,1CH

```

;

; 5", 512 byte, DDDS, 8 sector IBM PC CPM-86 format

```

MINCPM: DB      8                ;sectors per track
          DB      40              ;tracks per side
          DB      01110000B      ;Disk HW_BYTE (DDDS)
          DB      80              ;index header gap
          DB      12              ;GAP 1
          DB      22              ;GAP 2
          DB      80              ;GAP 3
          DB      207             ;GAP 4 (4E's) (1038)
          DB      5               ;GAPR (Flag for multiple repeats of GAP4)
          DB      2               ;512 Bytes/sec

```

DB 04EH ;GAP Format fill character
 DB 0E5H ;Data area fill character (for CPM86)
 DW 19C0H ;Size in bytes of I formatted track
 DB CPM86_FLAG ;Special post formatting modifications of disk req
 DW SKEW_CPM86 ;Location of this disks sector skew table
 DB 9H ;Each format will have a unique number. For disk to disk copy
 DB 2 ;Tracks set aside for operating system (eg CPM 2)
 DB '5", DDDS, 512 byte, 8 sector IBM PC CPM-86 format',0

SKEW_CPM86:

DB 1H,2H,3H,4H,5H,6H,7H,8H

;

;

; 5", 512 byte, DDDS, 9 sector DEC VT180 format

DEC: DB 9 ;sectors per track
 DB 40 ;tracks per side
 DB 01110000B ;Disk HW_BYTE (DDDS)
 DB 80 ;index header gap
 DB 12 ;GAP 1
 DB 22 ;GAP 2
 DB 26 ;GAP 3
 DB 218 ;GAP 4 (4E's) (872)
 DB 4 ;GAPR (Flag for multiple repeats of GAP4)
 DB 2 ;512 Bytes/sec
 DB 04EH ;GAP Format fill character
 DB 0E5H ;Data area fill character (for CPM)
 DW 1971H ;Size in bytes of I formatted track
 DB 0 ;No special post formatting modifications of disk req
 DW SKEW_DEC ;Location of this disks sector skew table
 DB 0AH ;Each format will have a unique number. For disk to disk copy
 DB 2 ;Tracks set aside for operating system (eg CPM 2)
 DB '5", DDDS, 512 byte, 9 sector DEC VT180 format',0

SKEW_DEC:

DB 1H,2H,3H,4H,5H,6H,7H,8H,9H

;

;

; 5", 256 byte, DDDS, 16 sector TOSHIBA T-100 format

```
TOSHIBA: DB    16                ;sectors per track
          DB    35                ;tracks per side
          DB    01110000B        ;Disk HW_BYTE (DDDS)
          DB    80                ;index header gap
          DB    12                ;GAP 1
          DB    22                ;GAP 2
          DB    50                ;GAP 3
          DB    183              ;GAP 4 (4E's) (366)
          DB    2                ;GAPR (Flag for multiple repeats of GAP4)
          DB    1                ;256 Bytes/sec
          DB    04EH             ;GAP Format fill character
          DB    0E5H             ;Data area fill character (for CPM)
          DW    1928H            ;Size in bytes of 1 formatted track
          DB    0                ;No special post formatting modifications of disk req
          DW    SKEW_TOSH        ;Location of this disks sector skew table
          DB    0BH              ;Each format will have a unique number. For disk to disk copy
          DB    2                ;Tracks set aside for operating system (eg CPM 2)
          DB    '5", DDDS, 256 byte, 16 sector TOSHIBA T-100 format',0
```

SKEW_TOSH:

```
          DB    1H,2H,3H,4H,5H,6H,7H,8H,9H,0AH,0BH,0CH,0DH,0EH,0FH
```

;

;

; 5", 128 byte, CROMEMCO CDOS (SINGLE density) Format

```
CDOS: DB    18                ;sectors per track
       DB    40                ;tracks per side
       DB    00110000B        ;Disk HW_BYTE (SDDS)
       DB    20-8             ;index header gap
       DB    6                ;GAP 1
       DB    11                ;GAP 2
       DB    8                ;GAP 3
```

```

DB      185          ;GAP 4 (FF's)
DB      1            ;GAPR (Flag for multiple repeats of GAP4)
DB      0            ;128 Bytes/sec
DB      0FFH        ;GAP Format fill character
DB      0E5H        ;Data area fill character
DW      0CA3H       ;Size in bytes of 1 formatted track
DB      0H           ;No special post formatting modifications of disk req
DW      SKEW_CDOS   ;Location of this disks sector skew table
DB      0CH         ;Each format will have a unique number. For disk to disk copy
DB      2            ;Tracks set aside for operating system (eg CPM 2)
DB      '5", SDDS, 128 byte, CROMEMCO CDOS Format',0

```

SKEW_CDOS:

```

DB      1H,2H,3H,4H,5H,6H,7H,8H,9H,0AH,0BH,0CH,0DH,0EH,0FH,10H,11H

```

;

; 5", 512 byte, CROMEMCO CDOS w/INTL TERM. CP/M Format

```

CDOSDD:  DB      10          ;sectors per track
          DB      40          ;tracks per side
          DB      00110000B   ;Disk HW_BYTE (SDDS)
          DB      80          ;index header gap
          DB      12          ;GAP 1
          DB      22          ;GAP 2
          DB      30          ;GAP 3
          DB      214         ;GAP 4 (FF's)
          DB      1            ;GAPR (Flag for multiple repeats of GAP4)
          DB      2            ;512 Bytes/sec
          DB      0FFH        ;GAP Format fill character
          DB      0E5H        ;Data area fill character
          DW      188EH       ;Size in bytes of 1 formatted track
          DB      0H           ;No special post formatting modifications of disk req
          DW      SKEW_CDOS2   ;Location of this disks sector skew table
          DB      0DH         ;Each format will have a unique number. For disk to disk copy
          DB      2            ;Tracks set aside for operating system (eg CPM 2)
          DB      '5", DDDS, 512 byte, CROMEMCO CDOS/CPM Format',0

```


SKEW_CDOS2:

DB 1H,2H,3H,4H,5H,6H,7H,8H,9H,0AH

; 5", 512 byte, EPSON QX-10 Format

EPSON: DB 10 ;sectors per track
DB 40 ;tracks per side
DB 00110000B ;Disk HW_BYTE (SDDS)
DB 80 ;index header gap
DB 12 ;GAP 1
DB 22 ;GAP 2
DB 30 ;GAP 3
DB 214 ;GAP 4 (FF's)
DB 1 ;GAPR (Flag for multiple repeats of GAP4)
DB 2 ;512 Bytes/sec
DB 0FFH ;GAP Format fill character
DB 0E5H ;Data area fill character
DW 188EH ;Size in bytes of 1 formatted track
DB 0H ;No special post formatting modifications of disk req
DW SKEW_EPSON ;Location of this disks sector skew table
DB 0EH ;Each format will have a unique number. For disk to disk copy
DB 2 ;Tracks set aside for operating system (eg CPM 2)
DB '5", DDDS, 512 byte, EPSON QX-10 Format',0

SKEW_EPSON:

DB 1H,3H,5H,7H,9H,2H,4H,6H,8H,0AH ;<-- note skew table

;

;

; 5", 1K byte, DDDS, 5 sector MORROW MD3 format

MORROW: DB 5 ;sectors per track
DB 40 ;tracks per side
DB 01110000B ;Disk HW_BYTE (DDDS)
DB 80 ;index header gap
DB 12 ;GAP 1
DB 22 ;GAP 2

```

DB      50          ;GAP 3
DB      192        ;GAP 4 (4E's) (574)
DB      3          ;GAPR (Flag for multiple repeats of GAP4)
DB      3          ;1024 Bytes/sec
DB      04EH       ;GAP Format fill character
DB      0E5H       ;Data area fill character (for CPM)
DW      1977H      ;Size in bytes of 1 formatted track
DB      0          ;No special post formatting modifications of disk req
DW      SKEW_MORROW;Location of this disks sector skew table
DB      0FH        ;Each format will have a unique number. For disk to disk copy
DB      2          ;Tracks set aside for operating system (eg CPM 2)
DB      '5", DDDS, 1024 byte, 9 sector MORROW MD3 format',0

```

SKEW_MORROW:

```

      DB      1H,2H,3H,4H,5H
;
;
; 5", 512 byte, DDDS, 5 sector ZENITH Z-100 format
ZENITH: DB      8          ;sectors per track
      DB      40          ;tracks per side
      DB      01110000B   ;Disk HW_BYTE (DDDS)
      DB      80          ;index header gap
      DB      12          ;GAP 1
      DB      22          ;GAP 2
      DB      26          ;GAP 3
      DB      242        ;GAP 4 (4E's) (1454)
      DB      6          ;GAPR (Flag for multiple repeats of GAP4)
      DB      2          ;512 Bytes/sec
      DB      04EH       ;GAP Format fill character
      DB      0E5H       ;Data area fill character (for CPM)
      DW      1933H      ;Size in bytes of 1 formatted track
      DB      0          ;No special post formatting modifications of disk req
      DW      SKEW_ZENITH ;Location of this disks sector skew table
      DB      10H        ;Each format will have a unique number. For disk to disk copy

```

```

        DB      2                ;Tracks set aside for operating system (eg CPM 2)
        DB      '5", DDDS, 512 byte, 8 sector ZENITH Z-100 format',0
SKEW_ZENITH:
        DB      1H,2H,3H,4H,5H,6H,7H,8H
;
;
; 5", 512 byte, DDDS, 10 sector SUPERBRAIN QD format
SUPER: DB      10                ;sectors per track
        DB      35                ;tracks per side
        DB      01110000B        ;Disk HW_BYTE (DDDS)
        DB      80                ;index header gap
        DB      12                ;GAP 1
        DB      22                ;GAP 2
        DB      16                ;GAP 3
        DB      177               ;GAP 4 (4E's) (354)
        DB      2                ;GAPR (Flag for multiple repeats of GAP4)
        DB      2                ;512 Bytes/sec
        DB      04EH             ;GAP Format fill character
        DB      0E5H             ;Data area fill character (for CPM)
        DW      193AH            ;Size in bytes of 1 formatted track
        DB      0                ;No special post formatting modifications of disk req
        DW      SKEW_SUPER        ;Location of this disks sector skew table
        DB      11H              ;Each format will have a unique number. For disk to disk copy
        DB      2                ;Tracks set aside for operating system (eg CPM 2)
        DB      '5", DDDS, 512 byte, 10 sector SUPERBRAIN QD format',0
SKEW_SUPER:
        DB      1H,2H,3H,4H,5H,6H,7H,8H,9H,0AH
;
;
; 5", IBM PC, MSDOS 1.1, 512 byte, DDDS, 8 sector format
MSDOS: DB      8                ;sectors per track
        DB      40                ;tracks per side
        DB      01110000B        ;Disk HW_BYTE (DDDS)

```

```

DB      80          ;index header gap
DB      12          ;GAP 1
DB      22          ;GAP 2
DB      80          ;GAP 3
DB      193         ;GAP 4 (4E's)
DB      2           ;GAPR (Flag for multiple repeats of GAP4)
DB      2           ;512 Bytes/sec
DB      04EH        ;GAP Format fill character
DB      0E5H        ;Data area fill character
DW      16B2H       ;Size in bytes of 1 formatted track
DB      0H          ;Special formatting modifications of disk req (+++ NOT DONE YET)
DW      SKEW_DOS1   ;Location of this disks sector skew table
DB      12H         ;Each format will have a unique number. For disk to disk copy
DB      2           ;Tracks set aside for operating system (eg CPM 2)
DB      '5", DDDS, 512 byte, 8 sector IBMPC MSDOS 1.1 format',0

SKEW_DOS1:
    DB      1H,2H,3H,4H,5H,6H,7H,8H

;

;

; 5", IBM PC, MSDOS 2.x, 512 byte, DDDS, 9 sector format
MSDOS2:DB      9          ;sectors per track
        DB      40          ;tracks per side
        DB      01110000B   ;Disk HW_BYTE (DDDS)
        DB      80          ;index header gap
        DB      12          ;GAP 1
        DB      22          ;GAP 2
        DB      80          ;GAP 3
        DB      193         ;GAP 4 (4E's)
        DB      2           ;GAPR (Flag for multiple repeats of GAP4)
        DB      2           ;512 Bytes/sec
        DB      04EH        ;GAP Format fill character
        DB      0E5H        ;Data area fill character
        DW      193EH       ;Size in bytes of 1 formatted track

```

```

DB      0H          ;Special formatting modifications of disk req (+++ NOT DONE YET)
DW      SKEW_DOS2   ;Location of this disks sector skew table
DB      13H         ;Each format will have a unique number. For disk to disk copy
DB      2           ;Tracks set aside for operating system (eg CPM 2)
DB      '5", DDSS, 512 byte, 9 sector IBMPC MSDOS 2.x format',0

```

SKEW_DOS2:

```

DB      1H,2H,3H,4H,5H,6H,7H,8H,9H

```

;

;

; 5", TRS-80 MOD-III, 512 byte, DDSS, 10 sector format

```

TRS80: DB      10          ;sectors per track
        DB      40          ;tracks per side
        DB      01100000B   ;Disk HW_BYTE (DDSS)
        DB      80          ;index header gap
        DB      12          ;GAP 1
        DB      22          ;GAP 2
        DB      26          ;GAP 3
        DB      137         ;GAP 4 (4E's)
        DB      2           ;GAPR (Flag for multiple repeats of GAP4)
        DB      2           ;512 Bytes/sec
        DB      04EH        ;GAP Format fill character
        DB      0E5H        ;Data area fill character
        DW      1976H       ;Size in bytes of 1 formatted track
        DB      0H          ;Special formatting modifications of disk req (+++ NOT DONE YET)
        DW      SKEW_TRS    ;Location of this disks sector skew table
        DB      14H         ;Each format will have a unique number. For disk to disk copy
        DB      2           ;Tracks set aside for operating system (eg CPM 2)
        DB      '5", DDSS, 512 byte, 10 sector TRS-80 MOD-III format',0

```

SKEW_TRS:

```

DB      1H,2H,3H,4H,5H,6H,7H,8H,9H,0AH

```

;

;

```

;
;
; THE FOLLOWING RAM LOCATIONS ARE REQ
;
IX_OLD_STORE  DW    0000H
ERRORS_FLAG   DB    0H    ;Will keep track of errors during a routine
CRTDISP       DB    0H
IDSV          DS    6H
CMD_STORE     DB    0H    ;Menu CMD Store (Note: NOT CHIP CMD,CHIP_CMDSV)
ERMASK        DB    0H    ;ERROR MASK
ERSTAT        DB    0H    ;PRESENT ERROR STORE
CHIP_CMDSV    DB    0H    ;COMMAND TO 1791/5 SAVE
SP_SAVE       DW    0000H ;SP SAVE
SEC_RT_COUNT  DB    0H    ;Number of sector reads before setting error flag
SEEK_RT_COUNT DB    0H    ;Number of seek retries
TRK_RT_COUNT  DB    0H    ;Number of track reads before setting error flag
TRACK_SIZE    DW    0000H ;Size in bytes of current formatted track
SEC_COUNT     DB    0H    ;number of sectors to load
DMA_NEXT      DW    0     ;Store for next (TADDR) for multiple sec R/W's
COPY_TRK_COUNT: DB    0H    ;Used for disk to disk track copying
COPY_TRK      DB    0H
DRIVE_STORE   DB    0H    ;For 8' quick formatting
;
F_TRK         DB    0H    ;for building format track image
F_SIDE        DB    0H    ;for building format track image
INDEX_MARK    DW    0000H ;End of Index field +1
S_DATA_MARK   DW    0000H ;Pointer to start of Data area
E_DATA_MARK   DW    0000H ;Pointer to end of Data area+1
E_SEC_MARK    DW    0000H ;End Sector image +1
S_GAP4_MARK   DW    0000H ;start GAP4 area
E_GAP4_MARK   DW    0000H ;End track +1

                DS    100H

```

STACK EQU \$

;END